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#### PART I - THE SCHEDULE

#### SECTION B - SUPPLIES OR SERVICES AND PRICES/COSTS

# B.1 COST REIMBURSEMENT--INDEFINITE DELIVERY/INDEFINITE QUANTITY CONTRACT SCHEDULE OF MAXIMUM HOURS BY LABOR CATEGORY

COST REIMBURSEMENT-INDEFINITE DELIVERY/INDEFINITE QUANTITY CONTRACT SCHEDULE OF MAXIMUM HOURS BY LABOR CATEGORY.

See provision L.14 DEFINITION OF LABOR CLASSIFICATIONS for an estimate to be used by offerors, for evaluation purposes, in preparing their technical and cost proposals. Also see provision L.15 EVALUATION OF OTHER DIRECT COSTS.

The Contractor shall voucher for only the time of the personnel whose services are applied directly to the work called for in individual Task Orders and accepted by the <u>Contracting Officer</u>. The Government shall pay the Contractor for the life of a task order at rates in effect when the delivery order was issued, even if performance under the delivery order crosses into another period. The Contractor shall maintain time and labor distribution records for all employees who work under the contract. These records must document time worked and work performed by each individual on all Task Orders.

## B.2 MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM AMOUNTS (EP 52.216-140) (APR 1984)

During the period specified in the "Ordering" clause, the Government shall place orders totaling a minimum of \$10,000.00 per contract. The amount of all orders shall not exceed the maximum value of each contract minus the minimum of other contracts awarded.

### B.3 ESTIMATED COST AND FIXED FEE (EP 52.216-190) (APR 1984)

- (a) The estimated cost of this contract is \$0.00.
- (b) The fixed fee is \$0.00.
- (c) The total estimated cost and fixed fee is \$0.00.

## B.4 OTHER DIRECT COSTS (EP 52.231-110) (APR 1984)

For the categories listed, direct costs in excess of the following are not allowable as a charge to this contract without the prior written approval of the Contracting Officer:

As a threshold for prior written approval by the Contracting Officer for each period see provision L.15 EVALUATION OF OTHER DIRECT COSTS.

## B.5 LIMITATION OF FUNDS NOTICE (EP 52.232-100) (APR 1984)

(a) Pursuant to the Limitation of Funds clause, incremental funding in the amount of \_\_\_\_\_ is allotted to cover estimated cost. Funds in the amount

of _		are p	rovi	ded to	CO	ver the	cor	res	spondin	ıg ir	ncrement	of	fixed	fee.
The	amount	allotted	for	costs	is	estima	ted 1	to	cover	the	contract	or'	s	
peri	formance	through			_ •									

<sup>(</sup>b) When the contract is fully funded as specified in the Estimated Cost and Fixed Fee Clause (EP 52.216-190), the Limitation of Cost clause shall become applicable.

#### SECTION C - DESCRIPTION/SPECIFICATIONS/WORK STATEMENT

# C.1 NOTICE REGARDING PROHIBITED CONTRACTOR ACTIVITIES ON ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (EPA) CONTRACTS (EP 52.000-000) (NOV 1994)

The Contractor shall not perform any of the following activities on behalf of EPA in connection with this contract:

- 1. The actual preparation of Congressional testimony.
- 2. The interviewing or hiring of individuals for employment at EPA.
- 3. Developing and/or writing of Position Descriptions and Performance Standards.
- 4. The actual determination of Agency policy.
- 5. Participating as a voting member on a Performance Evaluation Board; participating in and/or attending Award Fee meetings.
- 6. Preparing Award Fee Letters, even under typing services contracts.
- 7. The actual preparation of Award Fee Plans.
- 8. The preparation of documents on EPA Letterhead other than routine administrative correspondence.
- 9. Reviewing vouchers and invoices for the purposes of determining whether costs, hours, and work performed are reasonable.
- 10. The preparation of Statements of Work, Work Assignments, Technical Direction Documents, Delivery Orders, or any other work issuance document under a contract that the contractor is performing or may perform. Such a work issuance document, prepared by an EPA prime contractor under an EPA prime contract for its subcontractor, is exempt from this prohibition.
- 11. The actual preparation of responses to audit reports from the Inspector General, General Accounting Office, or other auditing entities.
- 12. Preparing responses to Congressional correspondence.
- 13. The actual preparation of responses to Freedom of Information Act requests, other than routine, non-judgmental correspondence.
- 14. Any contract which authorizes a contractor to represent itself as  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{EPA}}$  to outside parties.
- 15. Conducting administrative hearings.
- 16. Reviewing findings concerning the eligibility of  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{EPA}}$  employees for security clearances.

17. The actual preparation of an office's official budget request.

## C.2 STATEMENT OF WORK--CONTRACT WHERE WORK IS ORDERED BY WORK ASSIGNMENTS OR DELIVERY ORDERS (EP 52.210-110) (APR 1984)

The Contractor shall furnish the necessary personnel, material, equipment, services and facilities (except as otherwise specified), to perform the Statement of Work/Specifications included in Attachment 1.

The Contractor shall perform work under this contract only as directed in task orders issued by the Contracting Officer.

# C.3 INCORPORATION OF CONTRACTOR'S TECHNICAL PROPOSAL (EP 52.210-120) (APR 1984)

The Contractor's technical proposal entitled, "\_\_\_\_\_\_" dated \_\_\_\_\_, is incorporated by reference and made a part of this contract. In the event of any inconsistency between the provisions of this contract and the Contractor's technical proposal, the contract provisions take precedence.

# C.4 COMPLIANCE WITH EPA POLICIES FOR INFORMATION RESOURCES MANAGEMENT (EPAAR 1552.211-79) (OCT 2000)

- (a) <u>Definition</u>. Information Resources Management (IRM) is defined as any planning, budgeting, organizing, directing, training, promoting, controlling, and managing activities associated with the burden, collection, creation, use and dissemination of information. IRM includes both information itself, and the management of information and related resources such as personnel, equipment, funds, and technology. Examples of these services include but are not limited to the following:
- (1) The acquisition, creation, or modification of a computer program or automated data base for delivery to EPA or use by EPA or contractors operating EPA programs.
- (2) The analysis of requirements for, study of the feasibility of, evaluation of alternatives for, or design and development of a computer program or automated data base for use by EPA or contractors operating EPA programs.
- (3) Services that provide EPA personnel access to or use of computer or word processing equipment, software, or related services.
- (4) Services that provide EPA personnel access to or use of: Data communications; electronic messaging services or capabilities; electronic bulletin boards, or other forms of electronic information dissemination; electronic record-keeping; or any other automated information services.
- (b) General. The Contractor shall perform any IRM related work under this contract in accordance with the IRM policies, standards and procedures set forth in this clause and noted below. Upon receipt of a work request (i.e. delivery order or work assignment), the Contractor shall check this listing of directives (see paragraph (d) for electronic access). The applicable

directives for performance of the work request are those in effect on the date of issuance of the work request.

- (1) IRM Policies, Standards and Procedures. The 2100 Series (2100-2199) of the Agency's Directive System contains the majority of the Agency's IRM policies, standards and procedures.
- (2) Groundwater Program IRM Requirement. A contractor performing any work related to collecting Groundwater data; or developing or enhancing data bases containing Groundwater quality data shall comply with <u>EPA Order 7500.1A</u> Minimum Set of Data Elements for Groundwater.
- (3) EPA Computing and Telecommunications Services. <u>The Enterprise</u> <u>Technology Services Division (ETSD) Operational Directives Manual</u> contains procedural information about the operation of the Agency's computing and telecommunications services. Contractors performing work for the Agency's National Computer Center or those who are developing systems which will be operating on the Agency's national platforms must comply with procedures established in the Manual. (This document may be found at: http://www.epa.gov/docs/etsdop/.)
- (c)  $\underline{Printed\ Documents}$ . Documents listed in (b)(1) and (b)(2) may be obtained from:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Office of Administration
Facilities Management and Services Division
Distribution Section
Mail Code: 3204
Ariel Rios Building
1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20460
Phone: (202) 260-5797

(d) <u>Electronic Access</u>. Electronic access. A complete listing, including full text, of documents included in the 2100 Series of the Agency's Directive System is maintained on the EPA Public Access Server on the Internet at http://epa.gov/docs/irmpoli8/.

# C.5 ACQUISITION AND USE OF ENVIRONMENTALLY PREFERABLE PRODUCTS AND SERVICES (EP-S 97-1) (MAY 1999)

- (a) Executive Order 13101 of September 14, 1998, entitled "Greening the Government through Waste Prevention, Recycling, and Federal Acquisition" and Section 6002 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) of 1976, as amended (42 U.S.C. 6962, Pub L. 94-580, 90 Stat. 2822) require Federal agencies to procure designated items with the highest recovered materials content practicable.
- (b) In the performance of this contract, the Contractor shall comply with the requirements of the following issuances:
- (1) Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 247, Comprehensive Guideline for Procurement of Products Containing Recovered Materials (CPG), which designates items that are or can be made with recovered materials, and its companion pieces, the Recovered Materials Advisory Notices (RMANs). The

CPG and RMANs provide recommended procurement practices, including recommended recovered material content levels, for purchasing products designated in the CPG. The Contractor shall comply with these recommendations, and such other CPG revisions and RMANs as the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) may issue with respect to the procurement of products that contain recovered materials. (Copies of the CPG or RMANs, as well as information on manufacturers and vendors of designated items may be obtained by calling EPA's RCRA Hotline at (800) 424-9346, or, in the Washington, D.C., metropolitan area, at (703) 412-9810.)

- (2) In complying with the requirements of paragraph (b), the Contractor shall coordinate its concerns and program guidance with EPA's Recycling Coordinator.
- (c) The Contractor shall prepare and submit reports on the purchase of products containing recovered materials from time to time in accordance with written direction (e.g., in specified format) from the EPA Recycling Coordinator through the Contracting Officer. Reports shall be submitted to the EPA Recycling Coordinator, with a copy to the Contracting Officer, Mail Code 3204, Washington, D.C. 20460.

#### SECTION D - PACKAGING AND MARKING

#### D.1 PACKAGING AND MARKING

### PACKAGING AND MARKING

- (a) Packaging and marking of all deliverables shall be in accordance with the best commercial practice necessary to ensure safe and timely delivery at destination.
- (b) All data and correspondence submitted to the Contracting Officer (CO), the Project Officer (PO) and the Task Order Project Officer (TOPO) shall reference:
  - 1. The contract number;
  - 2. The task order number; and
  - 3. The names of the CO and/or contract specialist (CS), PO and TOPO
- (c) The CO or CS shall receive a copy of all correspondence to either the PO or TOPO.

#### SECTION E - INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE

### E.1 NOTICE Listing Contract Clauses Incorporated by Reference

### NOTICE:

The following solicitation provisions and/or contract clauses pertinent to this section are hereby incorporated by reference:

FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION (48 CFR CHAPTER 1)

NUMBER	DATE	TITLE
52.246-5 52.246-8	APR 1984 APR 1984	INSPECTION OF SERVICESCOST-REIMBURSEMENT
52.240-0	APR 1904	COST-REIMBURSEMENT

### E.2 BASIS FOR ACCEPTANCE

### BASIS FOR ACCEPTANCE

- (a) The basis for acceptance of all work products, reports, services and other deliverables required under this contract shall be that the work is in compliance with the requirements set forth in the SOW, task order, and/or other terms and conditions of the contract. Deliverable items rejected under the resulting work assignments shall be corrected in accordance with the applicable clauses and at no cost to the Government.
- (b) The Government requires a period not-to-exceed fifteen (15) calendar days after receipt of the final deliverable item(s) for inspection and acceptance or rejection of the item unless otherwise specified in the individual task order.

## E.3 INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE (EP 52.246-100) (APR 1984)

- (a) The Contracting Officer or the duly authorized representative will perform inspection and acceptance of materials and services to be provided.
- (b) For the purposes of this clause,  $\underline{\text{the Project Officer}}$  is the authorized representative of the Contracting Officer.
  - (c) Inspection and acceptance will be performed at:

Mr. Paul D. Matthai (Project Officer) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Mail Code: 7409 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20460 (202) 260-3385

#### SECTION F - DELIVERIES OR PERFORMANCE

## F.1 NOTICE Listing Contract Clauses Incorporated by Reference

NOTICE:

The following solicitation provisions and/or contract clauses pertinent to this section are hereby incorporated by reference:

FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION (48 CFR CHAPTER 1)

NUMBER DATE TITLE

52.242-15 AUG 1989 STOP WORK ORDER ALTERNATE I (APR 1984)

# F.2 MONTHLY PROGRESS REPORT--COST TYPE PRICING INDEFINITE DELIVERY/INDEFINITE QUANTITY CONTRACT (EPAAR 1552.210-81) (AUG 1989)

The Contractor shall furnish monthly 3 copies of a technical and 3 copies of a financial progress report. The reports are due by the 21st day of each month following the first complete month of the contract.

## (a) The Technical Progress Report

The Technical Progress Report shall address each active Delivery Order separately, give a general outline of the effort, state the percentage of work completed on each Delivery Order during the reporting period, and relate it to the overall effort. Specific discussions shall include any difficulties encountered and the remedial action taken during the reporting period. It shall include an outline of anticipated activity, the manpower requirements, and as estimate of progress to be made during the subsequent reporting period. Any anticipated changes in personnel and a comparison of the work accomplished to the Statement of Work in the Delivery Order shall also be included.

## (b) The Financial Progress Report

The Financial Progress Report shall show the percentage or status of Work completed, number of hours, labor rate applied, and corresponding total dollar amount expended to date for each employee within all categories employed in the performance of the Delivery Order during the reporting period. Also to be included are the cumulative number of hours and corresponding dollar amounts expended to date on all work, Delivery Order estimates of total hours, and the corresponding dollar amounts required to complete the Delivery Order. For each Delivery Order, provide a graph using a vertical axis for dollars and a horizontal axis for expenditures against the total estimated cost of the Delivery Order.

(c) The Contractor shall furnish \_\_\_\_ copies of the combined monthly technical and financial progress report stating the progress made, including

the percentage of the project completed, and a description of the work accomplished to support the cost. If the work is ordered using work assignments or delivery orders, include the estimated percentage of task completed during the reporting period for each work assignment or delivery order.

- (d) Specific discussions shall include difficulties encountered and remedial action taken during the reporting period, and anticipated activity with a schedule of deliverables for the subsequent reporting period.
- (e) The Contractor shall provide a list of outstanding actions awaiting Contracting Officer authorization, noted with the corresponding work assignment, such as subcontractor/consultant consents, overtime approvals, and work plan approvals.
- (f) The report shall specify financial status at the contract level as follows:
  - (1) For the current reporting period, display the amount claimed.
- (2) For the cumulative period and the cumulative contract life display: the amount obligated, amount originally invoiced, amount paid, amount suspended, amount disallowed, and remaining approved amount. The remaining approved amount is defined as the total obligated amount, less the total amount originally invoiced, plus total amount disallowed.
  - (3) Labor hours.
- (i) A list of employees, their labor categories, and the numbers of hours worked for the reporting period.
- (ii) For the current reporting period, display the expended direct labor hours and costs broken out by EPA contract labor hour category for the prime contractor and each subcontractor and consultant.
- (iii) For the cumulative contract period and the cumulative contract life display: the negotiated, expended and remaining direct labor hours and costs broken out by EPA contract labor hour category for the prime contractor, and each subcontractor and consultant.
- $\,$  (iv) Display the estimated direct labor hours and costs to be expended during the next reporting period.
- (4) Display the current dollar ceilings in the contract, net amount invoiced, and remaining amounts for the following categories: Direct labor hours, total estimated cost, award fee pool (if applicable), subcontracts by individual subcontractor, travel, program management, and Other Direct Costs (ODCs).
- $\,$  (5) Unbilled allowable costs. Display the total costs incurred but unbilled for the current reporting period and cumulative for the contract.
- (6) Average cost of direct labor. Compare the actual average cost per hour to date with the average cost per hour of the approved work plans for the current contract period.
  - (g) The report shall specify financial status at the work assignment or

delivery order level as follows:

- (1) For the current period, display the amount claimed.
- (2) For the cumulative period display: amount shown on workplan, or latest work assignment/delivery order amendment amount (whichever is later); amount currently claimed; amount paid; amount suspended; amount disallowed; and remaining approved amount. The remaining approved amount is defined as: the workplan amount or latest work assignment or delivery order amount (whichever is later), less total amounts originally invoiced, plus total amount disallowed.
  - (3) Labor hours.
- (i) A list of employees, their labor categories, and the number of hours worked for the reporting period.
- (ii) For the current reporting period, display the expended direct labor hours and costs broken out by EPA contract labor hour category for the prime contractor and each subcontractor and consultant.
- (iii) For the current reporting period, cumulative contract period, and the cumulative contract life display: the negotiated, expended and remaining direct labor hours and costs broken out by EPA contract labor hour category for the prime contractor and each subcontractor and consultant.
- (iv) Display the estimated direct labor hours and costs to be expended during the next reporting period.
- (v) Display the estimates of remaining direct labor hours and costs required to complete the work assignment or delivery order.
- (4) Unbilled allowable costs. Display the total costs incurred but unbilled for the current reporting period and cumulative for the work assignment.
- (5) Average cost of direct labor. Display the actual average cost per hour with the cost per hour estimated in the workplan.
- (6) A list of deliverables for each work assignment or delivery order during the reporting period.
- (h) This submission does not change the notification requirements of the "Limitation of Cost" or "Limitation of Funds" clauses requiring separate written notice to the Contracting Officer.
- (i) The reports shall be submitted to the following addresses on or before the  $21^{\rm st}$  of each month following the first complete reporting period of the contract. See EPAAR 1552.232-70, Submission of Invoices, paragraph (e), for details on the timing of submittals. Distribute reports as follows:
- 2 Project Officer
- 1 Contracting Officer

# F.3 USE OF RECOVERED MATERIALS IN PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS (EP 52.210-150) (JUN 1991)

- (a) If the Contractor is required under this contract to deliver any of the paper and paper products listed below, all such items delivered shall meet the minimum content standards for recovered materials, postconsumer recovered materials, or waste paper set forth below in paragraph (b).
- (1) Recovered materials are defined as waste material and by- products that have been recovered or diverted from solid waste, not including those materials and by-products generated from, and commonly reused within, an original manufacturing process.
- (2) Postconsumer recovered materials are defined as waste materials recovered from retail stores, office buildings, homes, and so forth after they passed through their end usage as a consumer item.
- (3) Waste paper is defined as all items from the first two categories above in addition to forest residues, and manufacturing and other wastes.
- (b) Unless otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall use "High Grade Bleached Printing and Writing Papers" as defined in this clause to produce all progress reports, draft reports, final reports, any other products required to be delivered to the Government under this contract.

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	Minimum % Recovered Materials	Postconsumer Recovered Materials	Waste
NEWSPRINT			40
HIGH GRADE BLEACHED PRINTING			F.0
Offset printing			
Mimeo and duplicator paper			
Writing (stationery)			
Office paper (e.g., note pads			
Paper for high speed copiers			50
Envelopes			50
Form bond including computer paper and carbonless	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	50
Book papers			50
Bond papers			5.0
Ledger			
Cover stock			
Cotton Fiber papers			
TISSUE PRODUCTS:			
Toilet tissue		2 0	
Paper towels			
Paper napkins			
Facial tissue			
Doilies			
Industrial wipes		. U	
UNBLEACHED PACKAGING:			
Corrugated boxes		. 35	

Fiber boxes	
RECYCLED PAPERBOARD:	
Recycled paperboard products	80
Pad backing	90

## F.4 ADVISORY AND ASSISTANCE SERVICES (EPAAR 1552.211-78) (APR 1984)

All reports containing recommendations to the Environmental Protection Agency shall include the following information on the cover of each report: (a) name and business address of the contractor; (b) contract number; (c) contract dollar amount; (d) whether the contract was subject to full and open competition or a sole source acquisition (e) name of the EPA Project Officer and the EPA Project Officer's office identification and location; and (f) date of report.

#### F.5 PERIOD OF PERFORMANCE (EP 52.212-140) (APR 1984)

The period of performance of this contract shall be from 10/01/01 through 9/30/02 inclusive of all required reports.

F.6 EFFECTIVE PERIOD OF CONTRACT--TIME AND MATERIALS, LABOR HOUR, OR INDEFINITE DELIVERY/INDEFINITE QUANTITY CONTRACT (EP 52.212-155) (APR 1984)

The effective period of this contract is twelve (12) months, commencing from the date of contract award.

#### SECTION G - CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION DATA

### G.1 PAST PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

### PAST PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

- (a) Past performance information is relevant information, for future task order source selection purposes, regarding a contractor's actions under previously awarded task orders. It includes, for example, the contractor's record of conforming to contract requirements and to standards of good workmanship; the contractor's adherence to contract schedules, including the administrative aspects of performance; the contractor's history of reasonable and cooperative behavior and commitment to customer satisfaction; and generally, the contractor's business-like concern for the interest of the customer.
- (b) The TOPO will complete a Task Order evaluation for each quarter (1 Jan, 1 Apr, 1 Jul and 1 Oct) that the Task Order is ongoing, and at the completion of the Task Order, to evaluate the contractor's performance. Completed evaluations are to be forwarded to the PO for review, who in turn will forward a copy to the CO and to the contractor for comment. The contractor will be given 30 calendar days to submit any comments, rebutting statements, or additional information. Comments, if any, shall be retained as part of the evaluation record. These evaluations may be used to support future Task Order awards, and will therefore be marked "Source Selection Information." The completed evaluation shall not be released to non-Government personnel. The past performance information shall not be retained for longer than three years after completion of the contract.

## G.2 TASK ORDERS ISSUED UNDER MULTIPLE-AWARD CONTRACTS

THE GOVERNMENT CONTEMPLATES MULTIPLE AWARDS OF FIXED-RATE CONTRACTS RESULTING FROM THIS SOLICITATION AND ANTICIPATES AWARDING AS MANY AS THREE (3) CONTRACTS.

## 1. Request for Offers

A. All multiple awardees will be provided a fair opportunity to be considered for each order in excess of \$2,500.00 pursuant to FAR 16.505(b). The cover memorandum for the Statement of Work (SOW) for each task order will identify the mechanism for submitting offers. The Contracting Officer may use information available on hand to ensure that each awardee is provided a fair opportunity to be considered. All multiple awardees must submit a proposal for each competed task order unless they have an organizational conflict of interest, or another compelling reason(s) (if approved by the Contracting

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Officer). Such conflicts or other reason(s) must be documented in the contractor's response to the request for offers.

The following methodology will typically be used by the Government to order work:

## Ordering Methodology Task Order Value \$0 - \$25,000.00 Government review of information contained within offerors' original technical proposals submitted in response to the solicitation (a Cost Proposal shall be requested from the selected offeror). \$25,000.01 - \$100,000.00 Submission of an Executive Summary and Cost Proposal by the offeror for each task order. \$100,000.01 and up Submission of an Executive Summary, Technical Proposal, and Cost Proposal by the offeror for each task order.

Upon completion of the base period of performance, each contractor's past performance on work performed during the base period and subsequent option periods will be factored into the evaluation of offerors' proposals for subsequent task orders.

The preceding methodology notwithstanding, the Government reserves the right with any task order, regardless of dollar value, to require the contractors to submit an executive summary, technical proposal, and cost proposal, or any combination of the three.

Alternatively, or in addition, contractors may be given the opportunity to propose on a given task order by any of the following mechanisms:

- i. The Contracting Officer may telephone contractors to identify resource availability for simple, well-defined tasks which only require the contractor to meet a stated schedule;
- ii. The Contracting Officer may telephone contractors to identify resource availability and maximum costs for well-defined tasks;
- iii. The Contracting Officer may telephone or issue written requests for written, oral, or videotaped technical offers for tasks where a technical approach is needed. The Contracting Officer may request cost information as well; or
- iv. The Contracting Officer may telephone or issue a written request to the contractors requesting submission of written offers for complex task where a technical approach, as well as resource availability and cost or other factors, needs to be considered. The request for offers may limit the number of pages for the offer based on the complexity of the task order.
- B. Each written request for offers will include the following:
  - i. the Statement of Work and the evaluation criteria which will

be used to evaluate the offers, if required;

- ii. the components of offer (technical and/or cost proposals or other elements) to be submitted, if required;
  - iii. format for submission;
  - iv. time frame for submission of the offer;
  - v. basis for selection; and
- $\,$  vi.  $\,$  any other relevant instructions to the contractor, including those regarding discussions.

## 2. Offer Submission

- A. Upon receipt of a request for offers, the contractor shall submit an offer to the Contracting Officer within the time specified in the request. As noted above, the more complex tasks may include technical and cost components. However, some may only require cost submissions. Written offers must be submitted in a standardized format.
- B. Proposals submitted for task orders will be based on the fixed loaded labor rates set forth in the Section B clause FIXED RATES FOR SERVICES.
- C. The contractor will be given a fair opportunity to be considered for each order over \$2,500.00 (unless an exception applies) and will be required to be available to perform each order over \$2,500.00. The contractor must participate in the order selection process for each order, and must be available to perform if selected.
- D. The only acceptable reasons for the contractor's nonparticipation in the task order issuance or selection process are:
  - i. inability to accept or perform the work because of a conflict of interest;
    - ii. capacity problem; or
  - iii. some other compelling factor which the Contracting Officer determines would affect the contractor' ability to perform the work and which justifies its nonparticipation in the order issuance process.
- E. The technical component of an offer must include for each task, as appropriate, for the prime and any subcontractor(s):
  - I. technical approach to perform the order, if required;
  - ii. staffing plan;
  - iii. delivery schedule;
  - iv. references; and/or
  - v. any other requested information.
  - F. The cost component must include a breakdown of costs for each task

and an overall summary for the prime and any subcontractor(s).

G. The contractor shall be reimbursed for offer preparation costs in accordance with its established cost accounting practices. However, these costs shall not be reimbursed as direct costs against the contract.

### 3. Evaluation and Selection Procedures

- A. Offers will be evaluated based on the method of selection described in the request for offers.
- B. The method of selection for issuance of a task order will be tailored to the specific requirements of the order. The method of selection may be any one of the following:
  - i. <u>Issuance of the order to the contractor with the highest</u> <u>composite score</u>. In this case, the technical and cost components are both scored. The request for offers identifies the formula used to arrive at the composite score; e.g., the technical component is worth 70%, the cost component is worth 20%, and past performance is worth 10%.

  - iii. <u>Issuance of the order to the contractor with the lowest evaluated cost, technically acceptable offer</u>. Generally, the technical component of this offer is scored as acceptable or unacceptable rather than given a point score, and order issuance is made to the technically acceptable offer with the lowest evaluated cost.
- C. Issuance of an order may be made based on evaluation of initial offers without discussions, or on evaluation of offers and discussions.
- D. The Contracting Officer's selection decision on each task order request shall not be subject to the protest or dispute provisions of the contract, except for a protest that the task order increases the scope, period of performance, or maximum value of the contract.

## 4. Task Order Issuance

\_\_\_\_\_The Contracting Officer may issue task orders by facsimile or by electronic commerce methods. Within ten (10) working days of issuance of a facsimile or electronically transmitted task order, the Contracting Officer shall issue the task order in writing. The contractor shall stop work if a written task order is not received within fifteen (15) days of receipt of a facsimile or electronically transmitted order.

# G.3 ORDERING--BY DESIGNATED ORDERING OFFICERS (EPAAR 1552.216-72) (APR 1984) DEVIATION

(a) The Government will order any supplies and services to be furnished under this contract by issuing task orders on Optional Form 347, or an agency prescribed form, from the effective date of the contract through the expiration date of the contract. In addition to the Contracting Officer, the following individuals are authorized ordering officers:

NONE	

(b) A Standard Form 30 will be the method of amending tasks orders.

- (c) The Contractor shall acknowledge receipt of each order and shall prepare and forward to the Ordering Officer within ten (10) calendar days the proposed staffing plan for accomplishing the assigned task within the period specified.
- (d) If the Contractor considers the estimated labor hours or specified work completion date to be unreasonable, he/she shall promptly notify the Ordering Officer and Contracting Officer in writing within 10 calendar days, stating why the estimated labor hours or specified completion date is considered unreasonable.
- (e) Each tasks order will have a ceiling price, which the Contractor may not exceed. When the Contractor has reason to believe that the labor payment and support costs for the order, which will accrue in the next thirty (30) days, will bring total cost to over 85 percent of the ceiling price specified in the order, the Contractor shall notify the Ordering Officer.
- (f) Paragraphs (c), (d), and (e) of this clause apply only when services are being ordered.

#### G. 4 SUBCONTRACTING PROGRAM FOR SMALL BUSINESS AND SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS (EP 52.219-105) (APR 1984)

The subcontracting plan submitted by the Contractor and approved by the Contracting Officer for this requirement is incorporated as Attachment

#### G.5 SUBCONTRACTING REPORTS--SMALL BUSINESS AND SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS CONCERNS (EP 52.219-120) (OCT 1991)

The Contractor shall submit Standard Form (SF) 294, Subcontracting Report for Individual Contracts, and/or SF 295, Summary Contract Report, in accordance with the instructions on the forms.

Submit copies of these reports to:

Distribution Addressee

original Contracting Officer

Senior Program Manager 1 copy

U.S. EPA

Office of Small & Disadvantaged Business Utilization (1230C)

Ariel Rios Building

1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.

Washington, D.C. 20460

1 copy

Mr. Jerry Dodson
U.S. EPA
Contracts Management Division, (MD-33)
Research Triangle Park, NC 27711

### G.6 SUBMISSION OF INVOICES (EPAAR 1552.232-70) (JUN 1996)

In order to be considered properly submitted, an invoice or request for contract financing payment must meet the following contract requirements in addition to the requirements of FAR 32.905:

- (a) Unless otherwise specified in the contract, an invoice or request for contract financing payment shall be submitted as an original and five copies. The Contractor shall submit the invoice or request for contract financing payment to the following offices/individuals designated in the contract: the original and two copies to the Accounting Operations Office shown in Block Block 12 on the cover of the contract; two copies to the Project Officer (the Project Officer may direct one of these copies to a separate address); and one copy to the Contracting Officer.
- (b) The Contractor shall prepare its invoice or request for contract financing payment on the prescribed Government forms. Standard Forms Number 1034, Public Voucher for Purchases and Services other than Personal, shall be used by contractors to show the amount claimed for reimbursement. Standard Form 1035, Public Voucher for Purchases and Services other than Personal Continuation Sheet, shall be used to furnish the necessary supporting detail or additional information required by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor may submit self-designed forms which contain the required information.
- (c)(1) The Contractor shall prepare a contract level invoice or request for contract financing payment in accordance with the invoice preparation instructions identified as a separate attachment in Section J of the contract. If contract work is authorized by individual work assignments, the invoice or request for contract financing payment shall also include a summary of the current and cumulative amounts claimed by cost element for each work assignment and for the contract total, as well as any supporting data for each work assignment as identified in the instructions.
- (2) The invoice or request for contract financing payment shall include current and cumulative charges by major cost element such as direct labor, overhead, travel, equipment, and other direct costs. For current costs, each major cost element shall include the appropriate supporting schedule identified in the invoice preparation instructions. Cumulative charges represent the net sum of current charges by cost element for the contract period.
- (3) The charges for subcontracts shall be further detailed in a supporting schedule showing the major cost elements for each subcontract. The degree of detail for any subcontract exceeding \$5,000 is to be the same as that set forth under (c)(2).
- (4) The charges for consultants shall be further detailed in the supporting schedule showing the major cost elements of each consultant. For current costs, each major cost element of the consulting agreement shall also include the supporting schedule identified in the invoice preparation instructions.

- (d) Invoices or requests for contract financing payment must clearly indicate the period of performance for which payment is requested. Separate invoices or requests for contract financing payment are required for charges applicable to the basic contract and each option period.
- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of the clause of this contract at FAR 52.216-7, Allowable Cost and Payment, invoices or requests for contract financing payment shall be submitted once per month unless there has been a demonstrated need and Contracting Officer approval for more frequent billings. When submitted on a monthly basis, the period covered by invoices or requests for contractor financing payments shall be the same as the period for monthly progress reports required under this contract.
- (2) If the Contracting Officer allows submissions more frequently than monthly, one submittal each month shall have the same ending period of performance as the monthly progress report.
- (3) Where cumulative amounts on the monthly progress report differ from the aggregate amounts claimed in the invoice(s) or request(s) for contract financing payments covering the same period, the contractor shall provide a reconciliation of the difference as part of the payment request.

## G.7 INDIRECT COSTS (EPAAR 1552.242-70) (APR 1984) DEVIATION

(a) In accordance with paragraph (d) of the "Allowable Cost and Payment" clause, the final indirect cost rates applicable to this contract shall be established between the Contractor and the appropriate Government representative (EPA, other Government agency, or auditor), as provided by FAR 42.703-1(a). EPA's procedures require a Contracting Officer determination of indirect cost rates for its contracts. In those cases where EPA is the cognizant agency (see FAR 42.705-1), the final rate proposal shall be submitted to the cognizant audit activity and to the following:

Environmental Protection Agency Chief, Cost and Rate Negotiation Service Center Office of Acquisition Management (3802R) Ariel Rios Building 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, D. C. 20460

The Contractor shall also follow the notification and cost impact procedures prescribed in paragraph (b) below.

Where EPA is not the cognizant agency, the final rate proposal shall be submitted to the above-cited address, to the cognizant audit agency, and to the designated Contracting Officer of the cognizant agency. Upon establishment of the final indirect cost rates, the Contractor shall submit an executed Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data (see FAR 15.406-2) applicable to the data furnished in connection with the final rates to the cognizant audit agency. The final rates shall be contained in a written understanding between the Contractor and the appropriate Government representative. Pursuant to the "Allowable Cost and Payment" clause, the allowable indirect costs under this contract shall be obtained by applying the final agreed upon rate(s) to the appropriate bases.

(b) Until final annual indirect cost rates are established for any period,

the Government shall reimburse the Contractor at billing rates established by the appropriate Government representative in accordance with FAR 42.704, by means of a separate indirect cost rate agreement or a contract modification subject to adjustment when the final rates are established. The established billing rates are currently as follows:

Cost Center Period Rate Base

These billing rates may be prospectively or retroactively revised by mutual agreement, at the request of either the Government or the Contractor, to prevent substantial overpayment or underpayment.

- (1) For any retroactive indirect cost rate adjustments (i.e.,indirect costs already billed), including final indirect cost rate adjustments, the Contractor shall provide to the Cost Policy and Rate Negotiation Section, with copies to the current EPA Contracting Officers of active contracts, a cost impact statement showing the effect of the indirect cost rate changes for each contract. This statement shall compare the cost billed to the cost the Contractor proposes to bill.
- (2) For prospective indirect cost rate adjustments only, the Contractor shall notify the current EPA Contracting Officers of the new proposed rates when it proposes rates to the Cost Policy and Rate Negotiation Section.
- (3) For either prospective or retroactive indirect cost rate adjustments, the Contractor shall provide the Cost Policy and Rate Negotiation Section with the names of the current EPA Contracting Officers for the affected contracts.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b) above, ceilings are hereby established on indirect costs reimbursable under this contract. The Government shall not be obligated to pay the Contractor any additional amount on account of indirect costs in excess of the ceiling rates listed below:

Cost Center Period Rate Base

The ceiling rates specified above are applicable from the effective date of the contract through the end of the period of performance including any option periods.

### G.8 CERTIFICATE OF INDIRECT COSTS (EPAAR 1552.242-71) (OCT 1992)

- (a) The contractor shall--
- (1) Certify any proposal to establish or modify billing rates or to establish final indirect cost rates;

- (2) Use the format in paragraph (b) of this clause to certify; and
- (3) Have the certificate signed by an individual of the contractor's organization at a level no lower than a vice president or chief financial officer of the business segment of the contractor that submits the proposal.
- (b) Failure by the contractor to submit a signed certificate, as set forth below, shall result in payment of indirect costs at rates unilaterally established by the Government.

Certificate of Indirect Costs

This is to certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief:

- 1. I have reviewed this indirect cost proposal;
- 2. All costs included in this proposal (identify proposal and date) to establish billing or final indirect cost rates for (identify period covered by rate) are allowable in accordance with the requirements of contracts to which they apply and with the cost principles of the Federal Acquisition Regulation applicable to those contracts;
- 3. This proposal does not include any costs which are unallowable under applicable cost principles of the FAR; and
- 4. All costs included in this proposal are properly allocable to Government contracts on the basis of a beneficial or causal relationship between the expenses incurred and the contracts to which they are allocated in accordance with applicable acquisition regulations.

Providing false information in connection with any certified indirect cost proposal may lead to substantial criminal penalties, civil liabilities or the imposition of administrative sanctions. Relevant statutes include, among others, 18 U.S.C. 286 (Conspiracy to Defraud), 18 U.S.C. 287 (False Claims), 18 U.S.C. 641 (Theft), 18 U.S.C. 1001 (False Statements), 18 U.S.C. 1343 (Wire Fraud), 31 U.S.C. 3729 (Civil False Claims), and 31 U.S.C. 3801 (Program Fraud). Debarment or suspension may be required under FAR Subpart 9.4 for submittal of a false certificate of indirect costs.

FIRM:		
SIGNATU	RE:	
NAME OF	OFFICIAL:	
TITLE:		
DATE OF	EXECUTION:	

G.9 CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION REPRESENTATIVES (EP 52.242-100) (AUG 1984)

Project Officer(s) for this contract:

Project Officer:

TO BE IDENTIFIED AT TIME OF CONTRACT AWARD

Contract Specialist(s) responsible for administering this contract:

Administrative Contracting Officer:

TO BE IDENTIFIED AT TIME OF CONTRACT AWARD

## G.10 SUBCONTRACT CONSENT (EP 52.244-100) (APR 1984)

The Contractor shall submit the information required by the "Subcontracts," clause to the Contracting Officer and assigned Project Officer. The Contracting Officer will provide written notice to the Contractor of his decision.

Consent is given to issue the following subcontracts:

## G.11 GOVERNMENT PROPERTY (EPAAR 1552.245-73) (OCT 2000)

- (a) The contractor shall not fabricate or acquire, on behalf of the Government, either directly or indirectly through a subcontract, any item of property without written approval from the Contracting officer.
- (b) In accordance with paragraph (a) above, the contractor is authorized to acquire and/or fabricate the equipment listed below for use in the performance of this contract. The equipment is subject to the provisions of the "Government Property" clause.
- (c) The Government will provide the following item(s) of Government property to the contractor for use in the performance of this contract. This property shall be used and maintained by the contractor in accordance with the provisions of the "Government Property" clause.

## U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Property Administration Requirements (PAR)

- 1. PURPOSE. This document sets forth the requirements for Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) contractors in the performance of their Government property management responsibilities under contracts with EPA. These requirements supplement those contained in the Government property clause(s) in this contract, and part 45 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR).
- 2. DELEGATION OF CONTRACT PROPERTY ADMINISTRATION. EPA has delegated much of its contract property management oversight to the Defense Contract Management Command (DCMC). Shortly after award of a contract, the EPA contracting officer

<sup>(</sup>d) The "EPA Contract Property Administration Requirements" provided below apply to this contract.

(CO) delegates the functions of property administration and plant clearance (disposal) for the contract to DCMC. Upon acceptance of that delegation, DCMC will provide notification to the contractor, identifying the assigned property administrator (PA) and plant clearance officer (PLCO). If the contract is not delegated to DCMC for administration, any reference to PA and PLCO throughout this document shall be construed to mean CO. The DCMC PA is available to the contractor for assistance in all matters of property administration.

Notwithstanding the delegation, as necessary, the contractor may contact their EPA CO. In the event of disagreement between the contractor and the DCMC PA, the contractor should seek resolution from the CO. Unless otherwise directed in the contract, or this document, all originals of written information or reports, except direct correspondence between the contractor and the DCMC PA, relative to Government property, should be forwarded to the administrative CO assigned to this contract.

### 3. REQUESTS FOR GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.

- a. In accordance with FAR 45.102, the contractor shall furnish all property required for performing Government contracts. If a contractor believes that Government facilities are required for performance of the contract, the contractor shall submit a written request to the CO. At a minimum, the request shall contain the following elements:
  - 1. Contract number for which the facilities are required.
  - 2. An item(s) description, quantity and estimated cost.
- 3. Certification that no like contractor facilities exist which could be utilized.
- 4. A detailed description of the task-related purpose of the facilities.
- ${\tt 5.}$  Explanation of negative impact if facilities are not provided by the Government.
- 6. If applicable, recommend the exception under FAR 45.302-1(a) or any applicable EPA class deviation (available upon request), and provide any other information which would support the furnishing of facilities, including contractor-acquired property (CAP).
- 7. Except when the request is for material, a lease versus purchase analysis shall be furnished with the request to acquire property on behalf of the Government.

The contractor may not proceed with acquisition of facilities on behalf of the Government until receipt of written authorization from the EPA CO.

4. TRANSFER OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY. When the contractor receives Government-furnished property (GFP), the contractor should receive, from the transferor, (either EPA or another contractor) all of the applicable data elements (Attachment 1 of this clause) needed to maintain the required records. If this information is not provided at the time of receipt of the property, the contractor shall request it from the EPA CO. The CO will attempt to obtain the data from the previous property holder, or, if data does not exist, will assist the current property holder in estimating the elements. Prior to

signing an acceptance document for the property, the receiving contractor should perform a complete inventory of the property. Responsibility, as well as accountability, passes with the signed acceptance.

When, at the written direction of the EPA CO, the contractor transfers GFP to another contractor, or another Agency, the contractor shall provide the applicable data elements (Attachment 1 of this clause). Upon return of the property to EPA, the same data must be provided by the contractor to the EPA CO.

#### 5. RECORDS OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.

- a. In accordance with FAR 45.505 and 45.505-1, the contractor shall establish and maintain adequate property records for all Government property, regardless of value, including property provided to and in the possession of a subcontractor. Material (supplies) provided by the Government or acquired by the contractor and billed as a direct charge to the Government is Government property and records must be established as such.
- b. The contractor shall establish and maintain the official Government property record. (If the contract contains the FAR Clause 52.245-1, the Government will maintain the official Government property records.) Such records shall contain the applicable data elements (Attachment 1 of this clause) for all items of Government property regardless of cost.
- c. The Contractor shall identify all Superfund property and designate it as such both on the item and on the official Government property record. If it is not practicable to tag the item, the contractor shall write the ID number on a tag, card or other entity that may be kept with the item or in a file.
- d. Support documentation used for posting entries to the property record shall provide complete, current and auditable data. Entries shall be posted to the record in a timely manner following an action.
- e. For Government vehicles, in addition to the data elements required by EPA, the contractor shall also comply with the General Services Administration (GSA) and Department of Energy (DOE) record and report requirements supplied with all EPA provided motor vehicles. If the above requirements were not provided with the vehicle, the contractor shall notify the EPA CO.
- f. When Government property is disclosed to be in the possession or control of the contractor but not provided under any contract, the contractor shall record and report the property in accordance with FAR 45.502(f) and (h).
- **6. INVENTORIES OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.** The contractor shall conduct a complete physical inventory of EPA property at least once per year, unless otherwise directed by the PA. Reconciliation shall be completed within 30 calendar days of inventory completion. The contractor shall report the results of the inventory, including any discrepancies, to the DCMC PA upon completion of the reconciliation. The contractor's records shall indicate the completion date of the inventory.

See section 9 herein, Contract Closeout, for information on final inventories.

7. REPORTS OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY. In accordance with FAR 45.505-14, EPA requires an annual summary report, for each contract, by contract number, of

Government property in the contractor's possession as of September  $30\ \text{each}$  year.

- a. For each classification listed in FAR 45.505-14 (a), except material, the contractor shall provide the total acquisition cost and total quantity. If there are zero items in a classification, or if there is an ending balance of zero, the classification must be listed with zeros in the quantity and acquisition cost columns.
- b. For material, the contractor shall provide the total acquisition cost only.
- c. Property classified as facilities, special tooling, special test equipment, and agency peculiar must be reported on two separate lines. The first line shall include the total acquisition cost and quantity of all items or systems with a unit acquisition cost of \$25,000 or more. The second line shall include the total acquisition cost and quantity of all items with a unit acquisition cost of less than \$25,000.
- d. For items comprising a system, which is defined as ``a group of interacting items functioning as a complex whole,'' the contractor may maintain the record as a system noting all components of the system under the main component or maintain individual records for each item. However, for the annual report of Government property the components must be reported as a system with one total dollar amount for the system, if that system total is \$25,000 or more.
- e. The reports are to be  ${\bf received}$  at EPA and DCMC no later than October 31 of each year.
  - f. Distribution shall be as follows:

Original to: EPA CO

1 copy: DCMC PA

- g. EPA Contractors are required to comply with GSA's and DOE's special reporting requirements for motor vehicles. A statement of these requirements will be provided by the EPA Facility Management and Services Division (FMSD) concurrent with receipt of each vehicle.
- h. The contractor shall provide detailed reports on an as-needed basis, as may be requested by the CO or the PA.
- **8. DISPOSITION OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.** The disposition process is composed of three distinct phases: identification of excess property, reporting of excess property, and final disposition.
- a. Identification of Excess Property. The disposition process begins with the contractor identifying Government property that is excess to its contract. Effective contractor property control systems provide for disclosing excesses as they occur. Once inactive Government property has been determined to be excess to the contract to which it is accountable, it must be screened against the contractor's other EPA contracts for further use. If the property may be reutilized, the contractor shall notify the CO in writing. Government property will be transferred to other contracts only when the COs on both the

current contract and the receiving contract authorize such a transfer in writing.

- b. Reporting Excess Government Property. Excess Government property shall be reported in accordance with FAR Subpart 45.6. Inventory schedules A-E (SF Forms 1426-1434) provide the format for reporting of excess Government property. Instructions for completing the forms are located at FAR 45.606-5 and samples may be found in FAR 53.301-1426 thru 1434. Inventory schedules shall be forwarded to the DCMC PLCO with a copy to the EPA CO. The cover letter, which accompanies the inventory schedules, must include the EPA CO's name, address and telephone number. Inventory schedules must also contain a notification if the property is Superfund property. If the property is Superfund property, the contractor must also prominently include the following language on the inventory schedule: "Note to PLCO: Reimbursement to the EPA Superfund is required." When requested, by the PLCO or the CO, the contractor will provide the fair market value for those items requested.
  - c. Disposition Instructions.
- 1. If directed in writing by the EPA CO, the contractor will retain all or part of the excess Government property under the current contract for possible future requirements. The contractor shall request, from the PLCO, withdrawal from the inventory schedule of those items to be retained.
- 2. If directed in writing by the EPA CO, the contractor shall transfer the property to another EPA contractor. The contractor will transfer the property by shipping it in accordance with the instructions provided by the CO. The contractor shall request, from the PLCO, withdrawal from the inventory schedule of those items to be transferred. Further, the contractor shall notify the CO when the transfer is complete.
- 3. If directed in writing by the EPA CO, the contractor shall transfer the property to EPA. The contractor shall ship/deliver the property in accordance with the instructions provided by the CO. The contractor will request, from the PLCO, withdrawal from the inventory schedule of those items to be transferred to EPA. Further, the contractor shall notify the CO when the transfer is complete.
- 4. The contractor will ship the property elsewhere if directed, in writing, by the PLCO.
- 5. The PLCO will either conduct the sale or instruct the contractor to conduct a sale of surplus property. The contractor will allow prospective bidders access to property offered for sale.
- 6. Property abandoned by the PLCO on the contractor's site must be disposed of in a manner that does not endanger the health and safety of the public.
- 7. To effect transfer of accountability, the contractor shall provide the recipient of the property with the applicable data elements set forth in Attachment 1 of this clause. The contractor shall also obtain either a signed receipt from the recipient, or proof of shipment. The contractor shall update the official Government property record to indicate the disposition of the item and to close the record.

9. CONTRACT CLOSEOUT. The contractor shall complete a physical inventory of <u>all</u> Government property at contract completion and the results, including any discrepancies, shall be reported to the DCMC PA. In the case of a terminated contract, the contractor shall comply with the inventory requirements set forth in the applicable termination clause. The results of the inventory, as well as a detailed inventory listing, must be forwarded to the CO. For terminated contracts, the contractor will conduct and report the inventory results as directed by the CO.

However, in order to expedite the disposal process, contractors may be required to, or may elect to submit to the CO, an inventory schedule for disposal purposes up to six (6) months prior to contract completion. If such an inventory schedule is prepared, the contractor must indicate the earliest date that each item may be disposed.

The contractor shall update all property records to show disposal action. The contractor shall notify the DCMC PA, in writing, when all work has been completed under the contract and all Government property accountable to the contract has been disposed.

Attachment 1

**REQUIRED DATA ELEMENTS.** Where applicable (all elements are not applicable to material) the contractor is required to maintain, at a minimum, the information related to the following data elements for EPA Government property:

Contractor Identification/Tag Number;
Description;
Manufacturer;
Model;
Serial Number;
Acquisition Date;
Date received;
Acquisition Cost\*;
Acquisition Document Number;
Location;
Contract Number;
Account Number (if supplied);
Superfund (Yes/No);
Inventory Performance Date;
Disposition Date.

\* Acquisition cost shall include the price of the item plus all taxes, transportation and installation charges allocable to that item.

NOTE: For items comprising a system which is defined as, "a group of interacting items functioning as a complex whole," the contractor may maintain the record as a system noting all components of the system under the main component or maintain individual records for each item. However, for the Annual Report of Government Property, the components must be reported as a **system** with one total dollar amount for the system, if that system total is \$25,000 or more.

#### SECTION H - SPECIAL CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS

### H.1 GOVERNMENT - CONTRACTOR RELATIONSHIPS

### GOVERNMENT - CONTRACTOR RELATIONSHIPS

- (a) The Government and the Contractor understand and agree that the services to be provided under this contract by the Contractor to the Government are non-personal services, and the parties recognize and agree that no employer-employee relationships exists or will exist under the contract between the Government and the Contractor's employees. It is therefore in the best interest of the Government to afford the parties a full and complete understanding of their respective obligations.
  - (b) Contractor personnel under this contract shall not:
- 1. Be placed in a position where they are appointed or employed by a Federal Official, or are under the supervision, direction, or evaluation of a Federal Official.
- 2. Be placed in a staff or policy-making position supporting Government personnel under this contract.
- 3. Be placed in a position of command, supervision, administration or control over Government personnel.

### H.2 TASK ORDER CONFLICT OF INTEREST CERTIFICATION

### TASK ORDER CONFLICT OF INTEREST CERTIFICATION

Within 20 days of receipt of the task order or similar tasking document, the Contractor shall provide a conflict of interest certification.

Before submitting the conflict of interest certification, the contractor shall initially search through all of its available records to identify any actual or potential conflicts of interest. During the first three years of this contract, the contractor shall search through all records created since the beginning of the contract plus the records of the contractor prior to the award of the contract until a minimum of three years of records are accumulated. Once three years of records have accumulated, prior to certifying, the Contractor shall search its records, at a minimum, over the past three years immediately prior to the receipt of the task order or similar tasking document. In the COI certification, the Contractor must certify to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief, that all actual or potential organizational conflicts of interest have been reported to the Contracting Officer or that to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief, no actual or potential organizational conflicts of interest exist. In addition, the Contractor must certify that its personnel who perform work under this task order or relating to this task order have been informed of their obligation to report personal and organizational conflicts of interest

to the Contractor. The certification shall also include a statement that the Contractor recognizes its continuing obligation to identify and report any actual or potential conflicts of interest arising during performance of this task order.

#### H.3 CONFERENCES

#### CONFERENCES

The Contracting Officer, or his/her duly authorized representative, may periodically call a conference with the contractor as deemed necessary to discuss any phase of performance under the contract. All discussions, problems encountered, solutions reached, and evaluations made during any conference shall be documented in the next weekly status report for the current reporting period.

#### H.4 EPA-SPONSORED MEETINGS AND WORKSHOPS

#### EPA-SPONSORED MEETINGS AND WORKSHOPS

If this contract requires contractor support for an EPA sponsored meeting, workshop, conference, etc., the following shall apply:

EPA meetings shall be held in Federal facilities whenever available. EPA is required to notify the General Services Administration when the Agency has a short term need for meeting facilities and such facilities are not available within the Agency (FPMR 101-17.104-4). The EPA Work assignmentManager will determine and advise the contractor when Federal facilities are not available.

Except for contractor, expert, consultants, subcontractors, or other personnel necessary for performance of the work called for by this contract, the cost of travel, food, lodging, etc., for other participants or attendees shall not be an allowable cost under this contract. All such required personnel for which costs are being claimed must be approved by the Contracting Officer.

The cost of beverages, food, refreshments, etc., consumed by participants or attendees at the workshops, meetings or conferences, etc., shall not be an allowable charge under this contract (i.e., refreshments versus per diem or subsistence costs).

### H.5 IDENTIFICATION OF CONTRACTOR EMPLOYEES

### IDENTIFICATION OF CONTRACTOR EMPLOYEES

All contractor, subcontractor, and consultant personnel are required to wear prominently displayed identification badges at all times when attending meetings, symposiums, and conferences, etc., with the general public in the performance of work under this contract. The badge shall contain the individual's name, the company and logo. When participating in such meetings (e.g., as a speaker, panel member), those individuals in the contractor employment must supplement physical identification (e.g., badges, place markers) with verbal announcement so that it is clear to the assembled group that they are employees of the Contractor, not Agency staff members. In addition, whenever the contractor is communicating to the public on behalf of the Agency, either in writing, electronically, telephonically, or by any other

means, it should clearly identify itself as a contractor working on behalf of  $\ensuremath{\mathtt{EPA}}$  .

#### H.6 SPECIAL REPORTING REQUIREMENTS: REGULATORY ASSISTANCE

#### SPECIAL REPORTING REQUIREMENTS: REGULATORY ASSISTANCE

As concerns any task order which requires the contractor to provide services that involve or relate to the development of regulations, the contractor shall:

- a) submit reports that contain recommendations and explain and rank policy action alternatives, if any;
- b) describe what procedures were used to arrive at or which support the contractor's recommendations;
  - c) summarize the substance of their deliberations;
  - d) report any dissenting views;
  - e) list sources relied upon; and
- f) otherwise make clear the methods and consideration upon which the contractor's recommendations are based.

The Contracting Officer will specify whether this clause is applicable to the work encompassed by any particular task order.

#### H.7 CONTRACTOR ACCESS TO CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION

#### CONTRACTOR ACCESS TO CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION

The following applies to any and all tasks under which the contractor may or will have access to CBI:

The contractor shall not have access to CBI submitted to EPA under any authority until the contractor obtains from the Project Officer a certification that the EPA has followed all necessary procedures under 40 CFR Part 2, Subpart B (and any other applicable procedures), including providing, where necessary, prior notice to the CBI submitters, of disclosure to the contractor.

#### H.8 CORPORATE CHANGES

#### CORPORATE CHANGES

The Contractor shall provide the Contracting Officer copies of all correspondence relating to corporate status and major corporate revisions, such as buy-outs, sale or dissolutions, and changes in corporate personnel or other policy that effect this contract. Potential buy-out scenarios, actual buy-outs, sales, mergers, and dissolutions shall be disclosed in writing to the Contracting Officer as soon as possible.

### H.9 TASK ORDER QUALITY ASSURANCE PROJECT PLANS

#### TASK ORDER QUALITY ASSURANCE PROJECT PLANS

- (a) For each task order so specified, the contractor shall submit to the Task Order Project Officer 2 copies of a Draft Project Plan for Quality Assurance within 15 calendar days, or other time specified in the task order, and shall submit information copies to the Contracting Officer and Project Officer. The plan shall be prepared in accordance with "Interim Guidelines and Specifications for Preparing Quality Assurance Project Plans, QAMS 0005/80," and QA Form #QAR-C (both to be provided to the contractor by the program office after contract award).
- (b) The Government will review and return the Draft Project Plan, indicating approval or disapproval, and comments, if necessary, within 15 calendar days. In the event the Government delays review and return of the Draft Project Plan beyond the period specified, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Contracting Officer in writing. The contractor shall deliver the Final Project Plan within 15 calendar days after receipt of approval of the draft.
- (c) The contractor shall provide quality assurance for each task order in conformance with the approved project plan.
- (d) To the extent the following elements are not addressed or fully covered by the general Quality Assurance Program Plan incorporated into the contract as an attachment, the task order Project Plan shall describe:
- i) the quality assurance objectives in terms of precision, accuracy, completeness, representativeness, and comparability;
  - ii) references;
  - iii) analytical procedures;
  - iv) validation and reporting;
  - v) internal quality control checks and frequency;
- $% \left( 1\right) =0$  vi) quality assurance performance audits, systems audits, and frequency;
  - vii) QA reports to management;
  - viii) preventive maintenance procedures and schedules;
- ix) specific procedures to be used in routinely assessing data precision and accuracy, representativeness, comparability, and completeness of the specific measurement parameters involved; and
  - x) corrective actions.

The Project Plan shall also include the project organization (staffing) and a description of responsibilities.

### H.10 DISPLAY OF EPA OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL HOTLINE POSTER (EPAAR 1552.203-71) (OCT 2000)

- (a) For EPA contracts valued at \$1,000,000 or more including all contract options, the contractor shall prominently display EPA Office of Inspector General Hotline posters in contractor facilities where the work is performed under the contract.
- (b) Office of Inspector General hotline posters may be obtained from the EPA Office of Inspector General, ATTN: OIG Hotline (2443), 1200 Pennsylvania

Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20460, or by calling (202) 260-5113.

(c) The Contractor need not comply with paragraph (a) of this clause if it has established a mechanism, such as a hotline, by which employees may report suspected instances of improper conduct, and provided instructions that encourage employees to make such reports.

### H.11 PRINTING (EPAAR 1552.208-70) (OCT 2000)

### (a) Definitions.

"Printing" is the process of composition, plate making, presswork, binding and microform; or the end items produced by such processes and equipment. Printing services include newsletter production and periodicals which are prohibited under EPA contracts.

"Composition" applies to the setting of type by hot-metal casting, photo typesetting, or electronic character generating devices for the purpose of producing camera copy, negatives, a plate or image to be used in the production of printing or microform.

"Camera copy" (or "camera-ready copy") is a final document suitable for printing/duplication.

"Desktop Publishing" is a method of composition using computers with the final output or generation of camera copy done by a color inkjet or color laser printer. This is not considered "printing." However, if the output from desktop publishing is being sent to a typesetting device (i.e., Linotronic) with camera copy being produced in either paper or negative format, these services are considered "printing".

"Microform" is any product produced in a miniaturized image format, for mass or general distribution and as a substitute for conventionally printed material. Microform services are classified as printing services and includes microfiche and microfilm. The contractor may make up to two sets of microform files for archival purposes at the end of the contract period of performance.

"Duplication" means the making of copies on photocopy machines employing electrostatic, thermal, or other processes without using an intermediary such as a negative or plate.

"Requirement" means an individual photocopying task. (There may be multiple requirements under a Work Assignment or Delivery Order. Each requirement would be subject to the photocopying limitation of 5,000 copies of one page or 25,000 copies of multiple pages in the aggregate per requirement).

### (b) Prohibition.

The contractor shall not engage in, nor subcontract for, any printing in connection with the performance of work under this contract. Duplication of more than 5,000 copies of one page or more than 25,000 copies of multiple pages in the aggregate per requirement constitutes printing. The intent of the limitation is not to allow the duplication of final documents for use by the Agency. In compliance with EPA Order 2200.4a, EPA Publication Review Procedure, the Office of Communications, Education, and Media Relations is responsible for the review of materials generated under a contract published or issued by the Agency under a contract intended for release to the public.

### (c) Affirmative Requirements.

- (1) Unless otherwise directed by the contracting officer, the contractor shall use double-sided copying to produce any progress report, draft report or final report.
  - (2) Unless otherwise directed by the contracting officer, the contractor

shall use recycled paper for reports delivered to the Agency which meet the minimum content standards for paper and paper products as set forth in EPA's Web site for the Comprehensive Procurement Guidelines at: http://www.epa.gov/cpg/.

#### (d) Permitted Contractor Activities.

- (1) The prohibitions contained in paragraph (b) do not preclude writing, editing, or preparing manuscript copy, or preparing related illustrative material to a final document (camera-ready copy) using desktop publishing.
- (2) The contractor may perform a requirement involving the duplication of less than 5,000 copies of only one page, or less than 25,000 copies of multiple pages in the aggregate, using one color (black), so long as such pages do not exceed the maximum image size of 10\3/4\ by 14\1/4\ inches, or 11 by 17 paper stock. Duplication services below these thresholds are not considered printing. If performance of the contract will require duplication in excess of these limits, contractors must immediately notify the contracting officer in writing. EPA may then seek a waiver from the Joint Committee on Printing, U. S. Congress. The intent of the limitation is to allow `incidental'' duplication (drafts, proofs) under a contract. The intent of the limitation is not to allow the duplication of copies of final documents for use by the Agency or as distributed as instructed by the Agency.
- (3) The contractor may perform a requirement involving the multi-color duplication of no more than 100 pages in the aggregate using color copier technology, so long as such pages do not exceed the maximum image size of  $10\3/4\$  by  $14\1/4\$  inches, or 11 by 17 paper stock. Duplication services below these thresholds are not considered printing. If performance of the contract will require duplication in excess of these limits, contractors must immediately notify the contracting officer in writing. EPA may then seek a waiver from the Joint Committee on Printing, U. S. Congress.
- (4) The contractor may perform the duplication of no more than a total of 100 diskettes or CD-ROM's. Duplication services below these thresholds are not considered printing. If performance of the contract will require duplication in excess of these limits, contractors must immediately notify the contracting officer in writing. EPA may then seek a waiver from the Joint Committee on Printing, U. S. Congress.

### (e) Violations.

The contractor may not engage in, nor subcontract for, any printing in connection with the performance of work under the contract. The cost of any printing services in violation of this clause will be disallowed, or not accepted by the Government.

### (f) Flowdown Provision.

The contractor shall include in each subcontract which may involve a requirement for any printing/duplicating/copying a provision substantially the same as this clause.

### H.12 ORGANIZATIONAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST (EPAAR 1552.209-71) (MAY 1994) ALTERNATE I (MAY 1994)

(a) The Contractor warrants that, to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief, there are no relevant facts or circumstances which could give rise to an organizational conflict of interest, as defined in FAR Subpart 9.5, or

that the Contractor has disclosed all such relevant information.

- (b) Prior to commencement of any work, the Contractor agrees to notify the Contracting Officer immediately that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no actual or potential conflict of interest exists or to identify to the Contracting Officer any actual or potential conflict of interest the firm may have. In emergency situations, however, work may begin but notification shall be made within five (5) working days.
- (c) The Contractor agrees that if an actual or potential organizational conflict of interest is identified during performance, the Contractor will immediately make a full disclosure in writing to the Contracting Officer. This disclosure shall include a description of actions which the Contractor has taken or proposes to take, after consultation with the Contracting Officer, to avoid, mitigate, or neutralize the actual or potential conflict of interest. The Contractor shall continue performance until notified by the Contracting Officer of any contrary action to be taken.
- (d) Remedies The EPA may terminate this contract for convenience, in whole or in part, if it deems such termination necessary to avoid an organizational conflict of interest. If the Contractor was aware of a potential organizational conflict of interest prior to award or discovered an actual or potential conflict after award and did not disclose it or misrepresented relevant information to the Contracting Officer, the Government may terminate the contract for default, debar the Contractor from Government contracting, or pursue such other remedies as may be permitted by law or this contract.
- (e) The Contractor agrees to insert in each subcontract or consultant agreement placed hereunder provisions which shall conform substantially to the language of this clause, including this paragraph, unless otherwise authorized by the Contracting Officer.

# H.13 NOTIFICATION OF CONFLICTS OF INTEREST REGARDING PERSONNEL (EPAAR 1552.209-73) (MAY 1994)

- (a) In addition to the requirements of the contract clause entitled "Organizational Conflicts of Interest," the following provisions with regard to employee personnel performing under this contract shall apply until the earlier of the following two dates: the termination date of the affected employee(s) or the expiration date of the contract.
- (b) The Contractor agrees to notify immediately the EPA Project Officer and the Contracting Officer of (1) any actual or potential personal conflict of interest with regard to any of its employees working on or having access to information regarding this contract, or (2) any such conflicts concerning subcontractor employees or consultants working on or having access to information regarding this contract, when such conflicts have been reported to the Contractor. A personal conflict of interest is defined as a relationship of an employee, subcontractor employee, or consultant with an entity that may impair the objectivity of the employee, subcontractor employee, or consultant in performing the contract work.
- (c) The Contractor agrees to notify each Project Officer and Contracting Officer prior to incurring costs for that employee's work when an employee may have a personal conflict of interest. In the event that the personal conflict of interest does not become known until after performance on the contract begins, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Contracting Officer of the

personal conflict of interest. The Contractor shall continue performance of this contract until notified by the Contracting Officer of the appropriate action to be taken.

(d) The Contractor agrees to insert in any subcontract or consultant agreement placed hereunder, except for subcontracts or consultant agreements for well drilling, fence erecting, plumbing, utility hookups, security guard services, or electrical services, provisions which shall conform substantially to the language of this clause, including this paragraph (d), unless otherwise authorized by the Contracting Officer.

### H.14 NOTIFICATION OF CONFLICTS OF INTEREST REGARDING PERSONNEL (EPAAR 1552.209-73) (MAY 1994) ALTERNATE I (JUL 1994) DEVIATION

- (a) In addition to the requirements of the contract clause entitled "Organizational Conflicts of Interest," the following provisions with regard to employee personnel performing under this contract shall apply until the earlier of the following two dates: the termination date of the affected employee(s) or the expiration date of the contract.
- (b) The Contractor agrees to notify immediately the EPA Project Officer and the Contracting Officer of (1) any actual or potential personal conflict of interest with regard to any of its employees working on or having access to information regarding this contract, or (2) any such conflicts concerning subcontractor employees or consultants working on or having access to information regarding this contract, when such conflicts have been reported to the Contractor. A personal conflict of interest is defined as a relationship of an employee, subcontractor employee, or consultant with an entity that may impair the objectivity of the employee, subcontractor employee, or consultant in performing the contract work.
- (c) The Contractor agrees to notify each Project Officer and Contracting Officer prior to incurring costs for that employee's work when an employee may have a personal conflict of interest. In the event that the personal conflict of interest does not become known until after performance on the contract begins, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Contracting Officer of the personal conflict of interest. The Contractor shall continue performance of this contract until notified by the Contracting Officer of the appropriate action to be taken.
- (d) The Contractor agrees to insert in any subcontract or consultant agreement placed hereunder provisions which shall conform substantially to the language of this clause, including this paragraph (d), unless otherwise authorized by the Contracting Officer.

## H.15 LIMITATION OF FUTURE CONTRACTING (HEADQUARTERS SUPPORT) (EPAAR 1552.209-74) (MAR 1997) ALTERNATE V (MAY 1994)

- (a) The parties to this contract agree that the Contractor will be restricted in its future contracting in the manner described below. Except as specifically provided in this clause, the Contractor shall be free to compete for contracts on an equal basis with other companies.
- (b) If the Contractor, under the terms of this contract, or through the performance of work pursuant to this contract, is required to develop specifications or statements of work and such specifications or statements of

work are incorporated into an EPA solicitation, the Contractor shall be ineligible to perform the work described in that solicitation as a prime Contractor or subcontractor under an ensuing EPA contract.

- (c) The Contractor, during the life of this contract, agrees not to enter into any future contracts with firms in the pollution prevention or related industries, on projects related to any regulatory issue recommendations submitted by the contractor under this contract, unless prior approval is received from the Contracting Officer.
- (d) The Contractor agrees in advance that if any bids/proposals are submitted for any work that would require written approval of the Contracting Officer prior to entering into a contract subject to the restrictions of this clause, then the bids/proposals are submitted at the Contractor's own risk. Therefore, no claim shall be made against the Government to recover bid/proposal costs as a direct cost whether the request for authorization to enter into the contract is denied or approved.
- (e) To the extent that the work under this contract requires access to proprietary or confidential business or financial data of other companies, and as long as such data remains proprietary or confidential, the Contractor shall protect such data from unauthorized use and disclosure.
- (f) The Contractor agrees to insert in each subcontract or consultant agreement placed hereunder, except for subcontracts or consultant agreements for nondiscretionary technical or engineering services, including treatability studies, well drilling, fence erecting, plumbing, utility hookups, security guard services, or electrical services, provisions which shall conform substantially to the language of this clause, including this paragraph (f), unless otherwise authorized by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor may request in writing that the Contracting Officer exempt from this clause a particular subcontract or consultant agreement for nondiscretionary technical or engineering services not specifically listed above, including laboratory analysis. The Contracting Officer will review and evaluate each request on a case-by-case basis before approving or disapproving the request.
- (g) If the Contractor seeks an expedited decision regarding its initial future contracting request, the Contractor may submit its request to both the Contracting Officer and the next administrative level within the Contracting Officer's organization.
- (h) A review process available to the Contractor when an adverse determination is received shall consist of a request for reconsideration to the Contracting Officer or a request for review submitted to the next administrative level within the Contracting Officer's organization. An adverse determination resulting from a request for reconsideration by the Contracting Officer will not preclude the Contractor from requesting a review by the next administrative level. Either a request for review or a request for reconsideration must be submitted to the appropriate level within 30 calendar days after receipt of the initial adverse determination.

### H.16 CONTRACTOR PERFORMANCE EVALUATIONS (EPAAR 1552.209-76) (MAY 1999)

The contracting officer shall complete a Contractor Performance Report (Report) within ninety (90) business days after the end of each 12 months of contract performance (interim Report) or after the last 12 months (or less) of contract performance (final Report) in accordance with EPAAR 1509.170-5. The

contractor shall be evaluated based on the following ratings and performance categories:

Ratings: 0 = unsatisfactory,

1 = poor,

2 = fair,

3 = good,

4 = excellent,

5 = outstanding.

### Performance Categories:

<u>Quality</u>: Compliance with contract requirements; accuracy of reports; effectiveness of personnel; and technical excellence.

### Rating

- 0--Contractor is not in compliance and is jeopardizing achievement of contract objectives
- 1--Major problems have been encountered
- 2--Some problems have been encountered
- 3--Minor inefficiencies/errors have been identified
- 4--Contractor is in compliance with contract requirements and/or delivers quality products/services
- 5--The contractor has demonstrated an outstanding performance level that justifies adding a point to the score. It is expected that this rating will be used in those circumstances when contractor performance clearly exceeds the performance level described as "Excellent."

<u>Cost Control</u>: Record of forecasting and controlling target costs; current, accurate and complete billings; relationship of negotiated costs to actuals; cost efficiencies.

### Rating

- 0--Contractor is unable to manage costs effectively
- 1--Contractor is having major difficulty managing costs effectively
- 2--Contractor is having some problems managing costs effectively
- 3--Contractor is usually effective in managing costs
- 4--Contractor is effective in managing costs and submits current, accurate, and complete billings
- 5--The contractor has demonstrated an outstanding performance level that justifies adding a point to the score. It is expected that this rating will be used in those circumstances when contractor performance clearly exceeds the performance level described as "Excellent."

<u>Timeliness of Performance</u>: Met interim milestones; reliability; responsive to technical direction; completed on time, including wrap-up and contract administration; met delivery schedules; no liquidated damages assessed.

### Rating

0--Contractor delays are jeopardizing performance of contract objectives 1--Contractor is having major difficulty meeting milestones and delivery schedule

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- 2--Contractor is having some problems meeting milestones and delivery schedule
- 3--Contractor is usually effective in meeting milestones and delivery schedule
- 4--Contractor is effective in meeting milestones and delivery schedule
- 5--The contractor has demonstrated an outstanding performance level that justifies adding a point to the score. It is expected that this rating will be used in those circumstances when contractor performance clearly exceeds the performance level described as "Excellent."

<u>Business Relations</u>: Effective management, including subcontracts; reasonable/cooperative behavior; responsive to contract requirements; notification of problems; flexibility; pro-active versus reactive; effective small/small disadvantage business subcontracting program.

### Rating

- 0--Response to inquiries, technical/service/administrative issues is not effective
- 1--Response to inquiries, technical/service/administrative issues is marginally effective
- 2--Response to inquiries, technical/service/administrative issues is somewhat effective
- 3--Response to inquiries, technical/service/administrative issues is usually effective
- 4--Response to inquiries, technical/service/administrative issues is effective
- 5--The contractor has demonstrated an outstanding performance level that justifies adding a point to the score. It is expected that this rating will be used in those circumstances when contractor performance clearly exceeds the performance level described as "Excellent."
- (a) The contracting officer shall initiate the process for completing interim Reports within five (5) business days after the end of each 12 months of contract performance by requesting the project officer to evaluate contractor performance for the interim Report. In addition, the contracting officer shall initiate the process for completing final Reports within five (5) business days after the last 12 months (or less) of contract performance by requesting the project officer to evaluate contractor performance for the final Report. The final Report shall cover the last 12 months (or less) of contract performance. Within thirty (30) business days after the project officer receives a request from the contracting officer to complete an evaluation, the project officer shall:
  - (1) Complete a description of the contract requirements;
- (2) Evaluate contractor performance and assign a rating for quality, cost control, and timeliness of performance categories (including a narrative for each rating);
- (3) Provide any information regarding subcontracts, key personnel, and customer satisfaction;
- (4) Assign a recommended rating for the business relations performance category (including a narrative for the rating); and

- (5) Provide additional information appropriate for the evaluation or future evaluations.
  - (b) The contracting officer shall:
- (1) Ensure the accuracy of the project officer's evaluation by verifying that the information in the contract file corresponds with the designated project officer's ratings;
- (2) Assign a rating for the business relations performance category (including a narrative for the rating);
- (3) Concur with or revise the project officer's ratings after consultation with the project officer;
- (4) Provide any additional information concerning the quality, cost control, and timeliness of performance categories if deemed appropriate for the evaluation or future evaluations (if any), and provide any information regarding subcontracts, key personnel, and customer satisfaction; and
- (5) Forward the Report to the contractor within ten (10) business days after the contracting officer receives the project officer's evaluation.
- (c) The contractor shall be granted thirty (30) business days from the date of the contractor's receipt of the Report to review and provide a response to the contracting officer regarding the contents of the Report. The contractor shall:
  - (1) Review the Report;
- (2) Provide a response (if any) to the contracting officer on company letter head or electronically;
  - (3) Complete contractor representation information; and
- (4) Forward the Report to the contracting officer within the designated thirty (30) business days.
- (d) The contractor's response to the Report may include written comments, rebuttals (disagreements), or additional information. If the contractor does not respond to the Report within the designated thirty (30) business days, the specified ratings in the Report are deemed appropriate for the evaluation period. In this instance, the contracting officer shall complete the Agency review and sign the Report within three (3) business days after expiration of the specified 30 business days.
- (e) If the contractor submits comments, rebuttals (disagreements), or additional information to the contracting officer which contests the ratings, the contracting officer, in consultation with the project officer, shall initially try to resolve the disagreement(s) with the contractor.
- (f) If the disagreement(s) is (are) not resolved between the contractor and the contracting officer, the contracting officer shall provide a written recommendation to one level above the contracting officer for resolution as promptly as possible, but no later than five (5) business days after the contracting officer is made aware that the disagreement(s) has (have) not been resolved with the contractor. The individual who is one level above the

contracting officer shall:

- (1) Review the contracting officer's written recommendation; and
- (2) Provide a written determination to the contracting officer for summary ratings (ultimate conclusion for ratings pertaining to the performance period being evaluated) within five (5) business days after the individual one level above the contracting officer receives the contracting officer's written recommendation.
- (g) If the disagreement is resolved, the contracting officer shall complete the Agency review and sign the Report within three (3) business days after consultation.
- (h) The contracting officer shall complete the Agency review and sign the Report within three (3) business days after the contracting officer receives a written determination for summary ratings from one level above the contracting officer.
- (i) An interim or final Report is considered completed after the contracting officer signs the Report. The contracting officer must provide a copy of completed Reports (interim and final) to the contractor within two (2) business days after completion.

# H.17 OPTION TO EXTEND THE EFFECTIVE PERIOD OF THE CONTRACT-- INDEFINITE DELIVERY/INDEFINITE QUANTITY CONTRACT (EPAAR 1552.217-76) (APR 1984) DEVIATION

- (a) The Government has the option to extend the effective period of this contract for 4 additional period(s). If more than sixty (60) days remain in the contract effective period, the Government, without prior written notification, may exercise this option by issuing a contract modification. To unilaterally exercise this option within the last 60 days of the effective period, the Government must issue written notification of its intent to exercise the option prior to that last 60-day period. This preliminary notification does not commit the Government to exercising the option.
- (b) If the options are exercised, the "Minimum and Maximum Contract Amount" clause will be modified to reflect new and separate maximum amounts:

Period	Minimum Amount	Maximum Amount					
Option Period I	\$10,000.00	To Be Determined					
Option Period II	\$10,000.00	To Be Determined					
Option Period III	\$10,000.00	To Be Determined					
Option Period IV	\$10,000.00	To Be Determined					

(c) The "Effective Period of the Contract" clause will be modified as follows:

Period Start Date End Date

Option Period I	Award Date + 1 Years	Award Date + 2 Years							
Option Period II	Award Date + 2 Years	Award Date + 3 Years							
Option Period III	Award Date + 3 Years	Award Date + 4 Years							
Option Period IV	Award Date + 4 Years	Award Date + 5 Years							

### H.18 MENTOR-PROTEGE PROGRAM (EPAAR 1552.219-70) (OCT 2000)

- (a) The Contractor has been approved to participate in the EPA Mentor-Protege program. The purpose of the Program is to increase the participation of small disadvantaged businesses (SDBs) as subcontractors, suppliers, and ultimately as prime contractors; to establish a mutually beneficial relationship with SDB's and EPA's large business prime contractors (although small businesses may participate as Mentors); to develop the technical and corporate administrative expertise of SDBs which will ultimately lead to greater success in competition for contract opportunities; to promote the economic stability of SDBs; and to aid in the achievement of goals for the use of SDBs in subcontracting activities under EPA contracts.
- (b) The Contractor shall submit an executed Mentor-Protege agreement to the contracting officer, with a copy to the Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization or the Small Business Specialist, within thirty (30) calendar days after the effective date of the contract. The contracting officer will notify the Contractor within thirty (30) calendar days from its submission if the agreement is not accepted.
- (c) The Contractor as a Mentor under the Program agrees to fulfill the terms of its agreement(s) with the Protege firm(s).
- (d) If the Contractor or Protege firm is suspended or debarred while performing under an approved Mentor-Protege agreement, the Contractor shall promptly give notice of the suspension or debarment to the Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization and the contracting officer.
- (e) Costs incurred by the Contractor in fulfilling their agreement(s) with the Protege firm(s) are not reimbursable on a direct basis under this contract.
- (f) In an attachment to Standard Form 294, Subcontracts Report for Individual Contracts, the Contractor shall report on the progress made under their Mentor-Protege agreement(s), providing:
  - (1) The number of agreements in effect; and
- (2) The progress in achieving the developmental assistance objectives under each agreement, including whether the objectives of the agreement have been met, problem areas encountered, and any other appropriate information.

### H.19 UTILIZATION OF RURAL AREA SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS (EP 52.219-110) (APR 1990)

(a) (1) "Rural area small business concern," as used in this clause, means a small business concern that is located and conducts its principal operations in a rural geographic area (county or parish) listed in the Small Business

Administration's Listing of Non-Metropolitan Rural Counties by State.

- (2) "Small business concern," as used in this clause, means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding on government contracts, and qualified as a small business under the criteria and size standard in 13 CFR 121.
- (b) It is the policy of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that rural area small business concerns shall have the maximum practicable opportunity to participate in performing contracts awarded by EPA.
- (c) The contractor shall use its best efforts to give rural area small business concerns the opportunity to participate in the subcontracts it awards to the fullest extent consistent with efficient performance of this contract.
- (d) The contractor shall incorporate the substance of this clause in any subcontract that may provide for additional subcontracting opportunities.

### H.20 UTILIZATION OF HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES (EP 52.219-115) (JUL 1991)

- (a) It is the Policy of the Environmental Protection Agency that historically black colleges and universities shall have the maximum practicable opportunity to participate in performing contracts awarded by the Agency.
- (b) The Contractor shall use its best efforts to give historically black colleges and universities the opportunity to participate in any subcontracts awarded to the fullest extent consistent with efficient performance of this contract.
- (c) The contractor shall incorporate the substance of this clause in any subcontract which may provide for additional subcontracting opportunities.

### H.21 PROJECT EMPLOYEE CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT (EPAAR 1552.227-76) (MAY 1994)

- (a) The Contractor recognizes that Contractor employees in performing this contract may have access to data, either provided by the Government or first generated during contract performance, of a sensitive nature which should not be released to the public without Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) approval. Therefore, the Contractor agrees to obtain confidentiality agreements from all of its employees working on requirements under this contract.
- (b) Such agreements shall contain provisions which stipulate that each employee agrees that the employee will not disclose, either in whole or in part, to any entity external to EPA, the Department of Justice, or the Contractor, any information or data (as defined in FAR Section 27.401) provided by the Government or first generated by the Contractor under this contract, any site-specific cost information, or any enforcement strategy without first obtaining the written permission of the EPA Contracting Officer. If a contractor, through an employee or otherwise, is subpoenaed to testify or produce documents, which could result in such disclosure, the Contractor must provide immediate advance notification to the EPA so that the EPA can

authorize such disclosure or have the opportunity to take action to prevent such disclosure. Such agreements shall be effective for the life of the contract and for a period of five (5) years after completion of the contract.

- (c) The EPA may terminate this contract for convenience, in whole or in part, if it deems such termination necessary to prevent the unauthorized disclosure of information to outside entities. If such a disclosure occurs without the written permission of the EPA Contracting Officer, the Government may terminate the contract, for default or convenience, or pursue other remedies as may be permitted by law or this contract.
- (d) The Contractor further agrees to insert in any subcontract or consultant agreement placed hereunder, except for subcontracts or consultant agreements for well drilling, fence erecting, plumbing, utility hookups, security guard services, or electrical services, provisions which shall conform substantially to the language of this clause, including this paragraph, unless otherwise authorized by the Contracting Officer.

### H.22 INSURANCE LIABILITY TO THIRD PERSONS (EPAAR 1552.228-70) (OCT 2000)

- (a) (1) Except as provided in subparagraph (2) below, the Contractor shall provide and maintain workers' compensation, employer's liability, comprehensive general liability (bodily injury), and comprehensive automobile liability (bodily injury and property damage) insurance, and such other insurance as the Contracting officer may require under this contract.
- (2) The Contractor may, with the approval of the Contracting officer, maintain a self-insurance program; provided that, with respect to workers' compensation, the Contractor is qualified pursuant to statutory authority.
- (3) All insurance required by this paragraph shall be in a form and amount and for those periods as the Contracting officer may require or approve and with insurers approved by the Contracting officer.
- (b) The Contractor agrees to submit for the Contracting officer's approval, to the extent and in the manner required by the Contracting officer, any other insurance that is maintained by the Contractor in connection with the performance of this contract and for which the Contractor seeks reimbursement.
- (c) The Contractor shall be reimbursed for that portion of the reasonable cost of insurance allocable to this contract, and required or approved under this clause, in accordance with its established cost accounting practices.

### H.23 INSURANCE COVERAGE (EP 52.228-100) (JUL 1993)

As provided in paragraph (a)(1) of EPAAR 1552.228-70, "Insurance-- Liability to Third Persons", the Contractor shall maintain the minimum amounts of liability insurance coverage set forth in FAR 28.307-2, unless otherwise required by the Contracting Officer.

### H.24 STATE AND LOCAL TAXES (EPAAR 1552.229-70) (NOV 1989)

In accordance with FAR 29.303 and FAR 31.205-41, the Contractor or any subcontractor under this contract shall not be reimbursed for payment of any State and local taxes for which an exemption is available. The Contractor is responsible for determining the availability of State and local tax exemptions

and obtaining such exemptions, if available. The Contractor shall include this clause, suitably modified to identify the parties, in all subcontracts at any tier. The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer if problems arise in obtaining a State and local tax exemption. The contractor may seek a waiver by the Contracting Officer from this requirement if the administrative burden of seeking an exemption appears to outweigh the potential savings to the Government.

### H.25 SCREENING BUSINESS INFORMATION FOR CLAIMS OF CONFIDENTIALITY (EPAAR 1552.235-70) (APR 1984)

- (a) Whenever collecting information under this contract, the Contractor agrees to comply with the following requirements:
- (1) If the Contractor collects information from public sources, such as books, reports, journals, periodicals, public records, or other sources that are available to the public without restriction, the Contractor shall submit a list of these sources to the appropriate program office at the time the information is initially submitted to EPA. The Contractor shall identify the information according to source.
- (2) If the Contractor collects information from a State or local Government or from a Federal agency, the Contractor shall submit a list of these sources to the appropriate program office at the time the information is initially submitted to EPA. The Contractor shall identify the information according to source.
- (3) If the Contractor collects information directly from a business or from a source that represents a business or businesses, such as a trade association:
- (i) Before asking for the information, the Contractor shall identify itself, explain that it is performing contractual work for the Environmental Protection Agency, identify the information that it is seeking to collect, explain what will be done with the information, and give the following notice:
- (A) You may, if you desire, assert a business confidentiality claim covering part or all of the information. If you do assert a claim, the information will be disclosed by EPA only to the extent, and by means of the procedures, set forth in 40 CFR Part 2, Subpart B.
- (B) If no such claim is made at the time this information is received by the Contractor, it may be made available to the public by the Environmental Protection Agency without further notice to you.
- (C) The Contractor shall, in accordance with FAR Part 9, execute a written agreement regarding the limitations of the use of this information and forward a copy of the agreement to the Contracting Officer.
- (ii) Upon receiving the information, the Contractor shall make a written notation that the notice set out above was given to the source, by whom, in what form, and on what date.
- (iii) At the time the Contractor initially submits the information to the appropriate program office, the Contractor shall submit a list of these sources, identify the information according to source, and indicate whether the source made any confidentiality claim and the nature and extent of the

claim.

- (b) The Contractor shall keep all information collected from nonpublic sources confidential in accordance with the clause in this contract entitled "Treatment of Confidential Business Information" as if it had been furnished to the Contractor by EPA.
- (c) The Contractor agrees to obtain the written consent of the Contracting Officer, after a written determination by the appropriate program office, prior to entering into any subcontract that will require the subcontractor to collect information. The Contractor agrees to include this clause, including this paragraph (c), and the clause entitled "Treatment of Confidential Business Information" in all subcontracts awarded pursuant to this contract that require the subcontractor to collect information.

### H.26 TREATMENT OF CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION (EPAAR 1552.235-71) (APR 1984)

- (a) The Contracting Officer, after a written determination by the appropriate program office, may disclose confidential business information (CBI) to the Contractor necessary to carry out the work required under this contract. The Contractor agrees to use the CBI only under the following conditions:
- (1) The Contractor and Contractor's employees shall: (i) use the CBI only for the purposes of carrying out the work required by the contract; (ii) not disclose the information to anyone other than properly cleared EPA employees without the prior written approval of the Assistant General Counsel for Contracts and Information Law; and (iii) return to the Contracting Officer all copies of the information, and any abstracts or excerpts therefrom, upon request by the Contracting Officer, whenever the information is no longer required by the Contractor for the performance of the work required by the contract, or upon completion of the contract.
- (2) The Contractor shall obtain a written agreement to honor the above limitations from each of the Contractor's employees who will have access to the information before the employee is allowed access.
- (3) The Contractor agrees that these contract conditions concerning the use and disclosure of CBI are included for the benefit of, and shall be enforceable by, both EPA and any affected businesses having a proprietary interest in the information.
- (4) The Contractor shall not use any CBI supplied by EPA or obtained during performance hereunder to compete with any business to which the CBI relates.
- (b) The Contractor agrees to obtain the written consent of the CO, after a written determination by the appropriate program office, prior to entering into any subcontract that will involve the disclosure of CBI by the Contractor to the subcontractor. The Contractor agrees to include this clause, including this paragraph (b), in all subcontracts awarded pursuant to this contract that require the furnishing of CBI to the subcontractor.

### H.27 TREATMENT OF CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION (TSCA) (EPAAR 1552.235-76) (APR 1996)

- (a) The Project Officer (PO) or his/her designee, after a written determination by the appropriate program office, may disclose confidential business information (CBI) to the Contractor necessary to carry out the work required under this contract. The Contractor agrees to use the CBI only under the following conditions:
- (1) The Contractor and Contractor's employees shall (i) use the CBI only for the purposes of carrying out the work required by the contract; (ii) not disclose the information to anyone other than properly cleared EPA employees without the prior written approval of the Assistant General Counsel for Information Law or his/her designee; and (iii) return the CBI to the PO or his/her designee, whenever the information is no longer required by the Contractor for performance of the work required by the contract, or upon completion of this contract.
- (2) The Contractor shall obtain a written agreement to honor the above limitations from each of the Contractor's employees who will have access to the information before the employee is allowed access.
- (3) The Contractor agrees that these contract conditions concerning the use and disclosure of CBI are included for the benefit of, and shall be enforceable by, both EPA and any affected businesses having a proprietary interest in the information.
- (4) The Contractor shall not use any CBI supplied by EPA or obtained during performance hereunder to compete with any business to which the CBI relates.
- (b) The Contractor agrees to obtain the written consent of the CO, after a written determination by the appropriate program office, prior to entering into any subcontract that will involve the disclosure of CBI by the Contractor to the subcontractor. The Contractor agrees to include this clause, including this paragraph (b), in all subcontracts awarded pursuant to this contract that require the furnishing of CBI to the subcontractor.

### H.28 DATA SECURITY FOR FEDERAL INSECTICIDE, FUNGICIDE, AND RODENTICIDE ACT CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION (EPAAR 1552.235-77) (DEC 1997)

The Contractor shall handle Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) confidential business information (CBI) in accordance with the contract clause entitled "Treatment of Confidential Business Information" and "Screening Business Information for Claims of Confidentiality," the provisions set forth below, and the Contractor's approved detailed security plan.

- (a) The Project Officer (PO) or his/her designee, after a written determination by the appropriate program office, may disclose FIFRA CBI to the contractor necessary to carry out the work required under this contract. The Contractor shall protect all FIFRA CBI to which it has access (including CBI used in its computer operations) in accordance with the following requirements:
- (1) The Contractor and Contractor's employees shall follow the security procedures set forth in the FIFRA Information Security Manual. The manual may be obtained from the Project Officer (PO) or the Chief, Information Services Branch (ISB), Program Management and Support Division, Office of Pesticide Programs (OPP) (H7502C), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Ariel Rios

Building, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC 20460.

- (2) The Contractor and Contractor's employees shall follow the security procedures set forth in the Contractor's security plan(s) approved by EPA.
- (3) Prior to receipt of FIFRA CBI by the Contractor, the Contractor shall ensure that all employees who will be cleared for access to FIFRA CBI have been briefed on the handling, control, and security requirements set forth in the FIFRA Information Security Manual.
- (4) The Contractor Document Control Officer (DCO) shall obtain a signed copy of the FIFRA "Contractor Employee Confidentiality Agreement" from each of the Contractor's employees who will have access to the information before the employee is allowed access.
- (b) The Contractor agrees that these requirements concerning protection of FIFRA CBI are included for the benefit of, and shall be enforceable by, both EPA and any affected business having a proprietary interest in the information.
- (c) The Contractor understands that CBI obtained by EPA under FIFRA may not be disclosed except as authorized by the Act, and that any unauthorized disclosure by the Contractor or the Contractor's employees may subject the Contractor and the Contractor's employees to the criminal penalties specified in FIFRA (7 U.S.C. 136h(f)). For purposes of this contract, the only disclosures that EPA authorizes the Contractor to make are those set forth in the clause entitled "Treatment of Confidential Business Information."
- (d) The Contractor agrees to include the provisions of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in all subcontracts awarded pursuant to this contract that require the furnishing of CBI to the subcontractor.
- (e) At the request of EPA or at the end of the contract, the Contractor shall return to the EPA PO or his/her designee all documents, logs, and magnetic media which contain FIFRA CBI. In addition, each Contractor employee who has received FIFRA CBI clearance will sign a "Confidentiality Agreement for Contractor Employees Upon Relinquishing FIFRA CBI Access Authority." The Contractor DCO will also forward those agreements to the EPA PO or his/her designee, with a copy to the CO, at the end of the contract.
- (f) If, subsequent to the date of this contract, the Government changes the security requirements, the CO shall equitably adjust affected provisions of this contract, in accordance with the "Changes" clause when:
- (1) The Contractor submits a timely written request for an equitable adjustment; and
  - (2) The facts warrant an equitable adjustment.

### H.29 DATA SECURITY FOR TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION (EPAAR 1552.235-78) (DEC 1997)

The Contractor shall handle Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) confidential business information (CBI) in accordance with the contract clause entitled "Treatment of Confidential Business Information" and "Screening Business Information for Claims of Confidentiality."

- (a) The Project Officer (PO) or his/her designee, after a written determination by the appropriate program office, may disclose TSCA CBI to the contractor necessary to carry out the work required under this contract. The Contractor shall protect all TSCA CBI to which it has access (including CBI used in its computer operations) in accordance with the following requirements:
- (1) The Contractor and Contractor's employees shall follow the security procedures set forth in the TSCA CBI Security Manual. The manual may be obtained from the Director, Information Management Division (IMD), Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics (OPPT), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Ariel Rios Building, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC 20460. Prior to receipt of TSCA CBI by the Contractor, the Contractor shall ensure that all employees who will be cleared for access to TSCA CBI have been briefed on the handling, control, and security requirements set forth in the TSCA CBI Security Manual.
- (2) The Contractor shall permit access to and inspection of the Contractor's facilities in use under this contract by representatives of EPA's Assistant Administrator for Administration and Resources Management, and the TSCA Security Staff in the OPPT, or by the EPA Project Officer.
- (3) The Contractor Document Control Officer (DCO) shall obtain a signed copy of EPA Form 7740-6, "TSCA CBI Access Request, Agreement, and Approval," from each of the Contractor's employees who will have access to the information before the employee is allowed access. In addition, the Contractor shall obtain from each employee who will be cleared for TSCA CBI access all information required by EPA or the U.S. Office of Personnel Management for EPA to conduct a Minimum Background Investigation.
- (b) The Contractor agrees that these requirements concerning protection of TSCA CBI are included for the benefit of, and shall be enforceable by, both EPA and any affected business having a proprietary interest in the information.
- (c) The Contractor understands that CBI obtained by EPA under TSCA may not be disclosed except as authorized by the Act, and that any unauthorized disclosure by the Contractor or the Contractor's employees may subject the Contractor and the Contractor's employees to the criminal penalties specified in TSCA (15 U.S.C. 2613(d)). For purposes of this contract, the only disclosures that EPA authorizes the Contractor to make are those set forth in the clause entitled "Treatment of Confidential Business Information."
- (d) The Contractor agrees to include the provisions of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in all subcontracts awarded pursuant to this contract that require the furnishing of CBI to the subcontractor.
- (e) At the request of EPA or at the end of the contract, the Contractor shall return to the EPA PO or his/her designee, all documents, logs, and magnetic media which contain TSCA CBI. In addition, each Contractor employee who has received TSCA CBI clearance will sign EPA Form 7740-18, "Confidentiality Agreement for Contractor Employees Upon Relinquishing TSCA CBI Access Authority." The Contractor DCO will also forward those agreements to the EPA OPPT/IMD, with a copy to the CO, at the end of the contract.
- (f) If, subsequent to the date of this contract, the Government changes the security requirements, the CO shall equitably adjust affected provisions of

this contract, in accordance with the "Changes" clause, when:

- (1) The Contractor submits a timely written request for an equitable adjustment; and,
  - (2) The facts warrant an equitable adjustment.

### H.30 RELEASE OF CONTRACTOR CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION (EPAAR 1552.235-79) (APR 1996)

- (a) The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) may find it necessary to release information submitted by the Contractor either in response to this solicitation or pursuant to the provisions of this contract, to individuals not employed by EPA. Business information that is ordinarily entitled to confidential treatment under existing Agency regulations (40 C.F.R. Part 2) may be included in the information released to these individuals. Accordingly, by submission of this proposal or signature on this contract or other contracts, the Contractor hereby consents to a limited release of its confidential business information (CBI).
- (b) Possible circumstances where the Agency may release the Contractor's CBI include, but are not limited to the following:
- (1) To other Agency contractors tasked with assisting the Agency in the recovery of Federal funds expended pursuant to the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 9607, as amended, (CERCLA or Superfund);
- (2) To the U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ) and contractors employed by DOJ for use in advising the Agency and representing the Agency in procedures for the recovery of Superfund expenditures;
- (3) To parties liable, or potentially liable, for costs under CERCLA Sec. 107 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 9607), et al, and their insurers (Potentially Responsible Parties) for purposes of facilitating settlement or litigation of claims against such parties;
- (4) To other Agency contractors who, for purposes of performing the work required under the respective contracts, require access to information the Agency obtained under the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.); the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C.1251 et seq.); the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300f et seq.); the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136 et seq.); the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (42 U.S.C. 6901 et seq.); the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.); or the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.);
- (5) To other Agency contractors tasked with assisting the Agency in handling and processing information and documents in the administration of Agency contracts, such as providing both preaward and post award audit support and specialized technical support to the Agency's technical evaluation panels;
- (6) To employees of grantees working at EPA under the Senior Environmental Employment (SEE) Program;
  - (7) To Speaker of the House, President of the Senate, or Chairman of a

Committee or Subcommittee;

- (8) To entities such as the General Accounting Office, boards of contract appeals, and the Courts in the resolution of solicitation or contract protests and disputes;
- (9) To Agency contractor employees engaged in information systems analysis, development, operation, and maintenance, including performing data processing and management functions for the Agency; and
  - (10) Pursuant to a court order or court-supervised agreement.
- (c) The Agency recognizes an obligation to protect the contractor from competitive harm that may result from the release of such information to a competitor. (See also the clauses in this document entitled "Screening Business Information for Claims of Confidentiality" and "Treatment of Confidential Business Information.") Except where otherwise provided by law, the Agency will permit the release of CBI under subparagraphs (1), (3), (4), (5), (6), or (9) only pursuant to a confidentiality agreement.
- (d) With respect to contractors, 1552.235-71 will be used as the confidentiality agreement. With respect to Potentially Responsible Parties, such confidentiality agreements may permit further disclosure to other entities where necessary to further settlement or litigation of claims under CERCLA. Such entities include, but are not limited to accounting firms and technical experts able to analyze the information, provided that they also agree to be bound by an appropriate confidentiality agreement.
- (e) This clause does not authorize the Agency to release the Contractor's CBI to the public pursuant to a request filed under the Freedom of Information  $\operatorname{Act}$ .
- (f) The Contractor agrees to include this clause, including this paragraph (f), in all subcontracts at all levels awarded pursuant to this contract that require the furnishing of confidential business information by the subcontractor.

### H.31 ACCESS TO CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION (EPAAR 1552.235-80) (OCT 2000) DEVIATION

It is not anticipated that it will be necessary for the contractor to have access to confidential business information (CBI) during the performance of tasks required under this contract. However, the following applies to any and all tasks under which the contractor will or may have access to CBI:

The contractor shall not have access to CBI submitted to EPA under any authority until the contractor obtains from the Project Officer a certification that the EPA has followed all necessary procedures under 40 CFR part 2, subpart B (and any other applicable procedures), including providing, where necessary, prior notice to the submitters of disclosure to the contractor.

### H.32 CONTRACT PUBLICATION REVIEW PROCEDURES (EPAAR 1552.237-70) (APR 1984)

- (a) Material generated under this contract intended for release to the public is subject to the Agency's publication review process in accordance with the EPA Order on this subject and the following.
- (b) Except as indicated in paragraph (c) below, the Contractor shall not independently publish or print material generated under this contract until after completion of the EPA review process. The Project Officer will notify the Contractor of review completion within  $\underline{45}$  calendar days after the Contractor's transmittal to the Project Officer of material generated under this contract. If the Contractor does not receive Project Officer notification within this period, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Contracting Officer in writing.
- (c) The Contractor may publish, in a scientific journal, material resulting directly or indirectly from work performed under this contract, subject to the following:
- (1) The Contractor shall submit to the Contracting Officer and the Project Officer, at least 30 days prior to publication, a copy of any paper, article, or other dissemination of information intended for publication.
- (2) The Contractor shall include the following statement in a journal article which has not been subjected to EPA review: "Although the research described in this article has been funded wholly or in part by the United States Environmental Protection Agency contract (number) to (Name of Contractor), it has not been subject to the Agency's review and therefore does not necessarily reflect the views of the Agency, and no official endorsement should be inferred."
- (3) Following publication of the journal article, the Contractor shall submit five copies of the journal article to the Project Officer, and one copy to the Contracting Officer.
- (d) If the Government has completed the review process and agreed that the contract material may be attributed to EPA, the Contractor shall include the following statement in the document:

This material has been funded wholly or in part by the United States Environmental Protection Agency under contract (number) to (name). It has been subject to the Agency's review, and it has been approved for publication as an EPA document. Mention of trade names or commercial products does not constitute endorsement or recommendation for use.

(e) If the Government has completed the review process, but decides not to publish the material, the Contractor may independently publish and distribute the material for its own use and at its own expense, and shall include the following statement in any independent publication:

Although the information described in this article has been funded wholly or in part by the United States Environmental Protection Agency under contract (number) to (name), it does not necessarily reflect the views of the Agency and no official endorsement should be inferred.

### H.33 TECHNICAL DIRECTION (EPAAR 1552.237-71) (APR 1984) DEVIATION

(a) The Project Officer is the primary representative of the Contracting Officer authorized to provide technical direction on contract performance.

- (b) Individuals other than the Project Officer may be authorized to provide technical direction. If individuals other than the Project Officer are authorized to provide technical direction, their names will be specified in the contract, delivery order, work assignment or technical direction document as appropriate. A Delivery Order Project Officer, Work Assignment Manager or Task Manager is authorized to provide technical direction, subject to the limitations set forth below, only on his/her delivery order, work assignment or technical direction document.
  - (c) Technical direction includes:
- (1) Direction to the contractor which assists the contractor in accomplishing the Statement of Work.
  - (2) Comments on and approval of reports or other deliverables.
- (d) Technical direction must be within the contract and the delivery order, work assignment or technical direction document statement of work. The Project Officer or any other technical representative of the Contracting Officer does not have the authority to issue technical direction which (1) institutes additional work outside the scope of the contract, delivery order, work assignment or technical direction document; (2) constitutes a change as defined in the "Changes" clause; (3) causes an increase or decrease in the estimated cost of the contract, delivery order, work assignment or technical direction document; (4) alters the period of performance; or (5) changes any of the other express terms or conditions of the contract, delivery order, work assignment or technical direction document.
- (e) Technical direction will be issued in writing or confirmed in writing within five (5) calendar days after verbal issuance. One copy of the technical direction memorandum will be forwarded to the Contracting Officer and the Project Officer.

### H.34 KEY PERSONNEL (EPAAR 1552.237-72) (APR 1984)

(a)	The	Contractor	shall	assign	to	this	contract	the	following	key
person	nnel:	:								

- (b) During the first ninety (90) calendar days of performance, the Contractor shall make no substitutions of key personnel unless the substitution is necessitated by illness, death, or termination of employment. The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer within 15 calendar days after the occurrence of any of these events and provide the information required by paragraph (c) below. After the initial ninety (90) calendar day period, the Contractor shall submit the information required by paragraph (c) to the Contracting Officer at least 15 calendar days prior to making any permanent substitutions.
- (c) The Contractor shall provide a detailed explanation of the circumstances necessitating the proposed substitutions, complete resumes for the proposed substitutes, and any additional information requested by the Contracting Officer. Proposed substitutes should have comparable qualifications to those

of the persons being replaced. The Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor within 15 calendar days after receipt of all required information of the decision on substitutions. This clause will be modified to reflect any approved changes of key personnel.

### H.35 PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT (EPAAR 1552.237-75) (APR 1984)

If it is established at award or subsequently becomes a contractual requirement to collect identical information from ten (10) or more public respondents, the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980, 44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq. applies. In that event, the Contractor shall not take any action to solicit information from any of the public respondents until notified in writing by the Contracting Officer that the required Office of Management and Budget (OMB) final clearance was received.

### H.36 FABRICATION OR ACQUISITION OF NONEXPENDABLE PROPERTY (EPAAR 1552.245-72) (APR 1984)

The Contractor shall not fabricate nor acquire under this contract, either directly or indirectly through a subcontract, any item of nonexpendable property without written approval from the Contracting Officer.

### H.37 TASK-ORDER AND DELIVERY-ORDER OMBUDSMAN (EP-S 00-02) (SEP 2000)

The Task-Order and Delivery-Order Ombudsman for this contract is:

 Name:
 Corinne M. Sisneros

 Address:
 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. 3801R

 Washington, D.C. 20460

 Telephone Number:
 (202) 564-4321

 Facsimile Number:
 (202) 565-2473

<sisneros.corinne@epa.gov>

E-Mail Address:

### PART II - CONTRACT CLAUSES

### SECTION I - CONTRACT CLAUSES

### I.1 NOTICE Listing Contract Clauses Incorporated by Reference

### NOTICE:

The following solicitation provisions and/or contract clauses pertinent to this section are hereby incorporated by reference:

FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION (48 CFR CHAPTER 1)

NUMBER	DATE	TITLE
52.202-1	OCT 1995	DEFINITIONS
52.203-3	APR 1984	GRATUITIES
52.203-5	APR 1984	COVENANT AGAINST CONTINGENT FEES
52.203-6	JUL 1995	RESTRICTIONS ON SUBCONTRACTOR SALES TO THE GOVERNMENT
52.203-7	JUL 1995	ANTI-KICKBACK PROCEDURES
52.203-10		PRICE OR FEE ADJUSTMENT FOR ILLEGAL OR IMPROPER ACTIVITY
E2 202 12	TIIN 1007	
52.203-12	JUN 1997	LIMITATION ON PAYMENTS TO INFLUENCE CERTAIN FEDERAL TRANSACTIONS
52.204-4	AUG 2000	PRINTED OR COPIED DOUBLE-SIDED ON RECYCLED
52.204-4	AUG 2000	PAPER
52.209-6	JUL 1995	PROTECTING THE GOVERNMENT'S INTEREST WHEN
52.205 0	001 1999	SUBCONTRACTING WITH CONTRACTORS DEBARRED,
		SUSPENDED, OR PROPOSED FOR DEBARMENT
52.215-2	JUN 1999	AUDIT AND RECORDSNEGOTIATION
52.215-10	OCT 1997	PRICE REDUCTION FOR DEFECTIVE COST OR
52.215 10	001 1337	PRICING DATA
52.215-12	OCT 1997	SUBCONTRACTOR COST OR PRICING DATA
52.215-15	DEC 1998	PENSION ADJUSTMENT AND ASSET REVERSIONS
52.215-17	OCT 1997	WAIVER OF FACILITIES CAPITAL COST OF MONEY
52.216-7	MAR 2000	ALLOWABLE COST AND PAYMENT
52.216-8		FIXED FEE
52.217-8		OPTION TO EXTEND SERVICES
52.219-4	JAN 1999	NOTICE OF PRICE EVALUATION PREFERENCE FOR
		HUBZONE SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS
52.219-8	OCT 2000	UTILIZATION OF SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS
52.219-9	OCT 2000	SMALL BUSINESS SUBCONTRACTING PLAN
52.219-16	JAN 1999	LIQUIDATED DAMAGESSUBCONTRACTING PLAN
52.222-3	AUG 1996	CONVICT LABOR
52.222-26	FEB 1999	EQUAL OPPORTUNITY
52.222-35	APR 1998	AFFIRMATIVE ACTION FOR DISABLED VETERANS AND
		VETERANS OF THE VIETNAM ERA
52.222-36	JUN 1998	AFFIRMATIVE ACTION FOR WORKERS WITH
		DISABILITIES
52.222-37	JAN 1999	EMPLOYMENT REPORTS ON DISABLED VETERANS AND

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		VETERANS OF THE VIETNAM ERA
52.223-6		DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE
52.223-14	OCT 2000	TOXIC CHEMICAL RELEASE REPORTING
52.225-13	JUL 2000	RESTRICTIONS ON CERTAIN FOREIGN PURCHASES
52.227-1	JUL 1995	AUTHORIZATION AND CONSENT
52.227-2	AUG 1996	NOTICE AND ASSISTANCE REGARDING PATENT AND
		COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT
52.227-14	JUN 1987	RIGHTS IN DATAGENERAL
52.227-14	JUN 1987	RIGHTS IN DATAGENERAL ALTERNATE II (JUN
		1987)
52.227-14	JUN 1987	RIGHTS IN DATAGENERAL ALTERNATE III (JUN
		1987)
52.227-16	JUN 1987	ADDITIONAL DATA REQUIREMENTS
52.228-7	MAR 1996	INSURANCELIABILITY TO THIRD PERSONS
52.232-17	JUN 1996	INTEREST
52.232-20	APR 1984	LIMITATION OF COST
52.232-22	APR 1984	LIMITATION OF FUNDS
52.232-23	JAN 1986	ASSIGNMENT OF CLAIMS
52.232-25	JUN 1997	PROMPT PAYMENT
52.232-34	MAY 1999	PAYMENT BY ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFEROTHER
		THAN CENTRAL CONTRACTOR REGISTRATION
52.233-1	DEC 1998	DISPUTES ALTERNATE I (DEC 1991)
52.233-3	AUG 1996	PROTEST AFTER AWARD ALTERNATE I (JUN 1985)
52.237-3	JAN 1991	CONTINUITY OF SERVICES
52.242-1	APR 1984	NOTICE OF INTENT TO DISALLOW COSTS
52.242-3	OCT 1995	PENALTIES FOR UNALLOWABLE COSTS
52.242-4	JAN 1997	CERTIFICATION OF FINAL INDIRECT COSTS
52.242-13	JUL 1995	BANKRUPTCY
52.243-2	AUG 1987	CHANGESCOST REIMBURSEMENT ALTERNATE I (APR
		1984)
52.244-2	AUG 1998	SUBCONTRACTS ALTERNATE II (AUG 1998)
52.246-25	FEB 1997	LIMITATION OF LIABILITYSERVICES
52.249-6	SEP 1996	TERMINATION (COST-REIMBURSEMENT)
52.249-14	APR 1984	EXCUSABLE DELAYS
52.253-1	JAN 1991	COMPUTER GENERATED FORMS

#### CANCELLATION, RESCISSION, AND RECOVERY OF FUNDS FOR ILLEGAL OR IMPROPER I.2 ACTIVITY (FAR 52.203-8) (JAN 1997)

(a) If the Government receives information that a contractor or a person has engaged in conduct constituting a violation of subsection (a),(b),(c), or (d) of Section 27 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C 423) (the Act), as amended by section 4304 of the 1996 National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996 (Pub.L. 104-106), the Government may-(1) Cancel the solicitation, if the contract has not yet been awarded or

issued; or

(2) Rescind the contract with respect to which--

(i) The Contractor or someone acting for the Contractor has been convicted for an offense where the conduct constitutes a violation of subsection 27(a) or (b) of the Act for the purpose of either-

(A) Exchanging the information covered by such subsections for anything of value; or

(B) Obtaining or giving anyone a competitive advantage in the award of a Federal agency procurement contract; or

(ii) The head of the contracting activity has determined, based upon a preponderance of the evidence, that the Contractor or someone acting for the Contractor has engaged in conduct constituting an offense punishable under subsections 27(e)(1) of the Act.

- (b) If the Government rescinds the contract under paragraph (a) of this clause, the government is entitled to recover, in addition to any penalty prescribed by law, the amount expended under the contract.
- (c) The rights and remedies of the Government specified herein are not exclusive, and are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law, regulation, or under this contract.

### I.3 REQUIREMENT FOR CERTIFICATE OF PROCUREMENT INTEGRITY-- MODIFICATION (FAR 52.203-9) (SEP 1995)

- (a) Definitions. The definitions set forth in FAR 3.104-4 are hereby incorporated in this clause.
- (b) The Contractor agrees that it will execute the certification set forth in paragraph (c) of this clause when requested by the Contracting Officer in connection with the execution of any modification of this contract.
- (c) Certification. As required in paragraph (b) of this clause, the officer or employee responsible for the modification proposal shall execute the following certification. The certification in paragraph (b)(2) of this provision is not required for a procurement of commercial items.

### CERTIFICATE OF PROCUREMENT INTEGRITY--MODIFICATION

- (1) I, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_[Name of certifier] am the officer or employee responsible for the preparation of this modification proposal and hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, with the exception of any information described in this certification, I have no information concerning a violation or possible violation of subsection 27(a), (b), (d), or (f) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act, as amended\* (41 U.S.C. 423), (hereinafter referred to as "the Act"), as implemented in the FAR, occurring during the conduct of this procurement (contract and modification number).
- (2) As required by subsection 27(e)(1)(B) of the Act, I further certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief, each officer, employee, agent, representative, and consultant of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_[Name of Offeror] who has participated personally and substantially in the preparation or submission of this proposal has certified that he or she is familiar with, and will comply with, the requirements of subsection 27(a) of the Act, as implemented in the FAR, and will report immediately to me any information concerning a violation or possible violation of subsections 27(a), (b), (d), or (f) of the Act, as implemented in the FAR, pertaining to this procurement.
- (3) Violations or possible violations: (Continue on plain bond paper if necessary and label Certificate of Procurement Integrity--Modification (Continuation Sheet), ENTER NONE IF NONE EXISTS)


Signature of the Officer or Employee Responsible for the Modification Proposal and Date

Typed Name of the Officer or Employee Responsible for the Modification Proposal

\* Subsections 27(a), (b), and (d) are effective on December 1, 1990. Subsection 27(f) is effective on June 1, 1991.

THIS CERTIFICATION CONCERNS A MATTER WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF AN AGENCY OF THE UNITED STATES AND THE MAKING OF A FALSE, FICTITIOUS, OR FRAUDULENT CERTIFICATION MAY RENDER THE MAKER SUBJECT TO PROSECUTION UNDER TITLE 18, UNITED STATES CODE, SECTION 1001.

(End of certification)

- (d) In making the certification in paragraph (2) of the certificate, the officer or employee of the competing Contractor responsible for the offer or bid, may rely upon a one-time certification from each individual required to submit a certification to the competing Contractor, supplemented by periodic training. These certifications shall be obtained at the earliest possible date after an individual required to certify begins employment or association with the contractor. If a contractor decides to rely on a certification executed prior to the suspension of section 27 (i.e., prior to December 1, 1989), the Contractor shall ensure that an individual who has so certified is notified that section 27 has been reinstated. These certifications shall be maintained by the Contractor for a period of 6 years from the date a certifying employee's employment with the company ends or, for an agency, representative, or consultant, 6 years from the date such individual ceases to act on behalf of the contractor.
- (e) The certification required by paragraph (c) of this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance will be placed in executing this modification.

### I.4 PRINTING/COPYING DOUBLE-SIDED ON RECYCLED PAPER (FAR 52.204-4) (JUN 1996) DEVIATION

- (a) In accordance with Executive Order 12873, dated October 20, 1993, as amended by Executive Order 12995, dated March 25, 1996, the Offeror/Contractor is required to submit paper documents, such as offers, letters, or reports, that are printed/copied double-sided on recycled paper that has at least 20% postconsumer material.
- (b) The 20% standard applies to high-speed copier paper, offset paper, forms bond, computer printout paper, carbonless paper, file folders, white woven envelopes, and other uncoated printed and writing paper, such as writing and office paper, book paper, cotton fiber paper, and cover stock. An alternative standard to meeting the 20% postconsumer material standard is 50% recovered material content of certain industrial by-products.

### I.5 NOTIFICATION OF OWNERSHIP CHANGES (FAR 52.215-19) (OCT 1997)

- (a) The Contractor shall make the following notifications in writing:
- (1) When the Contractor becomes aware that a change in its ownership has occurred, or is certain to occur, that could result in changes in the valuation of its capitalized assets in the accounting records, the Contractor shall notify the Administrative Contracting Officer (ACO) within 30 days.
- (2) The Contractor shall also notify the ACO within 30 days whenever changes to asset valuations or any other cost changes have occurred or are certain to occur as a result of a change in ownership.
  - (b) The Contractor shall--
- (1) Maintain current, accurate, and complete inventory records of assets and their costs;
- (2) Provide the ACO or designated representative ready access to the records upon request;
- (3) Ensure that all individual and grouped assets, their capitalized values, accumulated depreciation or amortization, and remaining useful lives are identified accurately before and after each of the Contractor's ownership changes; and
- (4) Retain and continue to maintain depreciation and amortization schedules based on the asset records maintained before each Contractor ownership change.
- (c) The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause in all subcontracts under this contract that meet the applicability requirement of FAR 15.408(k).

### I.6 ORDERING (FAR 52.216-18) (OCT 1995)

- (a) Any supplies and services to be furnished under this contract shall be ordered by issuance of delivery orders or task orders by the individuals or activities designated in the Schedule. Such orders may be issued from date of award through date of award + one (1) year.
- (b) All delivery orders or task orders are subject to the terms and conditions of this contract. In the event of conflict between a delivery order or task order and this contract, the contract shall control.
- (c) If mailed, a delivery order or task order is considered "issued" when the Government deposits the order in the mail. Orders may be issued orally, by facsimile, or by electronic commerce methods only if authorized in the Schedule.

### I.7 ORDER LIMITATIONS (FAR 52.216-19) (OCT 1995)

- (a) Minimum order. When the Government requires supplies or services covered by this contract in an amount of less than \$1,000.00, the Government is not obligated to purchase, nor is the Contractor obligated to furnish, those supplies or services under the contract.
  - (b) Maximum order. The Contractor is not obligated to honor--

- (1) Any order for a single item in excess of contract period maximum to be determined;
- (2) Any order for a combination of items in excess of contract period maximum to be determined;
- (3) A series of orders from the same ordering office within ten (10) days that together call for quantities exceeding the limitation in subparagraph (1) or (2) above.
- (c) If this is a requirements contract (i.e., includes the Requirements clause at subsection 52.216-21 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation ), the Government is not required to order a part of any one requirement from the Contractor if that requirement exceeds the maximum-order limitations in paragraph (b) above.
- (d) Notwithstanding paragraphs (b) and (c) above, the Contractor shall honor any order exceeding the maximum order limitations in paragraph (b), unless that order (or orders) is returned to the ordering office within ten (10)days after issuance, with written notice stating the Contractor's intent not to ship the item (or items) called for and the reasons. Upon receiving this notice, the Government may acquire the supplies or services from another source.

### I.8 INDEFINITE QUANTITY (FAR 52.216-22) (OCT 1995)

- (a) This is an indefinite-quantity contract for the supplies or services specified, and effective for the period stated, in the Schedule. The quantities of supplies and services specified in the Schedule are estimates only and are not purchased by this contract.
- (b) Delivery or performance shall be made only as authorized by orders issued in accordance with the Ordering clause. The Contractor shall furnish to the Government, when and if ordered, the supplies or services specified in the Schedule up to and including the quantity designated in the Schedule as the "maximum." The Government shall order at least the quantity of supplies or services designated in the Schedule as the "minimum."
- (c) Except for any limitations on quantities in the Order Limitations clause or in the Schedule, there is no limit on the number of orders that may be issued. The Government may issue orders requiring delivery to multiple destinations or performance at multiple locations.
- (d) Any order issued during the effective period of this contract and not completed within that period shall be completed by the Contractor within the time specified in the order. The contract shall govern the Contractor's and Government's rights and obligations with respect to that order to the same extent as if the order were completed during the contract's effective period; provided, that the Contractor shall not be required to make any deliveries under this contract after \_\_\_\_\_\_ beyond the expiration date of the contract.

# I. 9 NOTI CE OF PRI CE EVALUATI ON ADJUSTMENT FOR SMALL DI SADVANTAGED BUSI NESS CONCERNS (FAR 52.219-23) (OCT 1999)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

"Small disadvantaged business concern" means an offeror that represents, as part of its offer, that it is a small business under the size standard applicable to this acquisition; and either--

- (1) It has received certification by the Small Business Administration as a small disadvantaged business concern consistent with 13 CFR 124, Subpart B; and
- (i) No material change in disadvantaged ownership and control has occurred since its certification;
- (ii) Where the concern is owned by one or more disadvantaged individuals, the net worth of each individual upon whom the certification is based does not exceed \$750,000 after taking into account the applicable exclusions set forth at 13 CFR 124.104(c)(2); and
- (iii) It is identified, on the date of its representation, as a certified small disadvantaged business concern in the database maintained by the Small Business Administration (PRO-Net).
- (2) It has submitted a completed application to the Small Business Administration or a Private Certifier to be certified as a small disadvantaged business concern in accordance with 13 CFR 124, Subpart B, and a decision on that application is pending, and that no material change in disadvantaged ownership and control has occurred since its application was submitted. In this case, in order to receive the benefit of a price evaluation adjustment, an offeror must receive certification as a small disadvantaged business concern by the Small Business Administration prior to contract award; or
  - (3) Is a joint venture as defined in 13 CFR 124.1002(f).

"Historically black college or university" means an institution determined by the Secretary of Education to meet the requirements of 34 CFR 608.2. For the Department of Defense (DOD), the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), and the Coast Guard, the term also includes any nonprofit research institution that was an integral part of such a college or university before November 14, 1986.

"Minority institution" means an institution of higher education meeting the requirements of Section 1046(3) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U. S. C. 1135d-5(3)) which, for purposes of this clause, includes a Hispanic-serving institution of higher education as defined in Section 316(b)(1) of the Act (20 U. S. C. 1059c(b)(1)).

"United States" means the United States, its territories and

possessions, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the U.S. Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, and the District of Columbia.

- (b) Evaluation adjust ment. (1) The Contracting Officer will evaluate offers by adding a factor of <u>10 percent</u> to the price of all offers, except--
- (i) Offers from small disadvantaged business concerns that have not waived the adjust ment;
- (ii) An otherwise successful offer of eligible products under the Trade Agreements Act when the dollar threshold for application of the Act is equaled or exceeded (see section 25.402 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR));
- (iii) An otherwise successful offer where application of the factor would be inconsistent with a Memorandum of Understanding or other international agreement with a foreign government;
- (iv) For DoD, NASA, and Coast Guard acquisitions, an otherwise successful offer from a historically black college or university or minority institution; and
- (v) For DoD acquisitions, an otherwise successful offer of qualifying country end products (see sections 225.000-70 and 252.225-7001 of the Defense FAR Supplement).
- (2) The Contracting Officer will apply the factor to a line item or a group of line items on which award may be made. The Contracting Officer will apply other evaluation factors described in the solicitation before application of the factor. The factor may not be applied if using the adjustment would cause the contract award to be made at a price that exceeds the fair market price by more than the factor in paragraph (b)(1) of this clause.
- (c) Waiver of evaluation adjustment. A small disadvantaged business concern may elect to waive the adjustment, in which case the factor will be added to its offer for evaluation purposes. The agreements in paragraph (d) of this clause do not apply to offers that waive the adjustment.
  - $\_\_\_$  Offeror elects to waive the adjustment.
- (d) Agreements. (1) A small disadvantaged business concern, that did not waive the adjustment, agrees that in performance of the contract, in the case of a contract for--
- (i) Services, except construction, at least 50 percent of the cost of personnel for contract performance will be spent for employees of the concern;
- (ii) Supplies (other than procurement from a non-manufacturer of such supplies), at least 50 percent of the cost of manufacturing, excluding the

cost of materials, will be performed by the concern;

- (iii) General construction, at least 15 percent of the cost of the contract, excluding the cost of materials, will be performed by employees of the concern; or
- (iv) Construction by special trade contractors, at least 25 percent of the cost of the contract, excluding the cost of materials, will be performed by employees of the concern.
- (2) A small disadvantaged business concern submitting an offer in its own name agrees to furnish in performing this contract only end items manufactured or produced by small disadvantaged business concerns in the United States. This paragraph does not apply in connection with construction or service contracts.

# I. 10 NOTI CE OF PRI CE EVALUATI ON ADJUSTMENT FOR SMALL DI SADVANTAGED BUSI NESS CONCERNS (FAR 52.219-23) (OCT 1998) ALTERNATE I (OCT 1998)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

"Small disadvantaged business concern" means an offeror that represents, as part of its offer, that it is a small business under the size standard applicable to this acquisition; and either--

- (1) It has received certification by the Small Business Administration as a small disadvantaged business concern consistent with 13 CFR 124, Subpart B; and
- (i) No material change in disadvantaged ownership and control has occurred since its certification;
- (ii) Where the concern is owned by one or more disadvantaged individuals, the net worth of each individual upon whom the certification is based does not exceed \$750,000 after taking into account the applicable exclusions set forth at 13 CFR 124.104(c)(2); and
- (iii) It is identified, on the date of its representation, as a certified small disadvantaged business concern in the database maintained by the Small Business Administration (PRO-Net).
- (2) It has submitted a completed application to the Small Business Administration or a Private Certifier to be certified as a small disadvantaged business concern in accordance with 13 CFR 124, Subpart B, and a decision on that application is pending, and that no material change in disadvantaged ownership and control has occurred since its application was submitted. In this case, in order to receive the benefit of a price evaluation adjustment, an offeror must receive certification as a small disadvantaged business concern by the Small Business Administration prior to contract award; or

(3) Is a joint venture as defined in 13 CFR 124.1002(f).

"Historically black college or university" means an institution determined by the Secretary of Education to meet the requirements of 34 CFR 608.2. For the Department of Defense (DOD), the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), and the Coast Guard, the term also includes any nonprofit research institution that was an integral part of such a college or university before November 14, 1986.

"Minority institution" means an institution of higher education meeting the requirements of Section 1046(3) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U. S. C. 1135d-5(3)) which, for purposes of this clause, includes a Hispanic-serving institution of higher education as defined in Section 316(b)(1) of the Act (20 U. S. C. 1059c(b)(1)).

"United States" means the United States, its territories and possessions, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the U.S. Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, and the District of Columbia.

- (b) Evaluation adjust ment. (1) The Contracting Officer will evaluate offers by adding a factor of \_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer insert the percentage] percent to the price of all offers, except--
- (i) Offers from small disadvantaged business concerns that have not waived the adjust ment;
- (ii) An otherwise successful offer of eligible products under the Trade Agreements Act when the dollar threshold for application of the Act is equaled or exceeded (see section 25.402 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR));
- (iii) An otherwise successful offer where application of the factor would be inconsistent with a Memorandum of Understanding or other international agreement with a foreign government;
- (iv) For DoD, NASA, and Coast Guard acquisitions, an otherwise successful offer from a historically black college or university or minority institution: and
- (v) For DoD acquisitions, an otherwise successful offer of qualifying country end products (see sections 225.000-70 and 252.225-7001 of the Defense FAR Supplement).
- (2) The Contracting Officer will apply the factor to a line item or a group of line items on which award may be made. The Contracting Officer will apply other evaluation factors described in the solicitation before application of the factor. The factor may not be applied if using the adjust ment would cause the contract award to be made at a price that exceeds the fair market price by more than the factor in paragraph (b)(1) of this clause.

- (c) Waiver of evaluation adjustment. A small disadvantaged business concern may elect to waive the adjustment, in which case the factor will be added to its offer for evaluation purposes. The agreements in paragraph (d) of this clause do not apply to offers that waive the adjustment.
  - \_\_\_Offeror elects to waive the adjustment.
- (d) Agreements. (1) A small disadvantaged business concern, that did not waive the adjustment, agrees that in performance of the contract, in the case of a contract for--
- (i) Services, except construction, at least 50 percent of the cost of personnel for contract performance will be spent for employees of the concern;
- (ii) Supplies (other than procurement from a non-manufacturer of such supplies), at least 50 percent of the cost of manufacturing, excluding the cost of materials, will be performed by the concern;
- (iii) General construction, at least 15 percent of the cost of the contract, excluding the cost of materials, will be performed by employees of the concern; or
- (iv) Construction by special trade contractors, at least 25 percent of the cost of the contract, excluding the cost of materials, will be performed by employees of the concern.
- (2) A small disadvantaged business concern submitting an offer in its own name agrees to furnish in performing this contract only end items manufactured or produced by small business concerns in the United States. This paragraph does not apply in connection with construction or service contracts.

#### I. 11 COMPETI TI ON IN SUBCONTRACTI NG (FAR 52.244-5) (DEC 1996)

- (a) The Contractor shall select subcontractors (including suppliers) on a competitive basis to the maximum practical extent consistent with the objectives and requirements of the contract.
- (b) If the Contractor is an approved mentor under the Department of Defense Pilot Mentor-Protege Program (Pub. L. 101-510, section 831 as amended), the Contractor may award subcontracts under this contract on a noncompetitive basis to its proteges.

# I.12 SUBCONTRACTS FOR COMMERCIAL I TEMS AND COMMERCIAL COMPONENTS (FAR 52.244-6) (OCT 1998)

(a) Definition.

"Commercial item", as used in this clause, has the meaning contained in the clause at 52.202-1, Definitions.

"Subcontract", as used in this clause, includes a transfer of commercial items between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of the Contractor or subcontractor at any tier.

- (b) To the maximum extent practicable, the Contractor shall incorporate, and require its subcontractors at all tiers to incorporate, commercial items or nondevelopmental items as components of items to be supplied under this contract.
- (c) Not withst anding any other clause of this contract, the Contractor is not required to include any FAR provision or clause, other than those listed below to the extent they are applicable and as may be required to establish the reasonableness of prices under Part 15, in a subcontract at any tier for commercial items or commercial components:
  - (1) 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (E.O. 11246);
- (2) 52.222-35, Affirmative Action for Disabled Veterans and Veterans of the Vietnam Era (38 U.S.C. 4212(a));
- (3) 52.222-36, Affirmative Action for Workers with Disabilities (29 U.S.C. 793); and
- (4) 52.247-64, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flagged Commercial Vessels (46 U.S.C. 1241) (flow down not required for subcontracts awarded beginning May 1, 1996).
- (d) The Contractor shall include the terms of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in subcontracts awarded under this contract.

## I. 13 GOVERNMENT PROPERTY (COST- REIMBURSEMENT, TIME- AND- MATERIAL, OR LABOR- HOUR CONTRACTS) (FAR 52.245-5) (AUG 1996) DEVIATION

- (a) Government-furnished property. (1) The term "Contractor's managerial personnel," as used in paragraph (g) of this clause, means any of the Contractor's directors, officers, managers, superintendents, or equivalent representatives who have supervision or direction of--
  - (i) All or substantially all of the Contractor's business;
- (ii) All or substantially all of the Contractor's operation at any one plant, or separate location at which the contract is being performed; or
- (iii) A separate and complete major industrial operation connected with performing this contract.
- (2) The Government shall deliver to the Contractor, for use in connection with and under the terms of this contract, the Government-furnished property described in the Schedule or specifications, together with such related data

and information as the Contractor may request and as may be reasonably required for the intended use of the property (hereinafter referred to as "Government-furnished property").

- (3) The delivery or performance dates for this contract are based upon the expectation that Government-furnished property suitable for use will be delivered to the Contractor at the times stated in the Schedule or, if not so stated, in sufficient time to enable the Contractor to meet the contract's delivery or performance dates.
- (4) If Government-furnished property is received by the Contractor in a condition not suitable for the intended use, the Contractor shall, upon receipt, notify the Contracting Officer, detailing the facts, and, as directed by the Contracting Officer and at Government expense, either effect repairs or modification or return or otherwise dispose of the property. After completing the directed action and upon written request of the Contractor, the Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment as provided in paragraph (h) of this clause.
- (5) If Government-furnished property is not delivered to the Contractor by the required time or times, the Contracting Officer shall, upon the Contractor's timely written request, make a determination of the delay, if any, caused the Contractor and shall make an equitable adjustment in accordance with paragraph (h) of this clause.
- (b) Changes in Government-furnished property. (1) The Contracting Officer may, by written notice, (i) decrease the Government-furnished property provided or to be provided under this contract or (ii) substitute other Government-furnished property for the property to be provided by the Government or to be acquired by the Contractor for the Government under this contract. The Contractor shall promptly take such action as the Contracting Officer may direct regarding the removal, shipment, or disposal of the property covered by this notice.
- (2) Upon the Contractor's written request, the Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment to the contract in accordance with paragraph (h) of this clause, if the Government has agreed in the Schedule to make such property available for performing this contract and there is any--
- (i) Decrease or substitution in this property pursuant to subparagraph (b)(1) above; or
- $\mbox{(ii)}$  Withdrawal of authority to use property, if provided under any other contract or lease.
- (c) Title. (1) The Government shall retain title to all Government-furnished property.
- (2) Title to all property purchased by the Contractor for which the Contractor is entitled to be reimbursed as a direct item of cost under this

contract shall pass to and vest in the Government upon the vendor's delivery of such property.

- (3) Title to all other property, the cost of which is reimbursable to the Contractor, shall pass to and vest in the Government upon--
  - (i) Issuance of the property for use in contract performance;
- (ii) Commencement of processing of the property for use in contract performance; or
- (iii) Reimbursement of the cost of the property by the Government, whichever occurs first.
- (4) All Government-furnished property and all property acquired by the Contractor, title to which vests in the Government under this paragraph (collectively referred to as "Government property"), are subject to the provisions of this clause. Title to Government property shall not be affected by its incorporation into or attachment to any property not owned by the Government, nor shall Government property become a fixture or lose its identity as personal property by being attached to any real property.
- (d) Use of Government property. The Government property shall be used only for performing this contract, unless otherwise provided in this contract or approved by the Contracting Officer.
- (e) Property administration. (1) The Contractor shall be responsible and accountable for all Government property provided under this contract and shall comply with Federal Acquisition Regulation Subpart 45.5, as in effect on the date of this contract, and which is hereby incorporated into this contract by reference.
- (2) The Contractor shall establish and maintain a program for the use, maintenance, repair, protection, and preservation of Government property in accordance with sound business practice and the applicable provisions of FAR Subpart 45.5.
- (3) If damage occurs to Government property, the risk of which has been assumed by the Government under this contract, the Government shall replace the items or the Contractor shall make such repairs as the Government directs. However, if the Contractor cannot effect such repairs within the time required, the Contractor shall dispose of the property as directed by the Contracting Officer. When any property for which the Government is responsible is replaced or repaired, the Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment in accordance with paragraph (h) of this clause.
- (f) Access. The Government and all its designees shall have access at all reasonable times to the premises in which any Government property is located for the purpose of inspecting the Government property.

- (g) Limited Risk of loss.
- (1) The Contractor shall not be liable for loss or destruction of, or damage to, the Government property provided under this contract or for expenses incidental to such loss, destruction, or damage, except as provided in subparagraphs (2) and (3) below.
- (2) The Contractor shall be responsible for loss or destruction of, or damage to, the Government property provided under this contract (including expenses incidental to such loss, destruction, or damage)--
- (i) That results from a risk expressly required to be insured under this contract, but only to the extent of the insurance required to be purchased and maintained or to the extent of insurance actually purchased and maintained, whichever is greater;
- (ii) That results from a risk that is in fact covered by insurance or for which the Contractor is otherwise reimbursed, but only to the extent of such insurance or reimbursement;
- (iii) For which the Contractor is otherwise responsible under the express terms of this contract;
- (iv) That results from willful misconduct or lack of good faith on the part of the Contractor's managerial personnel; or
- (v) That results from a failure on the part of the Contractor, due to willful misconduct or lack of good faith on the part of the Contractor's managerial personnel, to establish and administer a program or system for the control, use, protection, preservation, maintenance, and repair of Government property as required by paragraph (e) of this clause.
- $(3) (i) \ If the Contractor fails to act as provided by subdivision \\ (g)(2)(v) above, after being notified (by certified mail addressed to one of the Contractor's managerial personnel) of the Government's disapproval, withdrawal of approval, or nonacceptance of the system or program, it shall be conclusively presumed that such failure was due to willful misconduct or lack of good faith on the part of the Contractor's managerial personnel.$
- (ii) In such event, any loss or destruction of, or damage to, the Government property shall be presumed to have resulted from such failure unless the Contractor can establish by clear and convincing evidence that such loss, destruction, or damage--
- (A) Did not result from the Contractor's failure to maintain an approved program or system; or
- $(B) \begin{tabular}{ll} Occurred & while an approved program or system was maintained by the Contractor. \\ \end{tabular}$

- (4) If the Contractor transfers Government property to the possession and control of a subcontractor, the transfer shall not affect the liability of the Contractor for loss or destruction of, or damage to, the property as set forth above. However, the Contractor shall require the subcontractor to assume the risk of, and be responsible for, any loss or destruction of, or damage to, the property while in the subcontractor's possession or control, except to the extent that the subcontract, with the advance approval of the Contracting Officer, relieves the subcontract from such liability. In the absence of such approval, the subcontract shall contain appropriate provisions requiring the return of all Government property in as good condition as when received, except for reasonable wear and tear or for its use in accordance with the provisions of the prime contract.
- (5) The contractor shall notify the contracting officer upon loss or destruction of, or damage to, Government property provided under this contract, with the exception of low value property for which loss, damage, or destruction is reported at contract termination, completion, or when needed for continued contract performance. The Contractor shall take all reasonable action to protect the Government property from further damage, separate the damaged and undamaged Government property, put all the affected Government property in the best possible order, and furnish to the Contracting Officer a statement of--
  - (i) The lost, destroyed, or damaged Government property;
  - (ii) The time and origin of the loss, destruction, or damage;
- (iii) All known interests in commingled property of which the Government property is a part; and
- (iv) The insurance, if any, covering any part of or interest in such commingled property.
- (6) The Contractor shall repair, renovate, and take such other action with respect to damaged Government property as the Contracting Officer directs. If the Government property is destroyed or damaged beyond practical repair, or is damaged and so commingled or combined with property of others (including the Contractor's) that separation is impractical, the Contractor may, with the approval of and subject to any conditions imposed by the Contracting Officer, sell such property for the account of the Government. Such sales may be made in order to minimize the loss to the Government, to permit the resumption of business, or to accomplish a similar purpose. The Contractor shall be entitled to an equitable adjustment in the contract price for the expenditures made in performing the obligations under this subparagraph (g)(6) in accordance with paragraph (h) of this clause. However, the Government may directly reimburse the loss and salvage organization for any of their charges. The Contracting Officer shall give due regard to the Contractor's liability under this paragraph (g) when making any such equitable adjustment.
  - (7) The Contractor shall not be reimbursed for, and shall not include as

an item of overhead, the cost of insurance or of any reserve covering risk of loss or destruction of, or damage to, Government property, except to the extent that the Government may have expressly required the Contractor to carry such insurance under another provision of this contract.

- (8) In the event the Contractor is reimbursed or otherwise compensated for any loss or destruction of, or damage to, Government property, the Contractor shall use the proceeds to repair, renovate, or replace the lost, destroyed, or damaged Government property or shall otherwise credit the proceeds to, or equitably reimburse, the Government, as directed by the Contracting Officer.
- (9) The Contractor shall do nothing to prejudice the Government's rights to recover against third parties for any loss or destruction of, or damage to, Government property. Upon the request of the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall, at the Government's expense, furnish to the Government all reasonable assistance and cooperation (including the prosecution of suit and the execution of instruments of assignment in favor of the Government) in obtaining recovery. In addition, where a subcontractor has not been relieved from liability for any loss or destruction of, or damage to, Government property, the Contractor shall enforce for the benefit of the Government the liability of the subcontractor for such loss, destruction, or damage.
- (h) Equitable adjust ment. When this clause specifies an equitable adjust ment, it shall be made to any affected contract provision in accordance with the procedures of the Changes clause. When appropriate, the Contracting Officer may initiate an equitable adjust ment in favor of the Government. The right to an equitable adjust ment shall be the Contractor's exclusive remedy. The Government shall not be liable to suit for breach of contract for--
  - (1) Any delay in delivery of Government-furnished property;
- (2) Delivery of Government-furnished property in a condition not suitable for its intended use:
  - (3) A decrease in or substitution of Government-furnished property; or
- (4) Failure to repair or replace Government property for which the Government is responsible.
- (i) Final accounting and disposition of Government property. Upon completing this contract, or at such earlier dates as may be fixed by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall submit, in a form acceptable to the Contracting Officer, inventory schedules covering all items of Government property not consumed in performing this contract or delivered to the Government. The Contractor shall prepare for shipment, deliver f.o.b. origin, or dispose of the Government property as may be directed or authorized by the Contracting Officer. The net proceeds of any such disposal shall be credited to the cost of the work covered by this contract or paid to the Government as directed by the Contracting Officer. The foregoing provisions shall apply to scrap from Government property; provided, however, that the Contracting Officer may

authorize or direct the Contractor to omit from such inventory schedules any scrap consisting of faulty castings or forgings or of cutting and processing waste, such as chips, cuttings, borings, turnings, short ends, circles, trimmings, clippings, and remnants, and to dispose of such scrap in accordance with the Contractor's normal practice and account for it as a part of general overhead or other reimbursable costs in accordance with the Contractor's established accounting procedures.

- (j) Abandonment and restoration of Contractor premises. Unless otherwise provided herein, the Government--
- (1) May abandon any Government property in place, at which time all obligations of the Government regarding such abandoned property shall cease; and
- (2) Has no obligation to restore or rehabilitate the Contractor's premises under any circumstances (e.g., abandonment, disposition upon completion of need, or contract completion). However, if the Government-furnished property (listed in the Schedule or specifications) is withdrawn or is unsuitable for the intended use, or if other Government property is substituted, then the equitable adjustment under paragraph (h) of this clause may properly include restoration or rehabilitation costs.
- (k) Communications. All communications under this clause shall be in writing.
- (1) Overseas contracts. If this contract is to be performed outside the United States of America, its territories, or possessions, the words "Government" and "Government-furnished" (wherever they appear in this clause) shall be construed as "United States Government" and "United States Government-furnished," respectively.

## I. 14 SUBMISSION OF COMMERCIAL TRANSPORTATION BILLS TO THE GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION FOR AUDIT (FAR 52.247-67) (JUN 1997)

- (a) 1) In accordance with paragraph (a) (2) of this clause, the Contractor shall submit to the General Services Administration (GSA) for audit, legible copies of all paid freight bills/invoices, commercial bills of lading (CBL's), passenger coupons, and other supporting documents for transportation services on which the United States will assume freight charges that were paid (i) by the Contractor under a cost-reimbursement contract, and (ii) by a first -tier subcontractor under a cost-reimbursement subcontract thereunder.
- (2) Cost-reimbursement Contractors shall only submit for audit those CBL's with freight shipment charges exceeding \$50.00. Bills under \$50.00 shall be retained on-site by the Contractor and made available for GSA on-site audits. This exception only applies to freight shipment bills and is not intended to apply to bills and invoices for any other transportation services.
  - (b) The Contractor shall forward copies of paid freight bills/invoices,

CBL's, passenger coupons, and supporting documents as soon as possible following the end of the month, in one package to the General Services Administration, ATTN: FWA, 1800 F Street, NW, Washington, DC 20405. The Contractor shall include the paid freight bills/invoices, CBL's, passenger coupons, and supporting documents for first tier subcontractors under a costreimbursement contract. If the inclusion of the paid freight bills/invoices, CBL's, passenger coupons, and supporting documents for any subcontractor in the shipment is not practicable, the documents may be forwarded to GSA in a separate package.

- (c) Any original transportation bills or other documents requested by GSA shall be forwarded promptly by the Contractor to GSA. The Contractor shall ensure that the name of the contracting agency is stamped or written on the face of the bill before sending it to GSA.
- (d) A statement prepared in duplicate by the Contractor shall accompany each shipment of transportation documents. GSA will acknowledge receipt of the shipment by signing and returning the copy of the statement. The statement shall show --
  - (1) The name and address of the Contractor;
- (2) The contract number including any alpha-numeric prefix identifying the contracting office;
  - (3) The name and address of the contracting office:
  - (4) The total number of bills submitted with the statement; and
- (5) A listing of the respective amounts paid or, in lieu of such listing, an adding machine tape of the amounts paid showing the Contractor's voucher or check numbers.

### 1.15 CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (FAR 52.252-2) (FEB 1998) DEVIATION

This contract incorporates one or more clauses by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. Also, the full text of a clause may be accessed electronically at this/these address(es):

http://www.arnet.gov/far/

## I.16 AUTHORIZED DEVIATIONS IN CLAUSES (FAR 52.252-6) (APR 1984)

(a) The use in this solicitation or contract of any Federal Acquisition Regulation (48 CFR Chapter 1) clause with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "DEVIATION" after the date of the clause.

(b) The use in this solicitation or contract of any Environmental Protection Agency (48 CFR Chapter 15) clause with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "DEVIATION" after the name of the regulation.

## PART III - LIST OF DOCUMENTS, EXHIBITS, AND OTHER ATTACHMENTS

## SECTI ON J - LI ST OF ATTACHMENTS

PROGRAM

## J. 1 LI ST OF ATTACHMENTS (EP 52.252-100) (APR 1984)

Nu mb e r	Attachment Title
1	MISSION CONTRACT SUPPORT FOR EPA'S POLLUTION PREVENTION

#### PART IV - REPRESENTATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS

#### SECTI ON K - REPRESENTATIONS, CERTI FICATIONS, AND OTHER STATEMENTS OF OFFERORS

## K. 1 CERTI FI CATI ON AND DI SCLOSURE REGARDI NG PAYMENTS TO I NFLUENCE CERTAI N FEDERAL TRANSACTI ONS (FAR 52.203-11) (APR 1991)

- (a) The definitions and prohibitions contained in the clause, at FAR 52.203-12, Limitation on Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions, included in this solicitation, are hereby incorporated by reference in paragraph (b) of this certification.
- (b) The offeror, by signing its offer, hereby certifies to the best of his or her knowledge and belief that on or after December 23, 1989--
- (1) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress on his or her behalf in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- (2) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds (including profit or fee received under a covered Federal transaction) have been paid, or will be paid, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress on his or her behalf in connection with this solicitation, the offeror shall complete and submit OMB standard form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities to the Contracting Officer; and
- (3) He or she will include the language of this certification in all subcontract awards at any tier and require that all recipients of subcontract awards in excess of \$100,000 shall certify and disclose accordingly.
- (c) Submission of this certification and disclosure is a prerequisite for making or entering into this contract imposed by section 1352, title 31, United States Code. Any person who makes an expenditure prohibited under this provision or who fails to file or amend the disclosure form to be filed or amended by this provision, shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000, and not more than \$100,000, for each such failure.

### K. 2 TAXPAYER I DENTI FI CATION (FAR 52.204-3) (OCT 1998)

(a) Definitions.

"Common parent," as used in this provision, means that corporate entity that owns or controls an affiliated group of corporations that files its Federal income tax returns on a consolidated basis, and of which the offeror is a member.

"Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)," as used in this provision, means the number required by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) to be used by the offeror in reporting income tax and other returns. The TIN may be either a Social Security Number or an Employer Identification Number.

- (b) All offerors must submit the information required in paragraphs (d) through (f) of this provision to comply with debt collection requirements of 31 U.S.C. 7701(c) and 3325(d), reporting requirements of 26 U.S.C. 6041, 6041A, and 6050M, and implementing regulations issued by the IRS. If the resulting contract is subject to the payment reporting requirements described in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 4.904, the failure or refusal by the offeror to furnish the information may result in a 31 percent reduction of payments otherwise due under the contract.
- (c) The TIN may be used by the Government to collect and report on any delinquent amounts arising out of the offeror's relationship with the Government (31 U.S.C. 7701(c)(3)). If the resulting contract is subject to the payment reporting requirements described in FAR 4.904, the TIN provided hereunder may be matched with IRS records to verify the accuracy of the offeror's TIN.

(d) Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN).	
[ ] TI N:	
[ ] TIN has been applied for.	
[ ] TIN is not required because:	
[ ] Offeror is a nonresident alien, foreign corporation, or foreign partnership that does not have income effectively connected with the conductor of a trade or business in the United States and does not have an office or place of business or a fiscal paying agent in the United States;	
[ ] Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of a foreign government;	
[] Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government.	
(e) Type of organization.	

[ ]	Sole proprietorship;	
[ ]	Part ner shi p;	
[ ]	Corporate entity (not tax-exempt);	
[ ]	Corporate entity (tax-exempt);	
[ ]	Government entity (Federal, State, or local);	
[ ]	Foreign government;	
[ ]	International organization per 26 CFR 1.6049-4;	
[ ]	Ot her	
(f)	Common parent.	
[ ] Offeror is not owned or controlled by a common parent as defined in paragraph (a) of this provision.		
[ ]	Name and TIN of common parent:	
Na me	; 	
TIN		

# K. 3 WOMEN-OWNED BUSINESS (OTHER THAN SMALL BUSINESS) (FAR 52.204-5) (MAY 1999)

- (a) Definition. "Women-owned business concern," as used in this provision, means a concern that is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women; or in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of its stock is owned by one or more women; and whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.
- (b) Representation. [Complete only if the offeror is a women-owned business concern and has not represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of FAR 52.219-1, Small Business Program Representations, of this solicitation.] The offeror represents that it [] is, [] is not a women-owned business concern.

# K. 4 CERTI FI CATI ON REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, PROPOSED DEBARMENT, AND OTHER RESPONSIBILITY MATTERS (FAR 52.209-5) (APR 2001)

- (a) (1) The Offeror certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that -
  - (i) The Offeror and/or any of its Principals -

- (A) Are [ ] are not [ ] presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, or declared ineligible for the award of contracts by any Federal agency;
- (B) Have [] have not [], within a 3-year period preceding this offer, been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for: commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, state, or local) contract or subcontract; violation of Federal or state antitrust statutes relating to the submission of offers; or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, tax evasion, or receiving stolen property; and
- (C) Are [] are not [] presently indicted for, or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity with, commission of any of the offenses enumerated in subdivision (a)(1)(i)(B) of this provision.
- (D) Have [] have not [], within a three-year period preceding this offer, been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for: commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, state, or local) contract or subcontract; violation of Federal or state antitrust statutes relating to the submission of offers; or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, tax evasion, or receiving stolen property; and
- (E) Are [] are not [] presently indicted for, or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity with, commission of any of the offenses enumerated in subdivision (a)(1)(i)(D) of this provision.
- (ii) The Offeror has [] has not [], within a 3-year period preceding this offer, had one or more contracts terminated for default by any Federal agency.
- (2) "Principals," for the purposes of this certification, means officers; directors; owners; partners; and, persons having primary management or supervisory responsibilities within a business entity (e.g., general manager; plant manager; head of a subsidiary, division, or business segment, and similar positions).

THIS CERTIFICATION CONCERNS A MATTER WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF AN AGENCY OF THE UNITED STATES AND THE MAKING OF A FALSE, FICTITIOUS, OR FRAUDULENT CERTIFICATION MAY RENDER THE MAKER SUBJECT TO PROSECUTION UNDER SECTION 1001, TITLE 18, UNITED STATES CODE.

(b) The Offeror shall provide immediate written notice to the Contracting Officer if, at any time prior to contract award, the Offeror learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

- (c) A certification that any of the items in paragraph (a) of this provision exists will not necessarily result in withholding of an award under this solicitation. However, the certification will be considered in connection with a determination of the Offeror's responsibility. Failure of the Offeror to furnish a certification or provide such additional information as requested by the Contracting Officer may render the Offeror nonresponsible.
- (d) Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render, in good faith, the certification required by paragraph (a) of this provision. The knowledge and information of an Offeror is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- (e) The certification in paragraph (a) of this provision is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when making award. If it is later determined that the Offeror knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Government, the Contracting Officer may terminate the contract resulting from this solicitation for default.

#### K. 5 PLACE OF PERFORMANCE (FAR 52.215-6) (OCT 1997)

- (a) The offeror or respondent, in the performance of any contract resulting from this solicitation, □ intends, □ does not intend [check applicable block] to use one or more plants or facilities located at a different address from the address of the offeror or respondent as indicated in this proposal or response to request for information.
- (b) If the offeror or respondent checks "intends" in paragraph (a) of this provision, it shall insert in the following spaces the required information:

	Offeror or Respondent
State, County, Zip Code)	or Facility if Other than
(Street Address, City,	and Operator of the Plant
Place of Performance	Name and Address of Owner

# K. 6 SMALL BUSINESS PROGRAM REPRESENTATIONS (FAR 52.219-1) (MAR 2001) ALTERNATE I (OCT 2000)

- (a)(1) The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code for this acquisition is 541620 Environmental Consulting Services.
  - (2) The small business size standard is (insert size standard).
- (3) The small business size standard for a concern which submits an offer in its own name, other than on a construction or service contract, but

which proposes to furnish a product which it did not itself manufacture, is 500 employees.

- (b) Representations. (1) The offeror represents as part of its offer that it [] is, [] is not a small business concern.
- (2) [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents, for general statistical purposes, that it []is, []is not, a small disadvantaged business concern as defined in 13 CFR 124.1002.
- (3) [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that it [] is, [] is not a women-owned small business concern.
- (4) [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that it is, is not a veteran-owned small business concern.
- (5) [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a veteran-owned small business concern in paragraph (b)(4) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that it is, is not a service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern.
- (6) [Complete only if offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that--
- (i) It [] is, [] is not a HUBZone small business concern listed, on the date of this representation, on the List of Qualified HUBZone Small Business Concerns maintained by the Small Business Administration, and no material change in ownership and control, principal office, or HUBZone employee percentage has occurred since it was certified by the Small Business Administration in accordance with 13 CFR Part 126; and
- (ii) It [] is, [] is not a joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR Part 126, and the representation in paragraph (b)(6)(i) of this provision is accurate for the HUBZone small business concern or concerns that are participating in the joint venture. [The offeror shall enter the name or names of the HUBZone small business concern or concerns that are participating in the joint venture: \_\_\_\_\_\_.] Each HUBZone small business concern participating in the joint venture shall submit a separate signed copy of the HUBZone representation.
  - (c) Definitions. As used in this provision--

"Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern"--

(1) Means a small business concern--

- (i) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans; and
- (ii) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of a veteran with permanent and severe disability, the spouse or permanent caregiver of such veteran.
- (2) Service-disabled veteran means a veteran, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(2), with a disability that is service-connected, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(16).

"Small business concern," means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding on Government contracts, and qualified as a small business under the criteria in 13 CFR Part 121 and the size standard in paragraph (a) of this provision.

"Veteran-owned small business concern" means a small business concern-

- (1) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more veterans (as defined at 38 U.S.C. 101(2)) or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more veterans; and
- (2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more veterans.

"Women-owned small business concern," means a small business concern-

- (1) That is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women; or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more women; and
- (2) Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.
- (d) Notice. (1) If this solicitation is for supplies and has been set aside, in whole or in part, for small business concerns, then the clause in this solicitation providing notice of the set-aside contains restrictions on the source of the end items to be furnished.
- (2) Under 15 U.S.C. 645(d), any person who misrepresents a firm's status as a small, HUBZone small, small disadvantaged, or women-owned small business concern in order to obtain a contract to be awarded under the preference programs established pursuant to section 8(a), 8(d), 9, or 15 of the Small Business Act or any other provision of Federal law that specifically references section

- 8(d) for a definition of program eligibility, shall--
  - (i) Be punished by imposition of fine, imprisonment, or both;
- (ii) Be subject to administrative remedies, including suspension and debarment; and
- $(\mbox{iii})$  Be ineligible for participation in programs conducted under the authority of the Act.

### K. 7 SMALL DI SADVANTAGED BUSI NESS STATUS (FAR 52.219-22) (OCT 1999)

- (a) General. This provision is used to assess an offeror's small disadvantaged business status for the purpose of obtaining a benefit on this solicitation. Status as a small business and status as a small disadvantaged business for general statistical purposes is covered by the provision at FAR 52.219-1, Small Business Program Representation.
- (b) Representations. (1) General. The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that it is a small business under the size standard applicable to this acquisition; and either--
- [ ] (i) It has received certification by the Small Business Administration as a small disadvantaged business concern consistent with 13 CFR 124, Subpart B; and
- (A) No material change in disadvantaged ownership and control has occurred since its certification;
- (B) Where the concern is owned by one or more disadvantaged individuals, the net worth of each individual upon whom the certification is based does not exceed \$750,000 after taking into account the applicable exclusions set forth at 13 CFR 124.104(c)(2); and
- (C) It is identified, on the date of its representation, as a certified small disadvantaged business concern in the database maintained by the Small Business Administration (PRO-Net); or
- [] (ii) It has submitted a completed application to the Small Business Administration or a Private Certifier to be certified as a small disadvantaged business concern in accordance with 13 CFR 124, Subpart B, and a decision on that application is pending, and that no material change in disadvantaged ownership and control has occurred since its application was submitted.
- (2) [] For Joint Ventures. The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that it is a joint venture that complies with the requirements at 13 CFR 124.1002(f) and that the representation in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision is accurate for the small disadvantaged business concern that is participating in the joint venture. [The offeror shall enter the name of the small disadvantaged business concern that is participating in the joint

venture: \_\_\_\_.]

- (c) Penalties and Remedies. Anyone who misrepresents any aspects of the disadvantaged status of a concern for the purposes of securing a contract or subcontract shall:
  - (1) Be punished by imposition of a fine, imprisonment, or both;
- (2) Be subject to administrative remedies, including suspension and debarment; and
- (3) Be ineligible for participation in programs conducted under the authority of the Small Business Act.

### K. 8 PROHIBITION OF SEGREGATED FACILITIES (FAR 52.222-21) (FEB 1999)

- (a) "Segregated facilities," as used in this clause, means any waiting rooms, work areas, rest rooms and wash rooms, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing facilities provided for employees, that are segregated by explicit directive or are in fact segregated on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin because of written or oral policies or employee custom. The term does not include separate or single-user rest rooms or necessary dressing or sleeping areas provided to assure privacy between the sexes.
- (b) The Contractor agrees that it does not and will not maintain or provide for its employees any segregated facilities at any of its establishments, and that it does not and will not permit its employees to perform their services at any location under its control where segregated facilities are maintained. The Contractor agrees that a breach of this clause is a violation of the Equal Opportunity clause in this contract.
- (c) The Contractor shall include this clause in every subcontract and purchase order that is subject to the Equal Opportunity clause of this contract.

#### K. 9 PREVIOUS CONTRACTS AND COMPLIANCE REPORTS (FAR 52.222-22) (FEB 1999)

The offeror represents that --

- (a) It [] has, [] has not participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to the Equal Opportunity clause of this solicitation;
  - (b) It [ ] has, [ ] has not filed all required compliance reports; and
- (c) Representations indicating submission of required compliance reports, signed by proposed subcontractors, will be obtained before subcontract awards.

#### K. 10 AFFI RMATI VE ACTI ON COMPLIANCE (FAR 52.222-25) (APR 1984)

The offeror represents that--

(a) It [] has developed and has on file, [] has not developed and does not have on file, at each establishment, affirmative action programs required by the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor (41 CFR 60-1 and 60-2), or (b) It [] has not previously had contracts subject to the written affirmative action programs requirement of the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor.

## K. 11 RECOVERED MATERIAL CERTIFICATION (FAR 52.223-4) (OCT 1997)

As required by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (42 U.S.C. 6962(c)(3)(A)(i)), the offeror certifies, by signing this offer, that the percentage of recovered material to be used in the performance of the contract will be at least the amount required by the applicable contract specifications.

## K. 12 CERTI FI CATI ON OF TOXI C CHEMICAL RELEASE REPORTING (FAR 52.223-13) (OCT 2000)

- (a) Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this contract imposed by Executive Order 12969, August 8, 1995.
  - (b) By signing this offer, the offeror certifies that--
- (1) As the owner or operator of facilities that will be used in the performance of this contract that are subject to the filing and reporting requirements described in section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (EPCRA) (42 U.S.C. 11023) and section 6607 of the Pollution Prevention Act of 1990(PPA) (42 U.S.C. 13106), the offeror will file and continue to file for such facilities for the life of the contract the Toxic Chemical Release Inventory Form (Form R) as described in sections 313(a) and (g) of EPCRA and section 6607 of PPA; or
- (2) None of its owned or operated facilities to be used in the performance of this contract is subject to the Form R filing and reporting requirements because each such facility is exempt for at least one of the following reasons: [Check each block that is applicable.]
- [] (i) The facility does not manufacture, process, or otherwise use any toxic chemicals listed under section 313(c) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. 11023(c);
- [] (ii) The facility does not have 10 or more full-time employees as specified in section 313(b)(1)(A) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. 11023(b)(1)(A);
- [] (iii) The facility does not meet the reporting thresholds of toxic chemicals established under section 313(f) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. 11023(f) (including the alternate thresholds at 40 CFR 372.27, provided an

appropriate certification form has been filed with EPA);

- [] (iv) The facility does not fall within Standard Industrial Classification Code (SIC) major groups 20 through 39 or their corresponding North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) sectors 31 through 33; or
- [] (v) The facility is not located within any State of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the United States Virgin Islands, the Northern Mariana Islands, or any other territory or possession over which the United States has jurisdiction.

## K. 13 COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS NOTICES AND CERTIFICATION (FAR 52.230-1) (JUN 2000)

Note: This notice does not apply to small businesses or foreign governments. This notice is in three parts, identified by Roman numerals I through III.

Offerors shall examine each part and provide the requested information in order to determine Cost Accounting Standards (CAS) requirements applicable to any resultant contract.

If the offeror is an educational institution, Part II does not apply unless the contemplated contract will be subject to full or modified CAS coverage pursuant to 48 CFR 9903.201-2(c)(5) or 9903.201-2(c)(6), respectively.

#### I. DI SCLOSURE STATEMENT -- COST ACCOUNTING PRACTICES AND CERTIFICATION

- (a) Any contract in excess of \$500,000 resulting from this solicitation will be subject to the requirements of the Cost Accounting Standards Board (48 CFR Chapter 99), except for those contracts which are exempt as specified in 48 CFR 9903.201-1.
- (b) Any offeror submitting a proposal which, if accepted, will result in a contract subject to the requirements of 48 CFR Chapter 99 must, as a condition of contracting, submit a Disclosure Statement as required by 48 CFR 9903.202. When required, the Disclosure Statement must be submitted as a part of the offeror's proposal under this solicitation unless the offeror has already submitted a Disclosure Statement disclosing the practices used in connection with the pricing of this proposal. If an applicable Disclosure Statement has already been submitted, the offeror may satisfy the requirement for submission by providing the information requested in paragraph (c) of Part I of this provision.

CAUTION: In the absence of specific regulations or agreement, a practice disclosed in a Disclosure Statement shall not, by virtue of such disclosure, be deemed to be a proper, approved, or agreed-to practice for pricing proposals or accumulating and reporting contract performance cost data.

(c) Check the appropriate box below:			
$\begin{vmatrix} \\ \end{vmatrix}$ (1) Certificate of Concurrent Submission of Disclosure Statement.			
The offeror hereby certifies that, as a part of the offer, copies of the Disclosure Statement have been submitted as follows: (i) original and one copy to the cognizant Administrative Contracting Officer (ACO) or cognizant Federal agency official authorized to act in that capacity (Federal official) as applicable, and (ii) one copy to the cognizant Federal auditor.			
(Disclosure must be on Form No. CASB DS-1 or CASB DS-2, as applicable. Forms may be obtained from the cognizant ACO or Federal Official and/or from the looseleaf version of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.)			
Date of Disclosure Statement:  Name and Address of Cognizant ACO or Federal Official Where Filed:			
The offeror further certifies that practices used in estimating costs in pricing this proposal are consistent with the cost accounting practices disclosed in the Disclosure Statement.			
$\begin{vmatrix} \\ \end{vmatrix}$ (2) Certificate of Previously Submitted Disclosure Statement.			
The offeror hereby certifies that Disclosure Statement was filed as follows			
Date of Disclosure Statement:  Name and Address of Cognizant ACO or Federal Official Where Filed:			

The offeror further certifies that the practices used in estimating costs in pricing this proposal are consistent with the cost accounting practices disclosed in the applicable disclosure statement.

--|\_\_| (3) Certificate of Monetary Exemption.

The offeror hereby certifies that the offeror, together with all divisions, subsidiaries, and affiliates under common control, did not receive net awards

of negotiated prime contracts and subcontracts subject to CAS totaling \$50 million or more in the cost accounting period immediately preceding the period in which this proposal was submitted. The offeror further certifies that if such status changes before an award resulting from this proposal, the offeror will advise the Contracting Officer immediately.

## (4) Certificate of Interim Exemption.

The offeror hereby certifies that (i) the offeror first exceeded the monetary exemption for disclosure, as defined in (3) of this subsection, in the cost accounting period immediately preceding the period in which this offer was submitted and (ii) in accordance with 48 CFR 9903.202-1, the offeror is not yet required to submit a Disclosure Statement. The offeror further certifies that if an award resulting from this proposal has not been made within 90 days after the end of that period, the offeror will immediately submit a revised certificate to the Contracting Officer, in the form specified under subparagraph (c)(1) or (c)(2) of Part I of this provision, as appropriate, to verify submission of a completed Disclosure Statement.

CAUTION: Offerors currently required to disclose because they were awarded a CAS-covered prime contract or subcontract of \$50 million or more in the current cost accounting period may not claim this exemption (4). Further, the exemption applies only in connection with proposals submitted before expiration of the 90-day period following the cost accounting period in which the monetary exemption was exceeded.

### II. COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS -- ELIGIBILITY FOR MODIFIED CONTRACT COVERAGE

If the offeror is eligible to use the modified provisions of 48 CFR 9903.201-2(b) and elects to do so, the offeror shall indicate by checking the box below. Checking the box below shall mean that the resultant contract is subject to the Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices clause in lieu of the Cost Accounting Standards clause.

|\_\_| The offeror hereby claims an exemption from the Cost Accounting Standards clause under the provisions of 48 CFR 9903.201-2(b) and certifies that the offeror is eligible for use of the Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices clause because during the cost accounting period immediately preceding the period in which this proposal was submitted, the offeror received less than \$50 million in awards of CAS-covered prime contracts and subcontracts. The offeror further certifies that if such status changes before an award resulting from this proposal, the offeror will advise the Contracting Officer immediately.

CAUTION: An offeror may not claim the above eligibility for modified contract coverage if this proposal is expected to result in the award of a CAS-covered contract of \$50 million or more or if, during its current cost accounting period, the offeror has been awarded a single CAS-covered prime contract or subcontract of \$50 million or more.

### III. ADDI TI ONAL COST ACCOUNTI NG STANDARDS APPLI CABLE TO EXISTI NG CONTRACTS

The offeror shall indicate below whether award of the contemplated contract would, in accordance with subparagraph (a)(3) of the Cost Accounting Standards clause, require a change in established cost accounting practices affecting existing contracts and subcontracts.

### K. 14 BUSINESS OWNERSHIP REPRESENTATION (EPAAR 1552.204-70) (JAN 2001)

The successful awardee should check one or more of the categories below that represents its business ownership and return this information to the contracting officer within ten (10) calendar days after award. Completion of this clause by the successful awardee is voluntary.

"Ownership," as used in this clause, means: (a) At least 51 percent of the concern is owned by one or more individuals from a category listed below; or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of the concern is owned by one or more such individuals; and (b) The management and daily business operations of the concern are controlled by one or more such individuals.

Et hni city

[	]	Hisp	oani c	o r	Lati	no.
Γ	1	No t	Hi spa	ni c	o r	Lat i no

Race

[	]	American	Indi an,	Eski mo, or	Al eut.
[	]	Asian or	Pacifi c	Islander.	
[	]	Black or	African	American.	
[	]	White.			

## K. 15 ORGANI ZATI ONAL CONFLICT OF INTEREST CERTIFICATION (EPAAR 1552. 209-72) (APR 1984)

The offeror [] is [] is not aware of any information bearing on the existence of any potential organizational conflict of interest. If the offeror is aware of information bearing on whether a potential conflict may exist, the offeror shall provide a disclosure statement describing this information. (See Section L of the solicitation for further information.)

# K. 16 SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS OF CONSULTANTS AND CERTAIN SOLE PROPRIETORS AND PRI VACY ACT STATEMENT (EPAAR 1552. 224-70) (APR 1984)

(a) Section 6041 of Title 26 of the U.S. Code requires EPA to file Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Form 1099 with respect to individuals who receive

payments from EPA under purchase orders or contracts. Section 6109 of Title 26 of the U.S. Code authorizes collection by EPA of the social security numbers of such individuals for the purpose of filing IRS Form 1099. Social security numbers obtained for this purpose will be used by EPA for the sole purpose of filing IRS Form 1099 in compliance with Section 6041 of Title 26 of the U.S. Code.

(b) If the offeror or quoter is an individual, consultant, or sole proprietor and has no Employer Identification Number, insert the offeror's or quoter's social security number on the following line.

#### K. 17 SI GNATURE BLOCK (EP 52. 299-900) (APR 1984)

I hereby certify that the responses to the above Representations, Certifications and other statements are accurate and complete.

Signat ur e	o:
Γit l e	:
Dat e	:

## K. 18 COMPLIANCE WITH VETERANS EMPLOYMENT REPORTING REQUIREMENTS (EP-S 99-1) (FEB 1999) DEVIATION

- (a) The Offeror represents that, if it is subject to the reporting requirements of 38 U.S.C. 4212(d) (i.e. the VETS-100 report required by the Federal Acquisition Regulation clause 52.222-37, Employment Reports on Disabled Veterans and Veterans of the Vietnam Era), it has [], has not [] submitted the most recent report required by 38 U.S.C. 4212(d).
- (b) An Offeror who checks "has not" may not be awarded a contract until the required reports are filed. (31 U.S.C. 1354)

### SECTI ON L - I NSTRUCTI ONS, CONDITI ONS, AND NOTICES TO OFFERORS

### L. 1 NOTICE Listing Contract Clauses Incorporated by Reference

NOTI CE:

The following solicitation provisions and/or contract clauses pertinent to this section are hereby incorporated by reference:

FEDERAL ACQUI SI TI ON REGULATI ON (48 CFR CHAPTER 1)

NUMBE R	DATE	TITLE
52. 204 - 6	SEP 1999	DATA UNI VERSAL NUMBERI NG SYSTEM (DUNS) NUMBER
52. 219-24	OCT 2000	SMALL DI SADVANTAGE D BUS I NES S PART I CI PATI ON PROGRAM TARGET S
52. 222-24	FEB 1999	PREAWARD ON-SITE EQUAL OPPORTUNITY COMPLIANCE EVALUATION

## L. 2 I NSTRUCTI ONS TO OFFERORS- COMPETI TI VE ACQUI SI TI ON (FAR 52.215-1) (FEB 2000)

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision-Discussions are negotiations that occur after establishment of the competitive range that may, at the Contracting Officer's discretion, result in the offeror being allowed to revise its proposal.

In writing or written means any worded or numbered expression which can be read, reproduced, and later communicated, and includes electronically transmitted and stored information.

Proposal modification is a change made to a proposal before the solicitation's closing date and time, or made in response to an amendment, or made to correct a mistake at any time before award.

Proposal revision is a change to a proposal made after the solicitation closing date, at the request of or as allowed by a Contracting Officer as the result of negotiations.

Time, if stated as a number of days, is calculated using calendar days, unless otherwise specified, and will include Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays. However, if the last day falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, then the period shall include the next working day.

- (b) Amendments to solicitations. If this solicitation is amended, all terms and conditions that are not amended remain unchanged. Offerors shall acknowledge receipt of any amendment to this solicitation by the date and time specified in the amendment(s).
- (c) Submission, modification, revision, and withdrawal of proposals. (1) Unless other methods (e.g., electronic commerce or facsimile) are permitted in the solicitation, proposals and modifications to proposals shall be submitted in paper media in sealed envelopes or packages (I) addressed to the office specified in the solicitation, and (ii) showing the time and date specified for receipt, the solicitation number, and the name and address of the offeror. Offerors using commercial carriers should ensure that the proposal is marked on the outermost wrapper with the information in paragraphs (c)(1)(I) and (c)(1)(ii) of this provision.
  - (2) The first page of the proposal must show-
    - (i) The solicitation number;
- (ii) The name, address, and telephone and facsimile numbers of the offeror (and electronic address if available);
- (iii) A statement specifying the extent of agreement with all terms, conditions, and provisions included in the solicitation and agreement to furnish any or all items upon which prices are offered at the price set opposite each item;
- (iv) Names, titles, and telephone and facsimile numbers (and electronic addresses if available) of persons authorized to negotiate on the offeror's behalf with the Government in connection with this solicitation; and
- (v) Name, title, and signature of person authorized to sign the proposal. Proposals signed by an agent shall be accompanied by evidence of that agent's authority, unless that evidence has been previously furnished to the issuing office.
- (3) Submission, modification, revision, and withdrawal of proposals. (i) Offerors are responsible for submitting proposals, and any modifications or revisions so as to reach the Government office designated in the solicitation by the time specified in the solicitation. If no time is specified in the solicitation, the time for receipt is 4:30 p.m., local time, for the designated Government office on the date that proposal or revision is due.
- (ii)(A) Any proposal, modification or revision received at the Government office designated in the solicitation after the exact time specified for receipt of offers is "late" and will not be considered unless it is received before award is made, the Contracting Officer determines that accepting the late offer would not unduly delay the acquisition; and--
  - (1) If it was transmitted through an electronic commerce method

authorized by the solicitation, it was received at the initial point of entry to the Government infrastructure not later than 5:00 p.m. one working day prior to the date specified for receipt of proposals; or

- (2) There is acceptable evidence to establish that it was received at the Government installation designated for receipt of offers and was under the Government's control prior to the time set for receipt of offers; or
  - (3) It is the only proposal received.
- (B) However, a late modification of an otherwise successful proposal that makes its terms more favorable to the Government, will be considered at any time it is received and may be accepted.
- (iii) Acceptable evidence to establish the time of receipt at the Government installation includes the time/date stamp of that installation on the proposal wrapper, other documentary evidence of receipt maintained by the installation, or oral testimony or statements of Government personnel.
- (iv) If an emergency or unanticipated event interrupts normal Government processes so that proposals cannot be received at the office designated for receipt of proposals by the exact time specified in the solicitation, and urgent Government requirements preclude amendment of the solicitation, the time specified for receipt of proposals will be deemed to be extended to the same time of day specified in the solicitation on the first work day on which normal Government processes resume.
- (v) Proposals may be withdrawn by written notice received at any time before award. Oral proposals in response to oral solicitations may be withdrawn orally. If the solicitation authorizes facsimile proposals, proposals may be withdrawn via facsimile received at any time before award, subject to the conditions specified in the provision at 52.215-5, Facsimile Proposals. Proposals may be withdrawn in person by an offeror or an authorized representative, if the identity of the person requesting withdrawal is established and the person signs a receipt for the proposal before award.
- (4) Unless otherwise specified in the solicitation, the offeror may propose to provide any item or combination of items.
- (5) Offerors shall submit proposals in response to this solicitation in English, unless otherwise permitted by the solicitation, and in U.S. dollars, unless the provision at FAR 52.225-17, Evaluation of Foreign Currency Offers, is included in the solicitation.
- (6) Offerors may submit modifications to their proposals at any time before the solicitation closing date and time, and may submit modifications in response to an amendment, or to correct a mistake at any time before award.
  - (7) Offerors may submit revised proposals only if requested or allowed

by the Contracting Officer.

- (8) Proposals may be withdrawn at any time before award. Withdrawals are effective upon receipt of notice by the Contracting Officer.
- (d) Offer expiration date. Proposals in response to this solicitation will be valid for the number of days specified on the solicitation cover sheet (unless a different period is proposed by the offeror).
- (e) Restriction on disclosure and use of data. Offerors that include in their proposals data that they do not want disclosed to the public for any purpose, or used by the Government except for evaluation purposes, shall-
- (1) Mark the title page with the following legend: This proposal includes data that shall not be disclosed outside the Government and shall not be duplicated, used, or disclosed-in whole or in part-for any purpose other than to evaluate this proposal. If, however, a contract is awarded to this offeror as a result of-or in connection with-the submission of this data, the Government shall have the right to duplicate, use, or disclose the data to the extent provided in the resulting contract. This restriction does not limit the Government's right to use information contained in this data if it is obtained from another source without restriction. The data subject to this restriction are contained in sheets [insert numbers or other identification of sheets]; and
- (2) Mark each sheet of data it wishes to restrict with the following legend: Use or disclosure of data contained on this sheet is subject to the restriction on the title page of this proposal.
- (f) Contract award. (1) The Government intends to award a contract or contracts resulting from this solicitation to the responsible offeror(s) whose proposal(s) represents the best value after evaluation in accordance with the factors and subfactors in the solicitation.
- $\begin{picture}(2) The Government may reject any or all proposals if such action is in the Government's interest.\\ \end{picture}$
- (3) The Government may waive informalities and minor irregularities in proposals received.
- (4) The Government intends to evaluate proposals and award a contract without discussions with offerors (except clarifications as described in FAR 15.306(a)). Therefore, the offeror's initial proposal should contain the offeror's best terms from a cost or price and technical standpoint. The Government reserves the right to conduct discussions if the Contracting Officer later determines them to be necessary. If the Contracting Officer determines that the number of proposals that would otherwise be in the competitive range exceeds the number at which an efficient competition can be conducted, the Contracting Officer may limit the number of proposals in the competitive range to the greatest number that will permit an efficient

competition among the most highly rated proposals.

- (5) The Government reserves the right to make an award on any item for a quantity less than the quantity offered, at the unit cost or prices offered, unless the offeror specifies otherwise in the proposal.
- (6) The Government reserves the right to make multiple awards if, after considering the additional administrative costs, it is in the Government's best interest to do so.
- (7) Exchanges with offerors after receipt of a proposal do not constitute a rejection or counteroffer by the Government.
- (8) The Government may determine that a proposal is unacceptable if the prices proposed are materially unbalanced between line items or subline items. Unbalanced pricing exists when, despite an acceptable total evaluated price, the price of one or more contract line items is significantly overstated or understated as indicated by the application of cost or price analysis techniques. A proposal may be rejected if the Contracting Officer determines that the lack of balance poses an unacceptable risk to the Government.
- (9) If a cost realism analysis is performed, cost realism may be considered by the source selection authority in evaluating performance or schedule risk.
- (10) A written award or acceptance of proposal mailed or otherwise furnished to the successful offeror within the time specified in the proposal shall result in a binding contract without further action by either party.
- (11) The Government may disclose the following information in postaward debriefings to other offerors:
- (i) The overall evaluated cost or price and technical rating of the successful offeror;
- (ii) The overall ranking of all offerors, when any ranking was developed by the agency during source selection;
  - (iii) A summary of the rationale for award; and
- (iv) For acquisitions of commercial items, the make and model of the item to be delivered by the successful offeror.

#### L. 3 FACILITIES CAPITAL COST OF MONEY (FAR 52.215-16) (OCT 1997)

- (a) Facilities capital cost of money will be an allowable cost under the contemplated contract, if the criteria for allowability in subparagraph 31.205-10(a)(2) of the Federal Acquisition Regulation are met. One of the allowability criteria requires the prospective contractor to propose facilities capital cost of money in its offer.
- (b) If the prospective Contractor does not propose this cost, the resulting contract will include the clause Waiver of Facilities Capital Cost of Money.

### L. 4 TYPE OF CONTRACT (FAR 52.216-1) (APR 1984) DEVIATION

The Government contemplates award of an Indefinite Delivery/Indefinite Quantity Cost Reimbursement (Cost-Plus-Fixed-Fee) contract resulting from this solicitation. Up to three awards may be made under this solicitation.

# L. 5 MULTI PLE AWARDS FOR ADVI SORY AND ASSISTANCE SERVI CES (FAR 52.216-28) (OCT 1995)

The Government intends to award multiple contracts for the same or similar advisory and assistance services to a maximum of three sources under this solicitation unless the Government determines, after evaluation of offers, that only one offeror or only two offerors are capable of providing the services at the level of quality required.

## L. 6 SERVI CE OF PROTEST (FAR 52.233-2) (AUG 1996) DEVI ATI ON

(a) Protests, as defined in Section 33.101 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, that are filed directly with an agency, and copies of any protests that are filed with the General Accounting Office (GAO) shall be served on the Contracting Officer (addressed as follows) by obtaining written and dated acknowledgement of receipt from:

Robert G. Krumhansl

Hand-Carried Address:

Environmental Protection Agency (ROOM 71183) 1300 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20004

Mailing Address:

Environmental Protection Agency (MC-3803R) 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20460 (b) The copy of any protest shall be received in the office designated above within one day of filing a protest with the GAO.

## L. 7 SOLI CI TATI ON PROVI SI ONS I NCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (FAR 52.252-1) (FEB 1998) DEVI ATI ON

This solicitation incorporates one or more solicitation provisions by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. The offeror is cautioned that the listed provisions may include blocks that must be completed by the offeror and submitted with its quotation or offer. In lieu of submitting the full text of those provisions, the offeror may identify the provision by paragraph identifier and provide the appropriate information with its quotation or offer. Also, the full text of a solicitation provision may be accessed electronically at this/these address(es):

http://www.arnet.gov/far/

## L. 8 ORGANI ZATI ONAL CONFLI CT OF I NTEREST NOTI FI CATI ON (EPAAR 1552. 209-70) (APR 1984)

- (a) The prospective Contractor certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it is not aware of any information bearing on the existence of any potential organizational conflict of interest. If the prospective Contractor cannot so certify, it shall provide a disclosure statement in its proposal which describes all relevant information concerning any past, present, or planned interests bearing on whether it (including its chief executives and directors, or any proposed consultant or subcontractor) may have a potential organizational conflict of interest.
- (b) Prospective Contractors should refer to FAR Subpart 9.5 and EPAAR Part 1509 for policies and procedures for avoiding, neutralizing, or mitigating organizational conflicts of interest.
- (c) If the Contracting Officer determines that a potential conflict exists, the prospective Contractor shall not receive an award unless the conflict can be avoided or otherwise resolved through the inclusion of a special contract clause or other appropriate means. The terms of any special clause are subject to negotiation.

### L. 9 PROPOSED CONTRACT START DATE (EP 52.212-170) (AUG 1984)

For proposal preparation purposes, offerors may assume a contract start date of 1 OCT 2001.

# L. 10 I NSTRUCTI ONS FOR THE PREPARATI ON OF TECHNI CAL AND COST OR PRI CI NG PROPOSALS (EPAAR 1552. 215-73) (AUG 1993) DEVI ATI ON

- (a) Technical proposal instructions.
- (1) Submit your technical proposal as a separate part of the total proposal package. Omit all cost or pricing details from the technical proposal.
  - (2) Special technical proposal instructions:

The following number of copies of your technical and cost proposals shall be submitted:

Technical Proposal - Original plus eight (8) copies
Cost Proposal - Original Plus two (2) copies

- (1) Submit your technical proposal as a separate part of the total proposal package. Omit all cost or pricing details from the technical proposal.
  - (2) Special technical proposal instructions:

These instructions are provided for the development of a clear and readable technical proposal. The technical proposal should be regarded as a separate or readily detachable part of the total proposed package. All cost or pricing details must be omitted from this part of the total proposal. Offerors are urged to prepare a technical proposal which is specific and sufficiently detailed to allow a complete evaluation of your method for satisfying the requirements set forth in the Statement of Work. Offerors are limited to 75 pages as the maximum submission, using type size no less than 12 point, single spaced. This page limit excludes staff resumes and resume of company past experience. Each staff resume should not exceed 4 pages in length.

#### Technical Proposal Content

Written proposals should consist of seven sections: (1) Technical Approach, (2) Management Approach, (3) Corporate or Organizational Experience, (4) Quality Assurance Plan, (5) Personnel, (6) Past Performance and (7) Small Disadvantaged Business (SDB) Participation. Each of these sections is linked to the corresponding evaluation criterion detailed in the Technical Evaluation Criteria of this RFP.

#### A. General Instructions

Technical proposals shall be prepared using the following guidance:

1. <u>Length</u> - The maximum length of the technical proposals shall be limited to

75 typewritten pages on 8 2 x 11" paper, using no less than 12 point character size and no less than an average of 3/4" all around for margins. Type size limits do not apply to Tables and Figures, provided they are clear and readable. The following items are excluded from the above stated page limitation: Letters of Transmittal, cover page, table-of-contents, and dividers. Resume and Past Performance Questionnaires are excluded from the above stated page limitations. Staff resumes should not exceed 4 pages. Foldout pages are considered as the total number of 8-2 by 11 inch pages, even if it does not cover a full typed page. Offerors are strongly urged to be as succinct, clear and concise as possible in writing the proposal and adhering to the recommended page limitation.

2. Organization - Offerors are advised to supply all information in the sequence and format specified below. The Offerors proposal and supporting documentation must provide sufficient basis for a thorough evaluation. It is suggested that proposals be placed in binders with dividers clearly indicating the following sections:

- a. Technical Approach
- b. Management Approach
- c. Corporate or Organizational Experience
- d. Quality Assurance Plan
- e. Personnel
- f. Past Performance
- g. Small Disadvantaged Business (SDB) Participation
- 3. <u>Charts</u> Offerors are encouraged to use, whenever appropriate, quantitative and graphical methods to portray facts, wherever possible, through the use of charts, lists, matrices, diagrams, tabulations, etc.
  - 4. <u>Prohibition of Cost Data</u> All costs or pricing details must be omitted from the

technical proposal.

5. <u>Exceptions</u> - Any exceptions or conditional assumptions taken with respect to the requirements of this RFP shall be fully explained. Please note, however, that exceptions or deviations may render your proposal ineligible for an award without discussions.

### B. Required Sections of the Written Proposal

1. Technical Approach: Your technical approach should be specific, detailed, and complete. It should clearly and fully demonstrate that you understand the requirements for the technical problems inherent in the end objectives involved and also present valid and practical solutions for the problems. Stating that you understand and will comply with the Statement of Work, or using phrases such as, Astandard procedures will be employed@and Awell-known techniques will be used@will be deemed insufficient. It is recognized that all of the technical factors cannot be detailed in advance, but the technical proposal must express how you propose to comply with the work statement and a full explanation of the techniques and procedures you propose to follow.

The Offeror shall further demonstrate an understanding of the requirements of this RFP by developing approaches that are adequate to resolve tasks envisioned under the scope of work. The Agency requests that you demonstrate your capabilities by answering the sample work assignments that cover 3 main task areas (Business Practices, P2 and the Persistent Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT) Chemicals, and the Environmentally Preferable Purchasing (EPP) Program). The three Sample Work Assignments are listed below. Your response must have enough detail to demonstrate your knowledge, experience and ability to perform each designated task. The Offeror = s response to each Sample Work Assignments shall include a technical workplan with enough detail to fit into 3 typewritten pages (3 pages for each Sample Work Assignment) on 8 2 x 11 inch paper and is included in the 75 page proposal limitation.

## Sample Work Assignment #1: Pollution Prevention Metrics

One of the more difficult issues regarding the use of pollution prevention practices and procedures is measuring results. How does one measure the effects of a prevention practice? EPA has chosen the Toxics Release Inventory (TRI) as the repository of information that will help measure P2 results. EPA also considers the work of State P2 Technical Assistance Programs as the means to effect reductions in TRI releases. The problem is how does one tie the two efforts together? Under this sample work assignment, the contractor shall

develop a strategy to identify the direct relationship between the contributions of State P2 technical assistance programs, the P2 programs typically employed there and TRI reductions. EPA needs to determine whether, and to what extent, these State programs address the chemicals and facilities that are subject to TRI reporting, or whether the programs primarily address other sectors, chemicals and other sources.

# Sample Work Assignment #2: Environmentally Preferable Purchasing

To date, the EPP program has focused on changing purchasing behavior as it relates to cleaners, building materials and other product categories. The program has achieved success, but has yet to reach it =s full potential.

Under this work assignment, the contractor shall review past EPP accomplishments and develop a targeted marketing strategy for the Environmentally Preferable Purchasing Program to change the purchasing behavior of federal consumers in one of the two product categories listed below:

- electronics
- copier paper

# Sample Work Assignment #3: P2 and the Persistent Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT) Chemicals

Under its PBT Program, EPA has developed National Action Plans for several high priority PBT chemicals, such as: mercury; dioxins/furans; PCBs; hexachlorobenzene (HCB); benzo(a) pyrenes (B(a) P) and similar polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs); octachlorostyrene (OCS); and alkyl-lead. Each of these National Action Plans outlines the sources for these pollutants and maps out a plan to effect reductions in their environmental releases. However, the NAPs stop short of fully integrating these actions across the various plans. Under this sample work assignment, the contractor shall develop a multi-media strategy to integrate key actions that have been identified in the various Agency=s draft PBT National Action Plans using incorporate pollution prevention opportunities, where possible. The approach could be sector or process specific, but must address multiple PBT chemicals that are emitted or released into the environment.

- Management Approach: the Offeror shall demonstrate the adequacy of its corporate or organizational structure and available resources, especially personnel, to manage and carry out the work to be required under the contract.
- (a) Discuss the involvement of your management in the proposed effort and at what level they would participate in the management of the contract. Give the percent time that each level will be committed to the contact assignments.
- (b) Describe the experience of your management in resolving problems encountered in similar situations.
- (c) Include a chart identifying the portion of your overall organization assigned to the proposed personnel and especially identify the assignments of the key personnel and specifically identify the assignment of the key personnel as described in paragraph d below.
  - 3. Corporate or Organizational Experience: Provide a resume of company past experience in the field of technical endeavor which would especially qualify your company for this requirement. List all prime contracts and subcontracts in which any performance has occurred of a comparable or related nature and complexity for the US Government, State/local and private industry in the past three (3) years, and furnish the following:
  - (a) Contracting Agency (Company), address and phone number,

- (b) Contract number, title and type of contract.
- (c) Date of contract, period and place of performance.
  - (d) Address and phone number of Contracting
    Officer and Technical Officer (Project
    Officer)
  - (e) Turnover percentage of contract per year.
  - (f) Size of contract (average number of professional technical personnel by contract year; personnel by contract year per category) and dollar value.
  - (g) Brief description of contract work, responsibilities, and products.
  - (h) Indicate comparability to proposed efforts (Business Practices, P2 and the PBT Chemicals, and the EPP Program). It is not sufficient simply to state that it is comparable in magnitude and scope. Rationale must be provided to convince the Government that it is indeed comparable.
    - (i) Discuss any major technical problems encountered and how they were overcome.
  - (j) If you propose to use subcontractors who will occupy a major role in this effort, provide as much detail listed above, as available, on these subcontractors.
- 4. Personnel (Project Personnel Qualifications and Utilization): Your technical proposal must include a description of the project group proposed for accomplishing the objectives of this RFP. Include an organizational chart for the project showing the names of those who will perform tasks under this contract. The Offeror should provide a table which summarizes at least the following information for each level 3 and level 4 staff proposed, including subcontractors: (1) Company, professional level, person=s name, education (for example, most advanced degree), years of experience and expected managerial role in contract if any (for example program manager, deputy program manager, task manager); (2) Areas of expertise (for key personnel, the resumes

should also describe education, background, recent experience, and scientific or technical accomplishments in the three major task areas (Business Practices, P2 and the PBT Chemicals, and the EPP Program). Remember, staff resumes should not exceed 4 pages); (3) Contracts of other projects in which personnel are involved with their respective termination dates; (4) Availability for each of the first three contract periods, and the percentage of time they are expected to be available to this contract; (5) Percent of professional hours: hours proposed in the cost proposal for the purpose of estimating base period costs, stated as a percent of total hours for the relevant professional level. For example a P-4 staff with 30% availability who represents 5% of P-4 hours in the cost proposal would be listed here with 30% availability and 5% of proposed P-4 hours. Include a resume for each person shown stating the special qualifications applicable to the performance of this contract.

If consultants, advisors, or subcontractors are to be used, describe these arrangements. In cases where personnel are not presently employed by the company, specific individuals which the company expects to employ should be designated along with a description of their qualifications, training and experience. Offerors should include letters of intent/commitment or other such evidence to indicate that the designated personnel shall accept employment in the event of an award. Where letters of intent are not available or where specific individuals are not identified, the Offeror should provide all available evidence of its ability to obtain such personnel and the specific plans and schedules for doing so. This should include specific past successful instances of acquiring staff in situations such as this solicitation, the total compensation plan, a description of the Offeror=s established hiring practices and any sources of talent if personnel are not delineated in the proposal.

Describe the capacity of your organization with respect to current employee equivalent availability. Are employees on which estimates are based currently on your payroll and available for this work? If not, state the number of types of skills of persons who would have to be hired and your plan for obtaining these personnel. Give the percent of time that these key employees will be committed to this contract.

Describe the specific capacity of your organization to address the outlined technical competence of each of the program areas outlined below:

- (1) Business Practices:
  - (a) Experience in the application of the

principles (including, but not limited to, managerial accounting, activity-based accounting, materials-flow management) and practice of Environmental Accounting (EA) in a business setting including but not limited to, environmental managerial systems, quality management, product design or cleaner production.

- (b) Experience concerning on-site pollution prevention opportunity assessments in both a small-firm and a large, complex industrial facility setting, and developing. recommended prevention-oriented solutions that have been adopted by the host facilities with demonstrable results
- (c) Experience in developing and implementing (or helping to implement) demonstrably successful strategies and concrete technical assistance modules used by corporations to promote environmentally-responsible practices by other firms in those corporation's supply chains.
  - (d) Current knowledge of and familiarity with the body of literature that relates to "corporate environmental bench marking," "corporate environmental reporting," and the economic value created that is attributable to corporation's environmentally-responsive policies, procedures, and processes.
- Experience in the development and application of quantitative measures and qualitative indicators of environmentally-responsible corporate behavior (e.g., "sustainability indicators").

(f)

Experience in assessing "P2 technology gaps"--i.e., environmental problems for which there are no economically-feasible prevention-oriented solutions.

- Experience in evaluating the commercial feasibility of innovative, prevention-oriented technologies or products, in light of market demand, availability of competing technologies, patent issues, and regulatory constraints.
- (h)

  Experience in developing and implementing (or helping to implement) demonstrably successful strategies in business cultural change and vertical communication models used by corporations to promote institutional behavior change within a company and/or its supply chain.
- (2) P2 and the PBT Program:
  - (a)

    Experience and knowledge of each major EPA

    Program and the statutes around
    which their programs have been
    forged.
  - (b)

    Experience and knowledge of cross-media issues of persistent,
    bioaccumulative and toxic chemicals.
  - Experience in collecting and analyzing technical information/data that supports PBT screening and the development of Action Plans for PBT chemicals of concern.
  - (d)
    Experience in conducting targeted outreach

campaigns to industrial sectors that are emitting/releasing PBT chemicals.

- Experience in conducting targeted outreach campaigns to sensitive subpopulations that are being exposed to elevated levels of PBTs. This includes, but is not limited to, identifying appropriate audiences and tailoring messages and outreach mechanism to that audience.
- (f)
  Experience in facilitating
  technical/scientific discussions in
  support of PBT efforts.
- (3) EPP Program:
  - (a) Staff experience related to government purchasing programs.
  - (b) Demonstrated experience in identifying and analyzing product-specific environmental (human health and ecological) impacts (e.g., life cycle assessment).
  - (c) Experience in conducting targeted outreach campaigns, including identifying appropriate audiences and tailoring messages and outreach mechanism to the audience.
  - (d) Experience in practicing environmentally-preferable purchasing of products and services (e.g. green conference planning, recycling and buying recycled, greening facility operations, etc) for clients and/or internal operations.
  - (e) Experience in designing, developing and implementing complex database tools and expert systems.

(4) P2 Program Support for the above three

program areas:

- (a) Experience in analyzing preventionbased metrics
- (b) Experience in conducting program evaluations and assessments
- (c) Experience in creating technical outreach materials to a diverse audience
- (d) Experience with Federal and State permitting, inspections, regulatory/policy development, enforcement, and environmental excellence programs
- (e) Experience in identifying regulatory areas that present pollution prevention opportunities as well as those that act as barriers to additional pollution prevention activities
  - (f) Knowledge of the operations of State pollution prevention technical assistance programs
- (g) Knowledge of the role and effectiveness of local government =s contribution to pollution prevention efforts in the US.
- (h) Experience in developing and maintaining a managements tracking program.
- (i) Experience in linking state technical assistance programs with environmental problems and results.
- (j) Experience in supporting Federal grants administration including support to develop and disseminate grant guidance; staffing telephone lines to respond to applicant questions; and designing and sending

outreach information to potential grant applicants.

- (k) Experience in developing a plan to gather and up-to-date information on the State technical assistance programs and their environmental impact.
- (1) Experience in analyzing how the Toxic Release Inventory (TRI) annual emission reductions/increases is impacted by the work EPA supports through grants to the State-based technical assistance providers.
- (m) Experience in developing case studies from State pollution prevention programs.

### (b) Cost or pricing proposal instructions:

In addition to a hard copy of the information, to expedite review of your proposal, you are requested to submit a computer disk containing the financial data required under 1552.215-73(b)(2) through (b)(7), if this information is available using a commercial spreadsheet program on a personal computer. Please indicate the software program used to create this information. Offerors should include the formulas and factors used in calculating the financial data. Although submission of the computer disk will expedite review, failure to submit the disk will not affect consideration of your proposal.

- (1) General Submit cost or pricing information on Standard Form 1448, Proposal Cover Sheet (Cost or Pricing Data Not Required), prepared in accordance with FAR Table 15-3, Instructions for Submission of Information Other Than Cost or Pricing Data and the following:
  - (i) Clearly identify separate cost or pricing information associated with any:
    - (A) Options to extend the term of the contract;
    - (B) Options for the Government to order incremental quantities; and/or
    - (C) Major tasks, if required by the special

instructions.

- (ii) If the contract schedule includes a "Fixed Rates for Services" clause, please provide in your cost proposal a schedule duplicating the format in the clause and include your proposed fixed hourly rates per labor category for the base and any optional contract periods.
- (iii) Submit current financial statements, including a Balance Sheet, Statement of Income (Loss), and Cash Flow for the last two completed fiscal years. Specify resources available to perform the contract without assistance from any outside source. If sufficient resources are not available, indicate in your proposal the amount required and the anticipated source (i.e., bank loans, letter or lines of credit, etc.).
  - (2) Direct Labor.
    - (i) Attach support schedules for each proposed labor category, indicating both proposed hours and rates. All management and support (such as clerical, corporate and day-to-day management) hours and costs proposed to be a direct charge, in accordance with your normal accounting treatment, are to be shown separately from that for the technical effort.
    - (ii) Explain the basis of the proposed labor rates, including a complete justification for all judgmental factors used to develop weights applied to your company's category or individual rates that comprise the rates for labor categories specified in the solicitation. This explanation should describe how your technical approach coincides with the proposed costs.
    - (iii) Describe for each labor category proposed your company's qualifications and experience requirements. If individual rates are used, provide the employee's name. If specific individuals are identified in the technical proposal, correlate these individuals with the labor categories specified in the solicitation.
    - (iv) Provide a matrix summarizing the effort proposed, including the subcontracts, by professional and technical level specified in the solicitation.

- (v) Indicate whether current rates or escalated rates are used. If escalation is included, state the degree (Percent) and methodology. The methodology shall include the effective date of the base rates and the policy on salary reviews (e.g. anniversary date of employee or salary reviews for all employees on a specific date).
- (vi) State whether any additional direct labor (new hires) will be required during the performance period of this acquisition. If so, state the number required.
- (vii) With respect to educational institutions, include the following information for those professional staff members whose salary is expected to be covered by a stipulated salary support agreement pursuant to OMB Circular A-21.
  - (A) Individual's name;
  - (B) Annual salary and the period for which the salary is applicable;
  - (C) List of other research Projects or proposals for which salaries are allocated, and the proportionate time charged to each; and
  - (D) Other duties, such as teaching assignments, administrative assignments, and other institutional activities. Show the proportionate time charged to each. (Show proportionate time charges as a percentage of 100% of time for the entire academic year, exclusive of vacation or sabbatical leave.)
- (3) Indirect costs (overhead, general, and administrative expenses).
  - (i) If your rates have been recently approved, include a copy of the rate agreement.
  - (ii) Submit supporting documentation for rates which have not been approved or audited.
  - (4) Travel expense.
    - (i) If the solicitation specifies the amount of travel costs, this amount is exclusive of any

applicable indirect costs and fee.

- (ii) Attach a schedule illustrating how travel was computed. Include a breakdown indicating number of trips, number of travelers, destination, purpose and cost.
- (5) Subcontracts. Identify the subcontractors. State the amount of service estimated to be required and the quoted daily or hourly rate.
- (6) Equipment, facilities and special equipment, including tooling.
  - (i) If direct charges for use of existing contractor equipment are proposed, provide a description of these items.
  - (ii) If equipment purchases are proposed, provide a description of these items, and a justification as to why the Government should furnish the equipment or allow its purchase with contract funds. (Unless specified elsewhere in this solicitation, FAR 45.302-1 requires contractors to furnish all facilities in performance of contracts with certain limited exceptions.)
  - (iii) I dentify Government-owned property in the possession of the offeror or proposed to be used in the performance of the contract, and the Government agency which has cognizance over the property.

  - (7) Other Direct Costs (ODC).
    - (i) Attach a schedule detailing how other direct costs were computed. Identify the major ODC items that under your accounting system would be a direct charge on any resulting contract.
    - (ii) If the solicitation specifies the amount of other direct costs, this amount is exclusive of any applicable indirect cost and fee.
    - (iii) If any of the cost elements identified as part of the specified other direct costs are

recovered as an indirect cost, in accordance with the offeror's accounting system, those costs should not be included as a direct cost. Complete explanation of this adjustment and the contractor's practice should be provided.

(iv) Provide dollars per LOE hour on similar contracts or work assignments.

#### L. 11 PAST PERFORMANCE I NFORMATI ON (EPAAR 1552. 215-75) (OCT 2000)

- (a) Offerors shall submit the information requested below as part of their proposal for both the offeror and any proposed subcontractors for subcontracts expected to exceed \$500,000. The information may be submitted prior to other parts of the proposal in order to assist the Government in reducing the evaluation period.
- (b) Offerors shall submit a list of all or at least  $\underline{\text{five}(5)}$  contracts and subcontracts completed in the last  $\underline{\text{three}}$  (3) years, and all contracts and subcontracts currently in process, which are similar in nature to this requirement.
- (1) The contracts and subcontracts listed may include those entered into with Federal, State and local governments, and commercial businesses, which are of similar scope, magnitude, relevance, and complexity to the requirement which is described in the RFP. Include the following information for each contract and subcontract listed:
  - (a) Name of contracting activity.
  - (b) Contract number.
  - (c) Contract title.
  - (d) Contract type.
- (e) Brief description of contract or subcontract and relevance to this requirement.
  - (f) Total contract value.
  - (g) Period of performance.
- $(h) \ \ Contracting \ \ officer, \ \ telephone \ number, \ \ and \ \ E-mail \ address \ (if \ available) \, .$
- (i) Program manager/project officer, telephone number, and E-mail address (if available).
- (j) Administrative Contracting officer, if different from (h) above, telephone number, and E-mail address (if available).
  - (k) List of subcontractors (if applicable).
- (1) Compliance with subcontracting plan goals for small disadvantaged business concerns, monetary targets for small disadvantaged business participation, and the notifications submitted under FAR 19.1202-4 (b), if applicable.

- (c) Offerors should not provide general information on their performance on the identified contracts and subcontracts. General performance information will be obtained from the references.
- $(1) \begin{tabular}{ll} Offerors may provide information on problems encountered and corrective actions taken on the identified contracts and subcontracts. \\ \end{tabular}$
- (2) References that may be contacted by the Government include the contracting officer, program manager/project officer, or the administrative contracting officer identified above.
- (3) If no response is received from a reference, the Government will make an attempt to contact another reference identified by the offeror, to contact a reference not identified by the offeror, or to complete the evaluation with those references who responded. The Government shall consider the information provided by the references, and may also consider information obtained from other sources, when evaluating an offeror's past performance.
- (4) Attempts to obtain responses from references will generally not go beyond two telephonic messages and/or written requests from the Government, unless otherwise stated in the solicitation. The Government is not obligated to contact all of the references identified by the offeror.
- (d) If negative feedback is received from an offeror's reference, the Government will compare the negative response to the responses from the offeror's other references to note differences. A score will be assigned appropriately to the offeror based on the information. The offeror will be given the opportunity to address adverse past performance information obtained from references on which the offeror has not had a previous opportunity to comment, if that information makes a difference in the Government's decision to include the offeror in or exclude the offeror from the competitive range. Any past performance deficiency or significant weakness will be discussed with offerors in the competitive range during discussions.
- (e) Offerors must send Client Authorization Letters (see Section J of the solicitation) to each reference listed in their proposal to assist in the timely processing of the past performance evaluation. Offerors are encouraged to consolidate requests whenever possible (i.e., if the same reference has several contracts, send that reference a single notice citing all applicable contracts). Offerors may send Client Authorization Letters electronically to references with copies forwarded to the contracting officer.

- (1) If an offeror has no relevant past performance history, an offeror must affirmatively state that it possesses no relevant past performance history.
- (2) Client Authorization Letters should be mailed or E-mailed to individual references no later than five (5) working days after proposal submission. The offeror should forward a copy of the Client Authorization Letter to the contracting officer simultaneously with mailing to references.
- (f) Each offeror may describe any quality awards or certifications that indicate the offeror possesses a high-quality process for developing and producing the product or service required. Such awards or certifications include, for example, the Malcolm Baldrige Quality Award, other Government quality awards, and private sector awards or certifications.
- (1) Identify the segment of the company (one division or the entire company) which received the award or certification.
- (2) Describe when the award or certification was bestowed. If the award or certification is over three years old, present evidence that the qualifications still apply.
- (g) Past performance information will be used for both responsibility determinations and as an evaluation factor for award. The Past Performance Questionnaire identified in section J will be used to collect information on an offeror's performance under existing and prior contracts/subcontracts for products or services similar in scope, magnitude, relevance, and complexity to this requirement in order to evaluate offerors consistent with the past performance evaluation factor set forth in section M References other than those identified by the offeror may be contacted by the Government and used in the evaluation of the offeror's past performance.
- (h) Any information collected concerning an offeror's past performance will be maintained in the official contract file.
- (i) In accordance with FAR 15.305 (a) (2) (iv), offerors with no relevant past performance history, or for whom information on past performance is not available, will be evaluated neither favorably nor unfavorably on past performance.

# L. 12 TECHNI CAL QUESTI ONS (EP 52. 215-110) (APR 1984)

Offerors must submit all technical questions concerning this solicitation in writing to the contract specialist. EPA must receive the questions no later than fourteen (14)calendar days after the date of this solicitation. EPA will answer questions

which may affect offers in an amendment to the solicitation. EPA will not reference the source of the questions.

# L. 13 RELEASE OF COST OR PRI CING PROPOSALS OUTSIDE THE GOVERNMENT FOR AUDIT (EP 52. 215-115) (MAR 1989)

Cost or pricing proposals submitted in response to this solicitation may be released outside the Government for audit purposes regardless of whether information contained in such proposals has been claimed or determined to be business confidential. If an outside audit is obtained, the non-Government auditor shall use the information only for audit purposes; shall not disclose any information in the proposals to anyone other than authorized EPA employees without the prior written approval of the Assistant General Counsel responsible for information law matters; and shall return all copies of proposals, as well as any abstracts, to the Government upon completion of the audit. The non-Government auditor shall obtain a written agreement from each of its employees with access to the proposals to honor these limitations prior to allowing the employee access.

# L. 14 DEFINITION OF LABOR CLASSIFICATIONS (EP 52.215-120) (FEB 1985)

Offerors shall use the following labor classifications in preparing their technical and cost proposals.

- (a) Definition of labor classifications. The direct labor hours appearing below are for professional and technical labor only. These hours do not include management at a level higher than the project management and clerical support staff at a level lower than technician. If it is your normal practice to charge these types of personnel as a direct cost, your proposal must include them along with an estimate of the directly chargeable man-hours for these personnel. If this type of effort is normally included in your indirect cost allocations, no estimate is required. However, direct charging of indirect costs on any resulting contract will not be allowed. Additionally, the hours below are the workable hours required by the Government and do not include release time (i.e., holiday, vacation, etc.).
- (b) Distribution of level of effort. Submit your proposal utilizing the labor categories and distribution of the level of effort specified below:

P 1

Period	Base Amount	Optional Amount
BASE Period	1,000	2,000

Option Period	I	1,000	2,000
Option Period	ΙΙ	1,000	2,000
Option Period	III	1,000	2,000
Option Period	I V	1,000	2,000

P2

Period	Base Amount	Optional Amount
BASE Period	7,000	14,000
Option Period I	7,000	14,000
Option Period II	7,000	14,000
Option Period II	I 7,000	14,000
Option Period IV	7,000	14,000

Р3

Per i o d	Base Amount	Optional Amount
BASE Period	9,000	18,000
Option Period I	9,000	18,000
Option Period II	9,000	18,000
Option Period III	9,000	18,000
Option Period IV	9,000	18,000

P4

Period	Base Amount	Optional Amount
BASE Period	3,000	6,000
Option Period I	3,000	6,000
Option Period II	3,000	6,000
Option Period III	3,000	6,000
Option Period IV	3,000	6,000

- (c) When identifying individuals assigned to the project, specify in which of the above categories the identified individual belongs. If your company proposes an average rate for a company classification, identify the professional or technical level within which each company category falls.
- (d) You should also submit Standard Forms 1411 for each of the following:

- 1) A summary proposal for the total contract period
- 2) For each contract period:
  - i) a Summary Proposal
  - ii) a Proposal for the basic quantity
  - iii) a Proposal of 40,000 hours for the option quantity

#### DEFINITION OF LABOR CLASSIFICATIONS

Offerors shall use the following labor classifications in preparing their technical and cost proposals:

#### PROFESSI ONAL

(1) Level 4 - Plans, conducts and supervises projects of major significance, necessitating advanced knowledge and the ability to originate and apply new and unique methods and procedures. Supplies technical advice and counsel to other professionals. Generally operates with wide latitude for unreviewed action.

Typical Title: Project Leader, Chief Engineer Normal Qualifications: Ph.D. Degree or equivalent; and Experience: 10 years or more

(2) Level 3 - Under general supervision of project leader, plans, conducts and supervises assignments normally involving smaller or less important projects. Estimates and schedules work to meet completion dates. Directs assistance, reviews progress and evaluates results; makes changes in methods, design or equipment where necessary. Operates with same latitude for unreviewed action or decision.

Typical Title: Project Engineer, Group Leader Normal Qualifications: Masters Degree or equivalent; and Experience: 6-12 years

(3) Level 2 - Under supervision of a senior or project leader, carries out assignments associated with projects. Translates technical guidance received from supervisor into usable data applicable to the particular assignment coordinates the activities of juniors or technicians. Work assignments are varied and require some originality and ingenuity.

Typical Title: Engineer, Analyst Normal Qualifications: B.S. Degree or equivalent; and Experience: 3-8 years

(4) Level 1 - Lowest or entering classification. Works under

close supervision of senior or project leader. Gathers and correlates basic data and performs routine analyses. Works on less complicated assignments where little evaluation is required.

Typical Title: Junior, Associate

Normal Qualifications: B.S. Degree or equivalent; and

Experience: 0-3 years

Experience/Qualifications Substitutions

- (1) Any combination of additional years of experience in the proposed field of expertise plus full time college level study in the particular field totaling four (4) years will be an acceptable substitute for a B.S. Degree.
- (2) A B. S. Degree plus any combination of additional years of experience and graduate level study in the proposed field of expertise totaling two (2) years will be an acceptable substitute for a Masters Degree.
- (3) A B. S. Degree plus any combination of additional years of experience and graduate level study in the proposed field of expertise totaling four (4) years or a Masters Degree plus two (2) years of either additional experience or graduate level study in the proposed field of expertise will be an acceptable substitute for a Ph. D. Degree.
- (4) Additional years of graduate level study in an appropriate field will be considered equal to years of experience on a one-for-one basis.

### L. 15 EVALUATION OF OTHER DIRECT COSTS (EP 52.215-130) (APR 1984)

For evaluation purposes, offerors shall propose the following amounts:

		Ba s e	Amo un t
		·	
Base Period		\$13	6,000
Option Period	I	\$13	6,000
Option Period	ΙΙ	\$13	6,000
Option Period	ΙΙΙ	\$13	6,000
Option Period	ΙV	\$13	6,000

# L. 16 EVALUATION QUANTITIES--INDEFINITE DELIVERY CONTRACT (EP 52.216-205) (SEP 1984)

To evaluate offer for award purposes, the Government will apply your proposed fixed-prices/rates to the estimated quantities included in the solicitation (and add other direct costs, if applicable). The total evaluated quantities (plus other direct costs) represent the maximum that may be ordered under a resulting contract. This estimate is not a representation by the Government that the estimated quantities will be required or ordered.

# L. 17 PROCEDURES FOR PARTICIPATION IN THE EPA MENTOR-PROTEGE PROGRAM (EPAAR 1552. 219-71) (OCT 2000)

- (a) This provision sets forth the procedures for participation in the EPA Mentor-Protege Program (hereafter referred to as the Program). The purpose of the Program is to increase the participation of small disadvantaged businesses (SDBs) as subcontractors, suppliers, and ultimately as prime contractors; to establish a mutually beneficial relationship with SDBs and EPA's large business prime contractors (although small businesses may participate as Mentors); to develop the technical and corporate administrative expertise of the SDBs which will ultimately lead to greater success in competition for contract opportunities; to promote the economic stability of SDBs; and to aid in the achievement of goals for the use of SDBs in subcontracting activities under EPA contracts. If the successful offeror is accepted into the Program they shall serve as a Mentor to a Protege (SDB) firm(s), providing developmental assistance in accordance with an agreement with the Protege firm(s).
- (b) To participate as a Mentor, the offeror must receive approval in accordance with paragraph (h).
- (c) A Protege must be a small disadvantaged business (SDB) as defined under Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 19.001, and a small business for the purpose of the Small Business Administration (SBA) size standard applicable to the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code applicable to the contemplated supplies or services to be provided by the Protege firm to the Mentor firm Further, consistent with EPA's 1993 Appropriation Act, socially disadvantaged individuals shall be deemed to include women.
- (d) Where there may be a concern regarding the Protege firm's eligibility to participate in the program, the protege's eligibility will be determined by the contracting officer after the SBA has completed any formal determinations.
- (e) The offeror shall submit an application in accordance with paragraph (k) as part of its proposal which shall include as a minimum the following information.

- (1) A statement and supporting documentation that the offeror is currently performing under at least one active Federal contract with an approved subcontracting plan and is eligible for the award of Federal contracts;
- (2) A summary of the offeror's historical and recent activities and accomplishments under their SDB program. The offeror is encouraged to include any initiatives or outreach information believed pertinent to approval as a Mentor firm,
- (3) The total dollar amount (including the value of all option periods or quantities) of EPA contracts and subcontracts received by the offeror during its two preceding fiscal years. (Show prime contracts and subcontracts separately per year);
- (4) The total dollar amount and percentage of subcontract awards made to all SDB firms under EPA contracts during its two preceding fiscal years. If recently required to submit a SF 295, provide copies of the two preceding year's reports;
- (5) The number and total dollar amount of subcontract awards made to the identified Protege firm(s) during the two preceding fiscal years (if any).
- (f) In addition to the information required by (e) above, the offeror shall submit as a part of the application the following information for each proposed Mentor-Protege relationship.
- (1) Information on the offeror's ability to provide developmental assistance to the identified Protege firm and how the assistance will potentially increase contracting and subcontracting opportunities for the Protege firm, including subcontract opportunities in industry categories where SDBs are not dominant in the offeror's vendor base.
- (2) A letter of intent indicating that both the Mentor firm and the Protege firm intend to enter into a contractual relationship under which the Protege will perform as a subcontractor under the contract resulting from this solicitation and that the firms will negotiate a Mentor-Protege agreement. Costs incurred by the offeror in fulfilling the agreement(s) with the Protege firm(s) are not reimbursable as a direct cost under the contract. The letter of intent must be signed by both parties and contain the following information:
  - (i) The name, address and phone number of both parties;
- (ii) The Protege firm's business classification, based upon the NAICS code(s) which represents the contemplated supplies or services to be provided by the Protege firm to the Mentor firm,

- (iii) A statement that the Protege firm meets the eligibility criteria;
- (iv) A preliminary assessment of the developmental needs of the Protege firm and the proposed developmental assistance the Mentor firm envisions providing the Protege. The offeror shall address those needs and how their assistance will enhance the Protege. The offeror shall develop a schedule to assess the needs of the Protege and establish criteria to evaluate the success in the Program.
- (v) A statement that if the offeror or Protege firm is suspended or debarred while performing under an approval Mentor-Protege agreement the offeror shall promptly give notice of the suspension or debarment to the EPA Office of Small Disadvantaged Business Utilization (OSDBU) and the contracting officer. The statement shall require the Protege firm to notify the Contractor if it is suspended or debarred.
- (g) The application will be evaluated on the extent to which the offeror's proposal addresses the items listed in (e) and (f). To the maximum extent possible, the application should be limited to not more than 10 single pages, double spaced. The offeror may identify more than one Protege in its application.
- (h) If the offeror is determined to be in the competitive range, the offeror will be advised by the Contracting officer whether their application is approved or rejected. The Contracting officer, if necessary, may request additional information in connection with the offeror's submission of its revised or best and final offer. If the successful offeror has submitted an approved application, they shall comply with the clause titled "Mentor-Protege Program."
- (i) Subcontracts of \$1,000,000 or less awarded to firms approved as Proteges under the Program are exempt from the requirements for competition set forth in FAR 44.202-2(a)(5), 52.244-2(b)(2)(iii) and 52.244-5. However, price reasonableness must still be determined and the requirements in FAR 44.202-2(a)(8) and 52.244-2(b)(2)(iv) for cost or price analysis continue to apply.
- (j) Costs incurred by the offeror in fulfilling their agreement(s) with a Protege firm(s) are not reimbursable as a direct cost under the contract. Unless EPA is the responsible audit agency under FAR 42.703-1, offerors are encouraged to enter into an advance agreement with their responsible audit agency on the treatment of such costs when determining indirect cost rates. Where EPA is the responsible audit agency, these costs will be

considered in determining indirect cost rates.

(k) Submission of Application and Questions Concerning the Program. The application for the Program shall be submitted to the contracting officer, and to the EPA OSDBU, at the following addresses for headquarters procurements: Socioeconomic Business Program Officer, Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Ariel Rios Building (3801R), 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20460, Telephone: (202) 564-4322, Fax: (202) 565-2473.

The application for the Program shall be submitted to the Contracting officer, and to the Small Business Specialist, at the following address for RTP procurements: Small Business Program Officer, Contracts Management Division (MD-33), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Research Triangle Park, NC 27711, Telephone: (919) 541-2249, Fax: (919) 541-5539.

The application for the Program shall be submitted to the Contracting officer, and to the Small Business Specialist, at the following address for Cincinnati procurements: Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization Officer, Contracts Management Division, 26 West Martin Luther King Drive, Cincinnati, OH 45268, Telephone: (513) 487-2004, Fax: (513) 487-2342.

# L. 18 SMALL DI SADVANTAGED BUS I NESS PART I CI PATI ON PROGRAM (EPAAR 1552. 219-72) (OCT 2000)

- (a) Section M of this solicitation contains a source selection factor or subfactor related to the participation of small disadvantaged business (SDB) concerns in the performance of the contract. The nature of the evaluation of an SDB offeror under this evaluation factor or subfactor is dependent upon whether the SDB concern qualifies for the price evaluation adjustment under the clause at FAR 52.219-23, Notice of Price Evaluation Adjustment for Small Disadvantaged Business Concerns and whether the SDB concern specifically waives this price evaluation adjustment.
- (b) In order to be evaluated under the source selection factor or subfactor, an offeror must provide, with its offer, the following information:
- (1) The extent of participation of SDB concerns in the performance of the contract in terms of the value of the total acquisition. Specifically, offerors must provide targets, expressed as dollars and percentages of the total contract value, for SDB participation in any of the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Major Groups as determined by the Department of Commerce. Total dollar and percentage targets must be provided

for SDB participation by the prime contractor, including team members and joint venture partners. In addition, total dollar and percentage targets for SDB participation by subcontractors must be provided and listed separately;

- (2) The specific identification of SDB concerns to be involved in the performance of the contract;
- (3) The extent of commitment to use SDB concerns in the performance of the contract:
- (4) The complexity and variety of the work the SDB concerns are to perform; and
- (5) The realism of the proposal to use SDB concerns in the performance of the contract.
- (c) An SDB offeror who waives the price evaluation adjustment provided in FAR 52.219-23 shall provide, with their offer, targets, expressed as dollars and percentages of the total contract value, for the work that it intends to perform as the prime contractor in the applicable and authorized North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Industry Subsectors as determined by the Department of Commerce. All of the offeror's identified targets described in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this clause will be incorporated into and made part of any resulting contract.

# L. 19 I DENTI FI CATION OF SET-ASI DE/8A PROGRAM APPLI CABILI TY (EP 52. 219-100) (FEB 1991)

This procurement is being processed as follows:

- (a) Type of set-aside: No Applicable Set-Aside

  Percent of the set-aside: [\$ISBSA PORTION]
- (b) 8(a) Program: Not Applicable

# L. 20 SUBCONTRACTI NG PROGRAM PLAN FOR UTI LI ZATI ON OF SMALL BUSI NESS AND SMALL DI SADVANTAGED BUSI NESS CONCERNS (EP 52. 219-125) (AUG 1984)

As part of the initial offer, offerors shall submit a subcontracting plan as called for by FAR 52.219-9.

### L. 21 NOTI CE OF FI LI NG REQUI REMENTS FOR AGENCY PROTESTS (EPAAR

## 1552.233-70) (JUL 1999)

Agency protests must be filed with the Contracting Officer in accordance with the requirements of FAR 33.103(d) and (e). Within 10 calendar days after receipt of an adverse Contracting Officer decision, the protester may submit a written request for an independent review by the Head of the Contracting Activity. This independent review is available only as an appeal of a Contracting Officer decision on a protest. Accordingly, as provided in 4 CFR 21.2(a)(3), any protest to the GAO must be filed within 10 days of knowledge of the initial adverse Agency action.

# L. 22 ACCESS TO FEDERAL I NSECTI CI DE, FUNGI CI DE, AND RODENTI CI DE ACT CONFI DENTI AL BUSI NESS I NFORMATI ON (EPAAR 1552. 235-73) (APR 1996)

In order to perform duties under the contract, the Contractor will need to be authorized for access to Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) confidential business information (CBI). The Contractor and all of its employees handling CBI while working under the contract will be required to follow the procedures contained in the security manual entitled "FIFRA Information Security Manual." These procedures include applying for FIFRA CBI access authorization for each individual working under the contract who will have access to FIFRA CBI, execution of confidentiality agreements, and designation by the Contractor of an individual to serve as a Document Control Officer. The Contractor will be required to abide by those clauses contained in EPAAR 1552.235-70, 1552.235-71, and 1552.235-77 that are appropriate to the activities set forth in the contract.

Until EPA has approved the Contractor's security plan, the Contractor may not be authorized for FIFRA CBI access away from EPA facilities.

# L. 23 ACCESS TO TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT CONFIDENTIAL BUSI NESS I NFORMATI ON (EPAAR 1552. 235-75) (APR 1996)

In order to perform duties under the contract, the Contractor will need to be authorized for access to Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) confidential business information (CBI). The Contractor and all of its employees handling CBI while working under the contract will be required to follow the procedures contained in the security manual entitled "TSCA Confidential Business Information Security Manual." These procedures include applying for TSCA CBI access authorization for each individual working under the contract who will have access to TSCA CBI, execution of confidentiality agreements, and designation by the

Contractor of an individual to serve as a Document Control Officer. The Contractor will be required to abide by those clauses contained in EPAAR 1552.235-70, 1552.235-71, and 1552.235-78 that are appropriate to the activities set forth in the contract.

Until EPA has inspected and approved the Contractor's facilities, the Contractor may not be authorized for TSCA CBI access away from EPA facilities.

# L. 24 ADDITIONAL BID/PROPOSAL SUBMISSION INSTRUCTIONS (EP-S 99-2) (MAR 1999) DEVIATION

#### a. General Instructions

These instructions are in addition to the applicable requirements and clauses set forth in the Federal Acquisition Regulation regarding bid/proposal submission and late Please note that there are distinct addresses bid/proposals. designated for bid/proposal submission on the SF 33. Block 7 designates the location specified for delivery of hand carried/courier/overnight delivery service bids/proposals while Block 8 indicates the address specified for receipt of bid/proposals sent by U.S. Mail. Bidders/Offerors are responsible for ensuring that their bids/proposals (and any amendments, modifications, withdrawals, or revisions thereto) are submitted so as to reach the Government office designated on the SF 33 prior to the designated date and time established for receipt. Bidders and offerors are also responsible for allowing sufficient time for the bid/proposal to be processed through EPA's internal mail distribution system described below so as to reach the designated location for bid/proposal receipt on time. Failure to timely deliver a bid/proposal to the EPA Bid & Proposal Room on the 6th floor of the Ronald Reagan Building, which is the location designated for bid/proposal receipt in blocks 7 and 8 of the SF will render the bid/proposal "late" in accordance with FAR 14.304 and/or 15.208 and disposition of the bid/proposal will be handled in accordance with FAR 14.304 and 52.214-7 for bids and FAR 15.208 and 52.215-1 for proposals. Bidders/Offerors are cautioned that receipt of a bid/proposal by the Agency's mail room or other central receiving facility does not constitute receipt by the office designated in the solicitation/invitation for bids.

### b. U.S. Mail Delivery-SF 33 Block 8

Block 8 on the SF 33 indicates that bids/proposals sent by U.S. Mail must be timely received by the Bid & Proposal Room, Mail Code 3802R. Because EPA adheres to a centralized mail delivery system, any bid/proposal submitted via U.S. Mail to the address

specified in block 8 of the SF 33 is initially routed to EPA's mail handling facility at another location in S.W. Washington, DC, and then subsequently routed to EPA's Bid & Proposal Room (Mail Code 3802R) located on the 6th floor of the Ronald Reagan Building. The Bid and Proposal Room on the 6th floor of the Ronald Reagan Building is geographically distinct and is not colocated with the mail handling facility. Bids/proposals sent by U.S. Mail, therefore, will not be considered "received" until such time as they are physically delivered via EPA's mail distribution system to the EPA Bid & Proposal Room in the Ronald Reagan Building. Bidders/Offerors electing to utilize the U.S. Mail for bid/proposal delivery should therefore allow sufficient time prior to the designated time and date for bid/proposal receipt as specified in Block 9 of the SF 33 to allow for the internal routing of their bid/proposal to the EPA Bid & Proposal Room.

All bids/proposals submitted other than by U.S. Mail should utilize

<u>the Hand Carried/Courier/Overnight Delivery Service address</u> <u>specified</u>

in Block 7 of the SF 33.

### c. Hand Carried/Courier Delivery- SF 33 Block 7

EPA's Bid & Proposal Room that is designated for receipt of hand delivered bids/proposals is located on the 6th floor of the Ronald Reagan Building, 1300 Pennsylvania Ave, N.W., Washington, D.C. The Bid and Proposal Room hours of operation are 8:00AM-4:30PM weekdays, except Federal holidays. Because this is a secure area, EPA bidders/offerors/contractors and/or their couriers/delivery personnel must check in at the EPA visitor guard desk, located to the left of the 13½ street entrance, prior to gaining access to the Bid & Proposal Room. A properly addressed bid/proposal, as described below, will be required for admittance to the Bid & Proposal Room. Bids/proposals not properly addressed will be collected by the guard, and routed to the Bid & Proposal Room through EPA's internal mail distribution system, which will delay receipt of the bid/proposal in the Bid & Proposal Room.

### d. Overnight Delivery Services- SF 33 Block 7

Bid/Proposal deliveries via overnight delivery services (e.g., Federal Express, Airborne Express) must utilize the address specified in block 7 of the SF 33. Due to the large volume of overnight packages delivered to EPA at one time, all overnight delivery services deliver only to EPA's loading dock at the Ronald Reagan Building, and not directly to the Bid & Proposal Room designated for receipt of bids/proposals in block 7 of the SF 33. From the dock, packages are routed to EPA's mail room in the

Ronald Reagan Building for internal distribution, including distribution to the Bid & Proposal Room. It is important to recognize that regardless of whether the Bid & Proposal Room is noted on the address label as required by block 7 of the SF 33, overnight delivery service packages are NOT regularly delivered directly to the Bid & Proposal Room. Because bids and proposals must be physically received at the Bid & Proposal Room to be considered officially received, bidders/offerors should not rely upon guaranteed delivery times from overnight delivery services as guarantees that their bids/proposals will be officially received on time. Bidders/offerors remain responsible for the timely delivery of their bids/proposals to the Bid & Proposal Room.

### e. Bid/Proposal Submission Labels

EPA has developed labels for use on packages containing bids, proposals, amendments, modifications, withdrawals, or revisions. Use of these labels will facilitate the routing of bids and proposals to the Bid & Proposal Room. The label may be found on EPA's Office of Acquisition Management homepage at www.epa.gov/oam under Special Interest. The labels may be reproduced. Offerors/bidders choosing not to use the EPA labels must ensure that the following information is clearly indicated on the outside wrapper of all packages containing bids/proposals.

#### For US MAIL:

Environmental Protection Agency
BID and PROPOSAL ROOM, Mail Code 3802R
Ariel Rios Building
1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20460

Specified Date and Time for	Receipt of Bids/Proposals: Date
Ti me	
Solicitation Number:	
Offeror's Name and Address:	
<u></u>	
<u></u>	

## For Other Than US MAIL

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency BID and PROPOSAL ROOM, Mail Code 3802R Ronald Reagan Building, 6th Floor 1300 Pennsylvania, Ave Washington, D.C. 20004

	Specified	Date and	l Time	f or	Receipt	o f	Bids/Proposals:	Dat e
Ti r	<u>me</u>							
	Solicitati	ion Numbe	r:					
	Offeror's	Name and	l Addre:	ss:				
						_		
	-							

# L. 25 ORGANIZATIONAL CONFLICT OF INTEREST PLAN (RACS- L-96-4)

- (a) The offeror shall submit, along with its cost proposal, an Organizational Conflict of Interest Plan which outlines the procedures in place to avoid, neutralize or mitigate conflicts of interest (COI), whether actual or potential, throughout the period of contract performance. The plan shall address, step by step, the checks and balances in place to detect and report potential or actual conflicts of interest at the organizational or personal level. These conflicts of interest could result from various business activities including: a) issuance of work assignments; b) performance of work in the past, present, or future for a former, current of future client; or c) corporate relationships including your firm's ownership of acquisition of or by another business entity. The plan shall not be limited to these areas but should be as comprehensive as possible. If the COI Plan is revised during the contract performance, the revisions shall be reported to the Contracting Officer within 45 calendar days of the revision effective date.
- (b) The purpose of the Conflict of Interest Plan is to insure that the Contractor has procedures in place to identify and report conflicts of interest to the Government in accordance with the provisions of the contract.

### SECTI ON M - EVALUATI ON FACTORS FOR AWARD

## M 1 EVALUATION OF OPTIONS (FAR 52.217-5) (JUL 1990)

Except when it is determined in accordance with FAR 17.206(b) not to be in the Government's best interests, the Government will evaluate offers for award purposes by adding the total price for all options to the total price for the basic requirements. Evaluation of options will not obligate the Government to exercise the option(s).

# M 2 EPA SOURCE EVALUATI ON AND SELECTI ON PROCEDURES- - NEGOTI ATED PROCUREMENTS (EPAAR 1552.215-70) (AUG 1999)

- (a) The Government will perform source selection in accordance with FAR Part 15 and the EPA Source Evaluation and Selection Procedures in EPAAR Part 1515 (48 CFR Part 1515). The significant features of this procedure are:
  - (1) The Government will perform either cost analysis or price analysis of the offeror's cost/business proposal in accordance with FAR Parts 15 and 31, as appropriate. In addition, the Government will also evaluate proposals to determine contract cost or price realism. Cost or price realism relates to an offeror's demonstrating that the proposed cost or price provides an adequate reflection of the offeror's understanding of the requirements of this solicitation, i.e., that the cost or price is not unrealistically low or unreasonably high.
  - (2) The Government will evaluate technical proposals as specified in 1552.215-71, Evaluation Factors for Award.
- (b) In addition to evaluation of the previously discussed elements, the Government will consider in any award decision the responsibility factors set forth in FAR Part 9.

# M 3 EVALUATION FACTORS FOR AWARD (EPAAR 1552.215-71) (AUG 1999)

(a) The Government will make award to the responsible offeror(s) whose offer conforms to the solicitation and is most advantageous to the Government cost or other factors considered.

For this solicitation, all evaluation factors other than cost or price when combined are significantly more important than cost or price.

(b) Evaluation factors and significant subfactors to determine quality of product or service:

Proposals will be evaluated based on the information presented in the written proposals. Such information will demonstrate to the evaluators the Offerors qualifications in regard to the evaluation factors set forth below, which are to be evaluated and weighted as set forth below:

Evaluation Factors

- 1. Technical Approach
- 2. Management Approach
- 3. Corporate or Organizational Experience
- 4. Quality Assurance Plan
- 5. Personnel
- 6. Past Performance
- 7. Small Disadvantaged Business (SDB) Participation
- 1. Technical Approach (30 points)

The Offeror will be evaluated on how well they demonstrate their understanding of the requirements of the Statement of Work through their ability to plan, organize and accomplish activities as presented in the sample work assignments that cover the 3 main task areas: Business Practices, P2 and the Persistent Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT) Chemicals, and the Environmentally Preferable Purchasing (EPP) Program. The proposal will be evaluated on the technical writing, editing, and presentation of complex technical approaches. (See section L. 8 INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PREPARATION OF TECHNICAL AND COST OR PRICING PROPOSALS for a detailed description of the sample tasks.)

2. Management Plan (5 points)

Offerors will be evaluated on how well they demonstrate

their management plan for how the entire program and management structure will be put together and will operate to meet the requirements of the contract. Offerors will be evaluated on their ability to manage the project as evidenced by the adequacy of the detailed management and control plan/procedures proposed for executing this contract.

### 3. Corporate Experience (5 points)

The Offeror will be evaluated on demonstrated corporate technical experience relevant to the requirements of the Statement of Work (SOW). The Offeror will be evaluated according to their capability and experience as indicated by their completed and current projects related to their experience in tasks of similar type, scope and complexity as those in the SOW. The Offeror will also be evaluated on the extent of their demonstrated corporate management experience in anticipating and resolving potential problems during contract performance and managing complex, multitasked contracts of similar type, scope and complexity.

4. Quality Assurance (5 points)

The Offeror will be evaluated on its Quality Assurance Management Plan. Any plan submitted must meet the requirements of ANSI/ASQC E-4.

 $1. \qquad \text{Personnel:} \quad \text{Qualifications of Personnel/Staffing Plan} \\ \text{(40 points total for parts a, b and c)}$ 

a.

Project Manager (5 points)

The Offeror will be evaluated on its ability to demonstrate that the proposed Project Manager has knowledge, experience and training relevant to managing a contract of this scope and complexity that demands monitoring several projects simultaneously, managing teams of professionals (with diverse skills and expertise) as well as planning and tracking of resource expenditures for each project and potential for involvement in contract performance consistent with the cost proposal, as indicated by the percent of time proposed for cost purposes.

b.
 Staff Capabilities

 (30 points total for section b. See point breakdown for sections (1) through

### (4)) below.

The Offeror will be evaluated on it = s ability to demonstrate that the proposed staff has knowledge, technical and management experience, training and potential for involvement in contract performance consistent with the cost proposal, as indicated by the percent of time proposed for cost purposes, in the following areas:

- (1). Business Practices: (5 points)
- (a).

Experience in managerial accounting, activity-based accounting, materials-flow management and Environmental Accounting (EA) in a business setting.

(b).

Experience in pollution prevention assessments.

(c). Experience in environmentally-

responsible practices.

- $(d). \quad Knowledge \ of \ "corporate environmental bench marking" \ and \ "corporate environmental reporting."$
- (e). Experience in quantitative measures and qualitative indicators of environmentally-responsible corporate behavior (e.g., "sustainability indicators").
  - (f). Experience in assessing "P2

technology.

- $(g). \quad \text{Experience in evaluating prevention-} \\ \text{oriented technologies or products}.$
- (h). Experience in business cultural change and vertical communication models used by corporations to promote institutional behavior change within a company and/or its supply chain.
  - (2). P2 and the PBT Program: (10 points)
    - (a). Experience and knowledge of each

major EPA Program.

- (b). Experience and knowledge of cross-media issues of persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic chemicals.
- (c). Experience in collecting and analyzing technical information/data that supports PBT screening and the development of Action Plans for PBT chemicals of concern.
- $(d). \quad Experience \ in \ conducting \ targeted \\ outreach \ campaigns \ to \ industrial \ sectors \ that \ are \\ emitting/releasing \ PBT \ chemicals.$ 
  - (e). Experience in conducting targeted

outreach campaigns to sensitive subpopulations that are being exposed to elevated levels of PBTs.

(f). Experience in facilitating technical/scientific discussions in support of PBT efforts.

## (3). EPP Program:

(10 points)

- (a). Staff experience related to government purchasing programs.
- (b). Experience in identifying and analyzing product-specific environmental (human health and ecological) impacts (e.g., life cycle assessment).
- (c). Experience in conducting targeted outreach campaigns, including identifying appropriate audiences and tailoring messages and outreach mechanism to the audience on EPP.
- (d). Experience in practicing environmentally-preferable purchasing of products and services (e.g. green conference planning, recycling and buying recycled, greening facility operations, etc) for clients and/or internal operations.
- (e). Experience in designing, developing and implementing complex database tools and expert systems.
- (4). P2 Program Support for the above three program areas: (5 points)
  - (a). Experience in analyzing prevention-

based metrics

- (b). Experience in conducting program evaluations and assessments
- (c). Experience in creating technical outreach materials to a diverse audience
- (d). Experience with Federal and State permitting, inspections, regulatory/policy development, enforcement, and environmental excellence programs
- (e). Experience in identifying regulatory areas that present pollution prevention opportunities as well as those that act as barriers to additional pollution prevention activities
- (f). Knowledge of the operations of State pollution prevention technical assistance programs
- $(g)\,.\quad Knowledge\ of\ the\ role\ and$  effectiveness of local government = s contribution to pollution prevention efforts in the US.
- $(h). \quad \text{Experience in developing and} \\ \text{maintaining a managements tracking program}.$
- $\hbox{(i).} \quad Experience \ in \ linking \ state \\ technical \ assistance \ programs \ with \ environmental \ problems \ and \\ results.$

(j). Experience in supporting Federal grants administration including support to develop and disseminate grant guidance; staffing telephone lines to respond to applicant questions; and designing and sending outreach information to potential grant applicants.

(k). Experience in developing a plan to gather and up-to-date information on the State technical assistance programs and their environmental impact.

(1). Experience in analyzing how the Toxic Release Inventory (TRI) annual emission reductions/increases is impacted by the work EPA supports through grants to the Statebased technical assistance providers.

(m). Experience in developing case studies from State pollution prevention programs.

#### c. Staffing Plan (5 points)

The Offeror=s ability to provide a team of scientists and technical staff who, as a team, provide the areas of expertise and time availabilities/commitment required by the SOW will be evaluated. The ability to fill gaps in expertise and personnel will also be evaluated.

## 6. Past Performance

(10 points)

The Offeror = s past performance will be evaluated based on past performance information presented in their proposals, on information obtained by contacting the Offeror = s supplied references, on information obtained through the National Institutes of Health (NIH) Contractor Performance System (if applicable) and on other information obtained by the Government from other sources. Offerors will be evaluated on the following factors, which are all of equal importance:

- a quality of services/supplies;
- b timeliness of performance;
- c effectiveness of management (including subcontractors);
  - d initiative in meeting requirements;
  - e response to Technical Direction;
  - f Responsiveness to performance problems;
  - g Compliance with cost/price estimates;
  - h Customer satisfaction
  - i Overall performance; and
- j Compliance with subcontracting plan goals for small disadvantaged business concerns, monetary targets for small

disadvantaged business participation, and the notifications submitted under FAR 19.1202-4(b).

The Past Performance Questionnaire (attachment 3 to the RFP) will be used to elicit information from a maximum of five (5) previous clients (federal, state, local or commercial clients. Additionally, the Offeror will be evaluated on the relevance of their previous experience to the task areas of the Statement of Work.

Offerors with no past performance history, whose past performance history is clearly not relevant, or for whom past performance data is not available, will not be evaluated favorably or unfavorably on past performance for those reasons (i.e., will receive a neutral rating). If an Offeror does not submit the past performance information required and EPA becomes aware that the Offeror, in fact, has relevant past performance history, the Offeror may be deemed ineligible for award.

7. Small Disadvantaged Business (SDB) Participation (5 points)

Under this factor, the Offeror will be evaluated based on the demonstrated extent of participation of small disadvantaged business (SDB) concerns in the performance of the contract in each of the authorized applicable Standard Industrial Classification (SIC)/North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Major Groups as determined by the Department of Commerce. The Offeror will be evaluated based on:

- a. The extent to which SDB concerns are specifically identified to participate in the performance of the contract;
- b. The extent of the commitment to use SDB concerns in the performance of the contract (enforceable commitments will be weighed more heavily than unenforceable commitments);
- c. The complexity and variety of the work the SDB concerns are to perform under the contract;
- d. The realism of the proposal to use SDB concerns in the performance of the contract; and
- e. The extent of participation of SDB concerns, at the prime contractor and subcontractor level, in the performance of the contract (in the authorized and applicable SIC/NAICS Major Groups) in terms of dollars and percentages of the total contract value.

#### M 4 EVALUATION OF CONFLICT OF INTEREST PLAN (RACS-M 96-1)

The conflict of interest plan as described in L.22 will be evaluated as acceptable or unacceptable. Not withst anding the evaluation of an offeror with respect to the technical evaluation criteria or the evaluation of an offeror's cost, an offeror that submits a plan that is ultimately unacceptable after the completion of negotiations will not be eligible for a contract award.

#### ATT ACHMENT 1

STATEMENT OF WORK- MISSION CONTRACT SUPPORT FOR EPA'S POLLUTION PREVENTION PROGRAM

#### **PPD Replacement Mission Contract**

#### 5-03-01 Revision

#### STATEMENT OF WORK

The Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics (OPPT) of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is responsible for work under a number of statutes including the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to- Know Act of 1986 (EPCRA), and the Pollution Prevention Act of 1990 (PPA).

Under TSCA, OPPT assesses environmental and human health risks associated with chemicals that are already in the marketplace, new chemicals that industry seeks to market and microorganisms, especially those developed by the biotechnology industry.

Under EPCRA, EPA implements four programs related to emergency planning and response, accident notification, chemicals stored at facilities, and the Toxics Release Inventory (TRI). OPPT provides technical support to the Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response (OSWER) for the first three programs in the areas of chemistry, engineering, economics, exposure assessment and risk assessment. On the fourth program, OPPT provides technical support to the Office of Environmental Information, the lead program for the TRI.

OPPT manages several programs to promote pollution prevention, the adoption of cleaner technologies and safer chemicals. Pollution Prevention, or P2, was established as the national environmental policy of the United States in the Pollution Prevention Act of 1990. At EPA, pollution prevention means source reduction – preventing or reducing waste where it originates, at the source or "in process, closed loop recycling". While many of EPA programs relate directly to the Pollution Prevention Act, several others are in direct response to Executive Orders signed by the President and still others are practical applications of the EPA Administrator's request to make pollution prevention the method of first choice in reducing risk to human health and the environment.

The Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics works to promote pollution prevention both inside and outside the Agency. This is done in several ways, such as using voluntary pollution reduction programs, engaging in partnerships, providing technical assistance, funding demonstration projects and incorporating cost-effective pollution prevention alternatives into regulations and other initiatives. A more complete description of EPA's pollution prevention program

can be found at the following web site: www.epa.gov/p2.

The Office's Pollution Prevention activities can be viewed as focusing in 4 distinct areas:

- sustainable **Business Practices** which seeks to promote P2 approaches and techniques as an essential part of how businesses operate.
- identifying and reducing risks to human health and the environment from existing and future exposure to priority persistent and bioaccumulative toxics with the multi-media **Persistent Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT)**Chemical Program,
- greening the federal government's purchasing decisions with the **Environmentally Preferable Purchasing (EPP) Program**, and
- improving the quality and quantity of P2 information and assistance available through various **P2 Grant Programs**.

The specific task areas that follow will be expressed according to these four program areas.

Central to EPA's Pollution Prevention program is communicating the P2 message and reaching out to the public with pollution prevention information and tools. The P2 audience is wide and includes industry, nonprofit government organizations, environmental groups, state and local governments, tribal nations, other federal agencies and the general public. OPPT's Pollution Prevention communication and outreach strategy includes the use of electronic media for distributing and displaying Pollution Prevention information. Currently the main vehicles for communicating the P2 message are the various P2 web sites (P2, EPP, PBT, EJP2, Environmental Accounting) as well as the various publications generated by each of these programs.

An ongoing effort for the Pollution Prevention Division and the pollution prevention community is measuring the impact of their work beyond just activity measures. The next step for P2 measurement work is to track and analyze the connection between prevention and the environmental problems that it addresses, and the types of businesses that benefit from P2. EPA's Pollution Prevention Program must also measure progress in compliance with objectives set for it under the Government Performance Results Act. This will include tracking progress under the Toxics Release Inventory.

#### Deliverables

When submitting reports containing recommendations, the contractor shall: (1) explain and rank policy or action alternatives, if any, (2) describe procedures used to arrive at recommendations, (3) summarize the substance of deliberations, (4) report any dissenting views, (5) list sources relied upon, and/or (6) otherwise make clear the methods and considerations upon which recommendations are based.

All contract product deliverables should be delivered in both hardcopy and electronically. For those products which are designated to be made publicly available, the contractor shall deliver the product in both hardcopy, electronically (text only in WordPerfect and fully formatted, first-generation print-ready with graphics, any photos, and layout in Adobe or equivalent software) and in a webready format on diskette.

In support of Internet ready electronic files, the contractor shall ensure that all HTML files and web-based applications shall comply with the standards, guidelines and processes in the EPA Web Guide at <a href="http://www.epa.gov/webguide">http://www.epa.gov/webguide</a>. All web-based applications under development must complete the Agency application review process. The selection of the platform for developing web-based applications shall be approved in advance of development. All HTML and web-based files and application shall comply with the accessibility standards developed under Section 508 of the Americans with Disabilities Act (<a href="http://www.section508.gov">http://www.section508.gov</a>). There are also technological limitations of the EPA public server and daily maintenance which must be conformed to as well. It is important that any products which will be housed on the EPA site be optimized for a variety of target browsers, user hardware, and that through testing be done for compatibility.

#### **SPECIFIC TASK AREAS**

A. BUSINESS PRACTICES- estimated to be 15% of the total contract effort, with 40%

of the task consisting of outreach and 60% consisting of technical support.

EPA's ultimate goal is to make pollution prevention a standard operating practice in all aspects and sectors of our society. In order to accomplish this goal, EPA must form partnerships with industry, transfer technology to industry,

promote environmental stewardship on the part of industry and promote the inclusion of environmental performance considerations in managerial accounting and capital budgeting practices within industry. EPA's approach to meeting this goal is characterized by the following programs which individually and collectively are designed to promote and institutionalize change in corporate behavior.

As an example, the Environmental Accounting Project (EAP), a program designed to encourage and motivate businesses to understand the full spectrum of their environmental costs and integrate these costs into decision making. Since 1992 the Environmental Accounting Project has been supporting research and providing guidance on improving the consideration of material flows and environmental costs in managerial accounting practices. The project collaborates with the business community, accounting and other professional societies, the academic and research community, government and other stakeholder groups to advance the development and application of environmental managerial accounting concepts and methodologies. For more information on this project, see the following web site: <a href="https://www.epa.gov/oppt/acctg">www.epa.gov/oppt/acctg</a>.

The Design for the Environment Program, a voluntary partnership-based program that works directly with companies to integrate health and environmental considerations into business decisions. The Design for the Environment program is a testing ground for new approaches to risk reduction through pollution prevention. It serves as a catalyst for lasting change that balances business practicalities with sound environmental decision making. For more information on EPA's Design for the Environment Program, see the following web site: <a href="https://www.epa.gov/dfe.">www.epa.gov/dfe.</a>

## TASK 1. In support of EPA Business Practices program, the contractor shall perform the following tasks:

- 1.1 Support the work of the Environmental Accounting Project in the areas of outreach, research, publications, training, and other activities that further the mission and goals of the EAP.
- 1.2 Develop strategies and technical assistance modules that will provide corporations with approaches to reduce or eliminate the presence of toxic chemicals and other wastes from their supply chains. The contractor may be required to collect case studies using corporate experiences to be used as background data that will help develop these self-sustaining practical modules.
- 1.3 Review lessons learned from such efforts as the Natural Resources Defense

Council (NRDC) and Dow Chemical partnership that resulted in the establishment of effective pollution prevention strategies and toxic use reduction at the Dow Midland facility, and work with EPA and NRDC to advance and apply these lessons learned to other facilities, who have agreed to partner with the NRDC in this effort.

- 1.4 Examine the environmental practices and performance of those industries who stand out as leaders for better environmental practices and performance nationwide and document these practices as a model process and program for other firms. EPA will identify these industrial leaders.
- 1.5 Support the development of appropriate metrics to measure the performance of business practice and pollution prevention projects and conduct impact studies using these metrics.
- 1.6 Provide appropriate and comprehensive research on business/market trends as well as analysis of environmental business practices. Identify "technology gaps", i.e., environmental problems for which P2 assistance providers have no feasible prevention-oriented solutions. Estimate the potential demand for selected "gap" technologies.

# B. P2 AND PERSISTENT, BIOACCUMULATIVE AND TOXIC (PBT) CHEMICALS- estimated to be 35% of the total contract effort, with 40% of the task consisting of outreach and 60% consisting of technical support.

Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic pollutants are highly toxic, long lasting substances that can build up in the food chain to levels that are harmful to human and ecosystem health. They are associated with a range of adverse human health effects, including effects on the nervous system, reproductive and developmental problems, cancer and genetic impacts. EPA's challenge in reducing risks from PBTs stems from the pollutant's ability to travel long distances, to transfer rather easily among air, water, land and to linger for generations in people and the environment. EPA is committed to protecting children and women of child-bearing years from exposure to PBTs and reducing the concentration of PBTs in our nation's waterways.

OPPT is the lead office for this Agency-wide multimedia effort called the PBT Program. Please see the following web site for further information on EPA's PBT program: <a href="www.epa.gov/pbt.">www.epa.gov/pbt.</a>

The PBT Program is characterized by the following activities:

## Implementation of cross-program multimedia actions designed to reduce risk to human health and the environment caused by the following chemicals:

Mercury The Dioxin/furan family of chemicals Polychlorinated

**Biphenyls** 

Toxaphene DDT, DDE and DDD Mirex

Alkyl Lead Hexachlorobenzene Benzo(a)pyrene Chlordane Octachlorostyrene Aldrin/Dieldrin

In addition, the PBT Program is also including:

The general class of Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons A general class of canceled pesticides beyond those listed above And selected organic and organo-metallic compounds and metals

#### Development of cross-agency action plans for selecting PBT chemicals.

These national action plans describe multimedia actions that the agency proposes to take to reduce risk associated with these PBT chemicals.

#### Development and implementation of specific cross-programmatic activities.

These are activities that typically do not fall completely within one program's domain and are essential to all programs. Examples include environmental monitoring and community outreach.

#### Eliminating mercury and other constituents from the Health Care Industry.

On June 24, 1998, EPA signed a Memorandum of Understanding with the American Hospital Association to virtually eliminate Mercury from waste generated by hospitals by the year 2005, reduce overall hospital waste volume by 33 percent by 2005 and 50 percent by 2010 and to jointly identify additional substances to target for pollution prevention and waste reduction opportunities.

### TASK 2. In support of the Agency-wide PBT Program, the contractor shall perform the following tasks:

- 2.1 Assist in the development of National Action Plan documents for selected PBT chemicals. (EPA will provide examples of National Action Plans that have already been developed.)
- 2.2 Design a long term process to ensure that the highest priority PBT chemicals are being addressed under the PBT Program.

- 2.3 Develop strategies for long term cross-agency activities, especially a long term monitoring plan designed to not only more fully assess the nature and extent of the nation's PBT problems, but also to measure progress toward the Agency's PBT goals and objectives which are expressed in the agency's strategic plan.
- 2.4 Summarize public comments on any documents and national action plans that are released for full public review, as requested. The contractor may be asked to assist in developing a response document to public comments received by this program.
- 2.5 Working with EPA, develop ideas for integrating PBT related activities with the other P2 programs, especially business practices, EPP and outreach.
- 2.6 Gather analytic data and studies related to the chemistry, toxicity, exposure pathways, fate and transport behavior of selected PBT chemicals.

## C. ENVIRONMENTALLY PREFERABLE PURCHASING PROGRAMestimated to be 30% of the total contract effort, with 50% of the task consisting of outreach and 50% consisting of technical support.

The Environmentally Preferable Purchasing Program (EPP) promotes Federal government use of products and services that have reduced impacts on human health and the environment. Such purchases are required by Executive Order 12873, Federal Acquisition, Recycling, and Waste Prevention, subsequently superceded by Executive Order 13101. The Executive Order also directed EPA to develop guidance to help Federal agencies incorporate environmental preferability into their purchasing procedures. To further institutionalize EPP in the federal government, the general mandate of Executive Order 12873 was written into the Federal Acquisition Regulations in 1997.

The goal of the EPP Program is to make environmental performance a factor in Federal government purchasing decisions, along with product performance and cost. The EPP Program is responsible for (1) establishing national policy on environmentally preferable purchasing, (2) providing guidance and assistance to federal agencies to practice EPP through pilot projects and tools, and (3) serving as a repository of information about EPP and as an "ambassador" on the issue. Most of the EPP tasks in this Statement of Work relate to one of these three responsibilities. Please see the following web site for further information on EPA's EPP program: www.epa.gov/oppt/epp.

## TASK 3. In support of the Environmentally Preferable Purchasing Program, the contractor shall perform the following tasks:

- 3.1 Provide technical and analytical support to pilot projects to identify and purchase environmentally preferable products and services. This support may include:
  - research on the life cycle impacts of products and services. This
    may include collecting and analyzing information on release,
    exposure, hazard, and other human health and ecological impacts
    relating to the acquisition of material inputs, manufacture, use, and
    disposal of products and services.
  - economic analyses of the impacts various scenarios may have on agency budgets, small and medium-sized businesses, and/or the U.S. economy.
  - evaluations or assessments of pilot projects and/or of agency EPP programs. This may include evaluating whether government demand has developed new markets for greener goods, changed the environmental impacts of agency operations, and/or whether agency EPP programs are cost-effective.
- 3.2 Develop training tools or modify existing training tools, including multimedia and cross programmatic tools, to assist federal agencies and others in meeting their environmentally preferable purchasing goals. This may include:
  - A. developing web-based or interactive training tools;
- B. developing EPP portions of relevant training programs for federal purchasers, environmental staff, and/or agency managers; and/or
- C. conducting "train-the-trainer" sessions in EPA regions or other federal agencies.
- 3.3 Develop, modify and maintain database and other tools providing productspecific environmental information aimed at assisting federal agencies and others in implementing their environmentally preferable purchasing goals;
- 3.4 Provide other programmatic support, as needed, to the EPP Program, including literature searches of particular product service categories; assistance with strategic planning for future activities to influence Federal

purchasers to purchase environmentally preferable products and services; and, other tasks in support of the EPP program goals.

#### D. POLLUTION PREVENTION GRANT MANAGEMENT SUPPORTestimated to be 15% of the total contract effort, with 75% of the task consisting of outreach and 25% consisting of technical support.

A key component of EPA's multimedia pollution prevention program is to support state and local pollution prevention programs. Because State organizations have closer, more direct contact with generators and hence are more aware of generators' needs and problems, EPA believes that state-based environmental programs can make unique contributions in working directly with industry, businesses, local governments and other groups and individuals on pollution prevention. EPA has several grant programs which provide funds for technical assistance.

The Pollution Prevention Resource Exchange (P2Rx). Information is only as useful as the vehicles for getting it into the hands of those who use it. Recognizing this, in 1997, EPA created the pollution prevention resource exchange in response to a survey of over 300 technical assistance providers from state and local government environmental programs that indicated a need for an information network that makes information searches easy, collects, synthesizes and updates technical information; and provides contact information for experts and other sources. For more information on the P2Rx see the web site:

www.epa.gov/p2/p2rx.htm.

<u>Pollution Prevention Incentives for States (PPIS):</u> EPA administers a Pollution Prevention State Grant Program, which is designed to promote the establishment and expansion of state pollution prevention programs, and to test, at the state level, different pollution prevention approaches and methodologies. Basic components of this program are distributing grant funds, monitoring EPA-funded projects and providing technical assistance where needed, and providing economic and technical analysis in evaluating the progress and results of EPA-funded pollution prevention projects.

The goal of the PPIS grant program is to assist businesses and industries in identifying better environmental strategies and solutions for complying with Federal and state environmental regulations. PPIS grants are designed to effect the compatibility of businesses environmental and economic decision making, and improving competitiveness without increasing environmental impacts. Successes include decreases in facility emissions and discharges which lead to less stringent regulatory and permitting requirements, increases in production rates that correlate

to decreasing environmental costs, elevated investments in new and better technologies, and savings that directly impact the overall profitability of a business.

Environmental Justice through Pollution Prevention. EPA established the Environmental Justice through Pollution Prevention (EJP2) grant program in 1995 to support pollution prevention approaches in environmental justice communities. In the first five years of the program, EJP2 provided more than \$15 million for a total of 198 innovative projects identified by the communities to prevent pollution. Through EJP2, EPA funded a wide array of organizations and communities interested in environmental justice, including urban areas, rural communities, tribes, different ethnic groups, and the poor. The agency designed the program as a fund for innovation. Through EJP2, a wide range of community groups, tribes, and local governments identified environmental problems and potential approaches for their communities within the general context of pollution prevention solutions.

### TASK 4. In support of these OPPT's Pollution Prevention Grant Programs, the contractor shall perform the following tasks:

The contractor shall provide administrative support to the following grant-related programs:

- 4.1 Maintain and update an existing computerized pollution prevention grant tracking system and support regional pollution prevention administrative tracking of grant deliverables.
- 4.2 Gather information on linking state technical assistance programs with environmental problems and results.
- 4.3 As regional activities are defined by any of the components of the P2 program, provide support to the Regions in accomplishing these activities.
- 4.4 Provide support in various aspects of grants administration including the following: providing administrative or technical support to EPA as it develops and disseminates grant guidance; staffing telephone lines to respond to applicant questions; maintaining database of potential grant applicants; and designing and sending outreach information to potential grant applicants.
- 4.5 Provide assistance in summarizing and analyzing the work to be done under grants to State and Tribal P2 programs awarded annually.
- 4.6 Develop an action plan to gather the appropriate and up-to-date information

on the State technical assistance programs and their environmental impact.

- 4.7 Analyze State-based Technical Assistance Programs efforts to address the chemicals and facilities that are subject to Toxic Release Inventory (TRI) reporting. The analysis should include how the TRI annual emission reductions/increases is impacted by the work EPA supports through grant dollars to the State-based technical assistance providers.
- 4.8 Provide support in the development of case studies of State pollution prevention programs that will be used in the assessment of the PPIS and other grant programs. These case studies will examine how the grants were integrated into the state programs and highlight the effectiveness of the grants in building infrastructure and self-sustaining programs. These case studies will showcase several state p2 programs and describe the influence of the grant funding in each case.
- 4.9 Provide assistance in working with the regional and state contacts in gathering information on state program structure, PPIS funding, grant successes, grant products, analysis of grant impact and state program futures.

E. POLLUTION PREVENTION SUPPORT-estimated to be 5% of the total contract effort, with 40% of the task consisting of outreach and 60% consisting of technical support.

## TASK 5. In support of all the OPPT's Pollution Prevention Grants Programs, the contractor shall perform the following tasks:

- 5.1 Provide support for the implementation of the statutory program requirements in the Pollution Prevention Act.
- 5.2 Provide analysis on the barriers and opportunities associated with the efforts to incorporate pollution prevention into EPA regulations, policies, and voluntary programs.
- 5.3 Provide support in identifying opportunities and barriers to incorporate pollution prevention into the environmental mission of other institutions providing environmental services.
- 5.4 Generate formal documents, information products and communication materials in response to specific work assignments received from the PO. In producing these products, the contractor shall utilize a style and format

- consistent with U.S. Government Printing Office (GPO) and EPA standards. All products will be clearly marked as contractor-prepared materials.
- 5.5 Apply state-of-the-art technologies to design, develop, maintain, upgrade and integrate the various P2 and PBT web-sites that have been created or are needed by the individual P2 programs so that EPA can most effectively exchange information and technology with its stakeholder communities.
- Produce outreach material for the various P2 programs. These may include newsletters, case study summaries that document the various projects, and brief fact sheets on specific projects. The format and length of these documents will be defined by the specific EPA program lead.

For example, for the EPP program, the contractor might be asked to explore and develop alternative format, length and delivery mechanisms to better meet the needs of the intended federal consumer. Direction will be provided by EPA based on the results of a market research project currently underway. Documentation of EPP pilots will encompass examples from the federal sector primarily and will draw from State, local and foreign governments, as well as the private sector.

- 5.7 Develop marketing plans for specific program products or initiatives similar to commercial product launches. Develop comprehensive marketing strategies including such activities as program/product/initiative identification, message development, convening focus groups and innovative outreach mechanisms.
- 5.8 Travel to pollution prevention events, such as State and EPA regional P2 roundtables, national society meetings and the like and set up and staff display booths, distribute EPA materials and take questions from booth visitors. OPPT, generally, will be involved in fifteen such events annually. Personnel will identify themselves at all times as contractor employees when staffing the display booth and talking to targeted groups at meetings and display functions.
- 5.9 Prepare brochures, fact sheets and similar material for these meetings to publicize the efforts of EPA's P2 programs as needed for these meetings.
- 5.10 Maintain mailing lists for the participants of the various EPA's P2 programs and supply mailing labels as requested by EPA.

5.11 Conduct literature searches and draft articles for periodicals that serve trade audiences. Generally, OPPT will need to prepare at least two and no more than ten such articles per year.

Attendance on-site at EPA Headquarters facilities will be required from time to time to complete specific assignments, such as facilitating/recording teleconferences. Contractor personnel assigned to these activities shall comply at all times with EPA on-site security procedures and shall identify themselves as contractor employees when interacting with Agency staff members.

#### ATT ACHMENT 2

I NVOI CE PREPARATI ON I NSTRUCTI ONS

#### SF 1034

The information which a contractor is required to submit in its Standard Form 1034 is set forth as follows:

- (1) U.S. Department, Bureau, or establishment and location insert the names and address of the servicing finance office unless the contract specifically provides otherwise.
- (2) **Date Voucher Prepared** insert date on which the public voucher is prepared and submitted.
- (3) Contract / Delivery Order Number and Date insert the number and date of the contract and delivery order, if applicable, under which reimbursement is claimed.
- (4) Requisition Number and Date leave blank.
- (5) Voucher Number insert the appropriate serial number of the voucher. A separate series of consecutive numbers, beginning with Number 1, shall be used by the contractor for each new contract. When an original voucher was submitted, but not paid in full because of suspended costs, resubmission vouchers should be submitted in a separate invoice showing the original voucher number and designated with the letter "R" as the last character of the number. If there is more than one resubmission, use the appropriate suffix (R2, R3, etc.)
- (6) Schedule Number; Paid By; Date Invoice Received leave blank.
- (7) **Discount Terms** enter terms of discount, if applicable.
- (8) Payee's Account Number this space may be used by the contractor to record the account or job number(s) assigned to the contract or may be left blank.
- (9) Payee's Name and Address show the name of the contractor exactly as it appears in the contract and its correct address, except when an assignment has been made by the contractor, or the right to receive payment has been restricted, as in the case of an advance account. When the right to receive payment is restricted, the type of information to be shown in

this space shall be furnished by the Contracting Officer.

- (10) Shipped From; To; Weight Government B/L Number insert for supply contracts.
- (11) Date of Delivery or Service show the month, day and year, beginning and ending dates of incurrence of costs claimed for reimbursement. Adjustments to costs for prior periods should identify the period applicable to their incurrence, e.g., revised provisional or final indirect cost rates, award fee, etc.
- detail, see Standard Form 1035 total amount claimed transferred from Page \_\_\_\_\_ of Standard Form 1035."

  Type "COST REI MBURSABLE-PROVI SI ONAL PAYMENT" or "I NDEFI NI TE QUANTI TY/ I NDEFI NI TE DELI VERY-PROVI SI ONAL PAYMENT" on the Interim public vouchers. Type "COST REI MBURSABLE-COMPLETI ON VOUCHER" or "I NDEFI NI TE QUANTI TY/ I NDEFI NI TE DELI VERY-COMPLETI ON VOUCHER" on the Completion public voucher. Type "COST REI MBURSABLE-FI NAL VOUCHER" or "I NDEFI NI TE QUANTI TY/ I NDEFI NI TE DELI VERY-FI NAL VOUCHER" on the Final public voucher. Type the following certification, si gned by an authorized official, on the face of the Standard Form 1034.

"I certify that all payments requested are for appropriate purposes and in accordance with the agreements set forth in the contract."

(Name of Official)

(Title)

- (13) Quantity; Unit Price insert for supply contracts.
- (14) Amount insert the amount claimed for the period indicated in (11) above.

#### I NVOI CE PREPARATI ON I NSTRUCTI ONS SF 1035

The information which a contractor is required to submit in its Standard Form 1035 is set forth as follows:

- (1) U.S. Department, Bureau, or Establishment insert the name and address of the servicing finance office.
- (2) **Voucher Number** insert the voucher number as shown on the Standard Form 1034.
- (3) Schedule Number leave blank.
- (4) Sheet Number insert the sheet number if more than one sheet is used in numerical sequence. Use as many sheets as necessary to show the information required.
- (5) Number and Date of Order insert payee's name and address as in the Standard Form 1034.
- (6) Articles or Services insert the contract number as in the Standard Form 1034.
- (7) Amount insert the latest estimated cost, fee (fixed, base, or award, as applicable), total contract value, and amount and type of fee payable (as applicable).
- (8) A summary of claimed current and cumulative costs and fee by major cost element. Include the rate(s) at which indirect costs are claimed and indicate the base of each by identifying the line of costs to which each is applied. The rates invoiced should be as specified in the contract or by a rate agreement negotiated by EPA's Cost Policy and Rate Negotiation Branch.
- (9) The **fee** shall be determined in accordance with instructions appearing in the contract.

NOTE: Amounts claimed on vouchers must be based on records maintained by the contractor to show by major cost element the amounts claimed for reimbursement for each applicable contract. The records must be maintained based on the contractor's fiscal year and should include reconciliations of any differences between the costs incurred per books and amounts claimed for reimbursement. A memorandum record reconciling the total indirect cost(s) claimed should also be maintained.

#### SUPPORTING SCHEDULES FOR COST REIMBURSEMENT CONTRACTS

The following backup information is required as an attachment to the invoice as shown by category of cost:

**Direct Labor** - identify the number of hours (by contractor labor category and total) and the total direct labor dollars billed for the period in the invoice.

Indirect Cost Rates - identify by cost center, the indirect cost rate, the period, and the cost base to which it is applied.

Subcontracts - identify the major cost elements for each subcontract.

Other Direct Costs - when the cost for an individual cost (e.g., photocopying, material and supplies, telephone usage) exceeds \$1,000 per the invoice period, provide a detailed explanation for that cost category.

Contractor Acquired Equipment (if authorized by the contract) - identify by item the quantities, unit prices, and total dollars billed.

Contractor Acquired Software (if authorized by the contract) - identify by item the quantities, unit prices, and total dollars billed.

Travel - when travel costs exceed \$2,000 per invoice period, identify by trip, the number of travellers, the duration of travel, the point of origin, destination, purpose of trip, transportation by unit price, per diem rates on daily basis and total dollars billed. Detailed reporting is not required for local travel.

The manner of breakdown, e.g., work assignment/delivery order basis with/without separate program management, contract period will be specified in the contract instructions.

NOTE: For other than small business concerns, amounts claimed for purchased material and subcontracted items should be based on the cash disbursed by the contractor. These costs cannot be billed to the Government until paid for by the contractor. Any of these costs billed to the Government prior to being paid in cash, in addition to their associated indirect costs, will be considered improper charges and will be suspended until evidence of cash payment is provided. Similarly, any costs requiring advance consent by the Contracting Officer will be considered improper and will be suspended, if claimed prior to receipt of Contracting Officer consent. Include the total cost claimed for the current

and cumulative-to-date periods. After the total amount claimed, provide summary dollar amounts of cumulative costs: (1) suspended as of the date of the invoice; and (2) disallowed on the contract as of the date of the invoice. The amount under (2) shall include costs originally suspended and later disallowed. Also include an explanation of the changes in cumulative costs suspended or disallowed by addressing each adjustment in terms of: voucher number, date, dollar amount, source, and reason for the adjustment. Disallowed costs should be identified in unallowable accounts in the contractor's accounting system.

#### SUPPORTING SCHEDULES FOR FIXED-RATE CONTRACTS

The following backup information is required as an attachment to the invoice as shown by category of cost:

Direct Labor - identify by labor category the number of hours, fixed hourly rate, and the total dollars billed for the period of the invoice.

 ${\bf Subcontract\,s}$  - identify the major cost elements for each subcontract.

Other Direct Costs - when the cost for an individual cost (e.g., photocopying, material and supplies, telephone usage) exceeds \$1,000 per the invoice period, provide a detailed explanation for that cost category.

Indirect Cost Rates - identify by cost center, the indirect cost rate, the period, and the cost base to which it is applied.

Contractor Acquired Equipment - identify by item the quantities, unit prices, and total dollars billed.

Contractor Acquired Software - identify by item the quantities, unit prices, and total dollars billed.

Travel - when travel costs exceed \$2,000 per invoice period, identify by trip, the number of travellers, the duration of travel, the point of origin, destination, purpose of trip, transportation by unit price, per diem rates on daily basis and total dollars billed. Detailed reporting is not required for local travel.

The manner of breakdown, e.g., work assignment/delivery order basis with/without separate program management, contract period will be specified in the contract instructions.

NOTE: For other than small business concerns, amounts claimed for purchased material and subcontracted items should be based on the cash disbursed by the contractor. These costs cannot be billed to the Government until paid for by the contractor. Any of these costs billed to the Government prior to being paid in cash, in addition to their associated indirect costs, will be considered improper charges and will be suspended until evidence of cash payment is provided. Similarly, any costs requiring advance consent by the

Contracting Officer will be considered improper and will be suspended, if claimed prior to receipt of Contracting Officer consent. Include the total cost claimed for the current and cumulative-to-date periods. After the total amount claimed, provide summary dollar amounts of cumulative costs: (1) suspended as of the date of the invoice; and (2) disallowed on the contract as of the date of the invoice. The amount under (2) shall include costs originally suspended and later disallowed. Also include an explanation of the changes in cumulative costs suspended or disallowed by addressing each adjustment in terms of: voucher number, date, dollar amount, source, and reason for the djustment. Disallowed costs should be identified in unallowable accounts in the contractor's accounting system.

#### RESUBMISSIONS

When an original voucher was submitted, but not paid in full because of suspended costs and after receipt of a letter of removal of suspension, resubmissions of any previously claimed amounts which were suspended should be submitted in a separate invoice showing the original voucher number and designated with the letter "R" with the copy of the removal of suspension notice. The amounts should be shown under the appropriate cost category and include all appropriate supplemental schedules. NOTE: All disallowances must be identified as such in the accounting system through journal entries.

Voucher resubmittals may also occur as a result of: (1) a new indirect cost rate agreement; or (2) adjust ments to previously billed direct cost rates due to audit resolution. Such claims should be submitted in a separate invoice or request for contractor financing payment number. They should include supplemental schedules showing the previously adjusted amounts by contract period. If the resubmission is based on a new rate agreement, a copy of the agreement should be attached. Costs must be identified by delivery order or work assignment where appropriate. If the contract is Superfund-related, voucher resubmittals shall also identify the amount claimed against each Superfund site and non-site-specific activity.

#### COMPLETION VOUCHERS

Submit a completion voucher when all performance provisions of the contract are physically complete, when the final report (if required) is accepted, and when all direct costs have been incurred and booked. Indirect costs may be claimed at the provisional rates, if final rates are not yet available. Contractors must identify these vouchers by typing "Completion Voucher" next to the voucher number. For contracts separately invoiced by delivery order, provide a schedule showing total costs claimed by delivery order and in total for the contract.

In addition to the completion voucher, the contractor must submit an original and two copies of EPA Form 1900-10, Contractor's Cumulative Claim and Reconciliation showing the total cumulative costs claimed under the contract.

The information which a contractor is required to submit in its EPA Form 1900-10 is set forth as follows:

- (1) Contractor's Name and Address show the name of the contractor exactly as it appears in the contract and its correct address, except when an assignment has been made by the contractor, or the right to receive payment has been restricted, as in the case of an advance account. When the right to receive payment is restricted, the type of information to be shown in this space shall be furnished by the Contracting Officer.
- (2) Contract Number insert the number of the contract under which reimbursement is claimed.
- (3) First voucher number and completion voucher number.
- (4) Total amount of cost claimed for each cost element category through the completion voucher.
- (5) Total Fee awarded.
- (6) Amount of indirect costs calculated using negotiated final indirect cost rate(s) and/or provisional rate(s) as specified in the contract, if final rate(s) are not yet negotiated for any fiscal period.
- (7) Fiscal year.
- (8) Indirect cost center.
- (9) Appropriate basis for allocation.
- (10) Negotiated final indirect cost rate(s) or provisional indirect cost rate(s).

- (11) Signature.
- (12) Official title.
- (13) Date.

#### FI NAL VOUCHER AND CLOSING DOCUMENTS

After completion of the final audit and all suspensions and/or audit exceptions have been resolved as to the final allowable costs and fee, including establishment of final indirect cost rate(s) for all periods the contractor shall prepare a final voucher including any adjust ments to vouchered costs necessitated by the final settlement of the contract price. Contractors must identify these vouchers by typing "Final Voucher" next to the voucher number. For contracts separately invoiced by delivery order, provide a schedule showing final total costs claimed by delivery order and in total for the contract. The contractor shall also provide an original and two copies of an updated EPA Form 1900-10, Contractors Cumulative Claim and Reconciliation, showing the total negotiated, cumulative costs for the contract. Indirect costs shall be included at the final negotiated rates.

In addition to the final voucher, the contractor must submit an original and two copies of the Contractor's Release; Assignee's Release, if applicable; the Contractor's Assignment of Refunds, Rebates, Credits and other Amounts; the Assignee's Assignment of Refunds, Rebates, Credits and other Amounts, if applicable; and the Contractor's Affidavit of Waiver of Lien, when required by the contract.

#### ATT ACHMENT 3

MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR CONFLICT OF INTEREST PLAN

### MI NI MUM STANDARDS FOR EPA CONTRACTORS' CONFLI CT OF I NTEREST PLANS

#### 1. PURP OS E

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has identified a need to avoid, neutralize, or mitigate actual and potential contractor conflicts of interest (COI). In order to avoid, neutralize, or mitigate conflicts, contractors are required to have a COI plan for identifying and reporting actual and potential COI. The purpose of this document is to set forth the minimum standards for a contractor's COI plan.

#### 2. COI PLAN

The contractor's COI Plan is a document which describes the procedures a company uses to identify and report COI. Generally, a contractor's corporate COI plan will describe how a company, in its entirety, addresses conflicts, and will not be contract or program specific. The plan may also describe the options a company will consider proposing to avoid, neutralize, or mitigate a COI whenever a conflict is identified. The plan will be evaluated and approved\* by the applicable EPA Contracting Officer (CO) if the COI Plan meets the EPA's minimum requirements for detecting and reporting conflicts of interest. Contractors' COI Plans should be identified by a version number and date, as appropriate. In addition, when applicable, please also identify the version number and date of any previously submitted COI Plans to the Agency, to whom (name, title, and phone number) the COI Plan was submitted, what the solicitation(s)/contract(s) numbers were, and if and when the COI Plan was approved.

\* COs may accept another CO's prior approval of the same version of a contractor's COI Plan when appropriate. COs however, are not required to accept another CO's decision if the CO performs his/her own independent evaluation.

#### 3. MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR CONTRACTORS' COI PLANS

#### A. Corporate Structure

The COI Plan shall describe any parent relationship and list all affiliates, subsidiaries, and sister companies, etc. Generally, this need not exceed three corporate tiers, unless a relationship exists beyond three tiers that would potentially create a conflict. In such a case, relationships beyond three tiers should also be included in the COI Plan. Contractors should report changes in its' corporate structure to the Agency throughout contract

performance.

Contractors are invited to include under this section, a company profile. The profile should discuss all pertinent information relevant to COI including a summary of a contractor's primary and/or environmental business functions and activities. This background information will potentially be very useful to contracting officers and the Agency when evaluating whether or not a contractor has a COI.

#### B. Searching and Identifying COI

The COI Plan shall include a requirement describing when a COI search must be performed by company personnel and clearly identify the procedures to be followed. The searching requirement shall encompass all work related to all clients for whom work was performed over the past three years, all current work, all sites (if applicable), and any future work reflected in marketing proposals. Contractors must search their records over the past 36 months from time of receipt of the work from EPA. However, EPA encourages contractors to search back as far as a company's records cover.

#### C. Data Base

The COI Plan shall require a data base that includes all necessary information for a contractor to review its past work (at a minimum over the past 36 months), work in progress, and work the company may be pursuing under any marketing proposals. This requirement does not establish any particular type or kind of retrieval system, however, the data base shall contain, at a minimum, the following information and capabilities.

- (1) a list of the company's past and public clients;
- (2) a description of the type(s) of work that was performed and any other pertinent information;
- (3) a list of the past sites (when applicable) a contractor has worked on;
- (4) a list of site name(s) (when applicable) related to any work performed; and
- (5) the ability to search and retrieve the information in the data base.

If applicable, the COI Plan shall include provisions for supplemental searches of a parents, affiliates,

subsidiaries, or sister company's records. The COI Plan shall also describe any cross-checks used by the company when searching COI issues.

#### D. Personal Certification

At a minimum, the COI Plan shall require ALL employees of the company performing work under an EPA Superfund and/or Non-Superfund contract, including work on a site, work relating to a site, or work pertaining to a CERCLA/RCRA action or work that may endanger a CERCLA enforcement action, to sign a personal certification. It should be noted however, that it is the preference of the Agency that ALL employees of the company be required to sign such a certification rather than only those employees working under an EPA contract. The certification shall require at a minimum, that the individual agrees to report to the proper company authority any personal COI the individual may have on any work that may result in an actual or potential COI. The certification shall also state the individual has read and understands the company's COI Plan and procedures. The employee certifications shall be retained by the company.

## E. Work Assignment (WA), Technical Direction Document (TDD), or Delivery Order (DO) Notification and Certification

The COI Plan shall describe the process the company requires for notifying the Agency prior to beginning work, and for submission of its' WA/TDD/DO certification within 20 days of receipt of the work from EPA.

NOTE: WA/TDD/DO certifications are NOT required if the contract contains an annual certification requirement. Nevertheless, the contractor's COI Plan should address the procedures to be followed for WA/TDD/DO certifications.

#### F. Annual Certification

The COI Plan shall describe the process the company requires for submission of its annual certification.

#### G. Notification and Documentation

The COI Plan shall clearly delineate who is the responsible official for making COI determinations within the company. Generally, this would be someone at a middle to upper level of management. The responsible official shall be free of any personal conflicts for the purpose of making COI determinations, e.g., a program manager who receives bonuses based on the total amount of sales may not be free of conflicts.

The plan shall clearly identify the process that is required when notifying the EPA of any actual or potential COI and the actions that the company has taken or will take to avoid, neutralize or mitigate the conflict. In addition, a contractor shall document all COI searches related to EPA work, whether or NOT an actual or potential COI has been identified.

#### H. Training

The COI Plan shall require all employees of the company to receive basic COI training, and that each employee receive COI awareness training, at least, on an annual basis. The company's COI Plan shall be available for all employees to review. Annual awareness training shall include, at a minimum, a review of the certification language and any changes that may have occurred in the company's COI Plan. In addition, companies are encouraged to routinely disseminate to their employees current COI information.

#### I. Subcontractor's COI Plans

The COI Plan shall describe the process and mechanism by which the company will monitor its subcontractors to ensure all subcontractors are complying with the COI provisions in their contracts. It is important that subcontractors identify and report COI as well as submit Limitation of Future Contracting (LOFC) requests for approval.

#### ATT ACHMENT 4

PAST PERFORMANCE QUESTI ONAI RE

#### PAST PERFORMANCE QUESTI ONNAI RE

#### SOURCE SELECTION SENSITIVE INFORM A T I O N

_	ontract Information d by offeror in proposal)
me of Contractor:	
tract Value:	
pe of Contract:	Period of Performance:

NOT the offeror.

Performanc e Elements	Not Applicabl e	Out st andi n	Satisfacto ry	U n s a t i s f a c t o r
1. Quality of Product or Service				
2. Ti meliness of Performanc e				

		PR- HQ- 01- 129
3. Effectiven ess of Management (including subcontrac tors)		
4. I nitiative in Meeting Requiremen ts		
5. Res ponse t o Techni cal Direction		
6. Responsive ness to Performanc e Problems		
7. Compliance with Cost Estimates		
8. Customer Satisfacti on		
9. Overall Performanc e		

10. Remarks on outstanding performance:

(Provide data supporting this observation; you may continue on a separate sheet if needed.)

11. Remarks on unsatisfactory performance:

(Provide data supporting this observation; you may continue on separate sheet if needed.)

12.	Please identify any corporate affiliations with the offeror	•
13.	Would you do business with again? (insert offeror's name)	
14.	Information provided by:	
	Na me	
	Ti t l e	
	Mailing Address (Street and P.O. Box)	
	City, State and Zip Code	
	Time of Call	
	Telephone and Fax Numbers	
15.	Questionnaire completed by:	
	Name of EPA Employee	
	Signature of EPA Employee	
	Ti t l e	
	Date Questionnaire Completed	

#### ATT ACHMENT 5

CLIENT AUTHORIZATION LETTER

#### Client Authorization Letter

[Addressee]
Dear "Client":
We are currently responding to the Environmental Protection Agency RFP No for the procurement of
. The EPA is placing increased emphasis in their acquisitions on past performance as a source selection evaluation factor. EPA requires offerors to inform references identified in proposals that EPA may contact them about past performance information.
If you are contacted by EPA for information on work we have performed under contract for your company/agency/state or local government, you are hereby authorized to respond to EPA inquiries.
Your cooperation is appreciated. Please direct any questions to  (offeror's point-of-contact)
Sincerely,

Page 5-2 of 2

### ATT ACHMENT 6

CONTRACTOR PERFORMANCE REPORT

		ites of Health	
CONTRA	<u>ACTOR P</u>	<u>ERFORMA</u>	NCE REPORT
FINAL REPORT(Check one)	INT	ERIM REPORT	
REPORTING PERIOD: (fi	rom)	(to)	
CONTRACTING OFFICE	(Location):		
CONTRACT NUMBER:		TASK NO	:
CONTRACTOR NAME: ADDRESS:			
CITY:	STATE:	ZIP CODE:	
CONTRACT AWARD DA CONTRACT EXPIRATIO			
CONTRACT VALUE: \$			TIN: SIC:
DESCRIPTION OF REQU	JIREMENT (	Title):	
	I	RATINGS	
Summarize contractor perf to the rating for each rating time comments are limited to	g category. (S	ee attached Rating	
<b>QUALITY OF PRODUCT Comments:</b>	OR SERVIC	EE Rating:	012345
COST CONTROL		Rating:	012345

NIH Contractor Performance Report (c Comments:	ontinued)
TIMELINESS OF PERFORMANCE Comments:	Rating: 012345
BUSINESS RELATIONS Comments:	Rating: 012345
SUBC	ONTRACTS
Are subcontracts involved? Yes No (Ci Comments (Please comment on those subconsignificant contribution to overall contract pe	ntractors that have provided a
KEY PI	ERSONNEL
PROJECT MANAGER/PRINCIPAL INV. Comments:	ESTIGATOR (name):
KEY PERSON (name): Comments:	
KEY PERSON (name): Comments:	

CUSTOMER SATISFACTION		
Is/was the contractor committed to customer satisfaction?  (Circle one)  If this is the Final Report:  Would you recommend selection of this firm again?  (Circle one)  Comments:		
PROJECT OFFICER (name): SIGNATURE: Phone: FAX: Internet Address: Date:  CONTRACTING OFFICER CONCURRENCE:(Initial) Date:	_	
CONTRACTOR'S REPRESENTATIVE (name): Phone: FAX: Internet Address: SIGNATURE:		
SUMMARY RATINGS:		
QUALITY: COST CONTROL:		
TIMELINESS OF PERFORMANCE: BUSINESS RELATIONS:		
CONTRACTING OFFICER (name): SIGNATURE:		

Phone:	FAX:	
Internet Address: Date:		
(Circle one) (If yes: They are:	REVIEW: al, or additional information	provided? Yes No
	(Location)	(Phone))
Attached	(Ch	neck if attached)
Yes No (Circle one) (If yes: They are:	ents reviewed at a level above	e the contracting officer?
(Phone)	(Location)	
Attached	(Check if attached)	

### **RATING GUIDELINES**

Summ arize contractor perform ance in each of the rating areas. Assign each area a rating of 0 (Unsatisfactory), 1 (Poor), 2 (Fair), 3 (Good), 4 (Excellent), 5 (Outstanding). Use the following instructions as guidance in making these evaluations. Ensure that this assessment is consistent with any other Agency assessments made (i.e., for payment of fee purposes).

Criteria:	Quality of Product or Service	Cost Control	Timelines s of Performa nce	Business Relations
	Compliance with contract requiremen ts - Accuracy of reports - Effectivene ss of personnel - Technical excellence	- Record of forecasting and controlling target costs - Current, accurate and complete billings - Relationshi p of negotiated costs to actuals - Cost efficiencies	- Met interim milestones - Reliability - Responsive to technical direction - Completed on time including wrap-up and contract administrat ion - Met delivery schedules - No liquidated damages assessed	- Effective managemen t, including subcontract s - Reasonable/ cooperative behavior - Responsive to contract requiremen ts - Notification of problems - Flexibility - Pro-active vs reactive vs reactive - Effective small/sm all disadvantag ed business subcontract ing program

0 -	Nonconfor	Ability to	Delays are
0 - Unsatisfact ory	mances are	Ability to manage cost issues is	Delays are jeopar dizin g
	jeopar dizin g the achievemen t of	l ieopar dizin	g performanc e of contract
	contract requiremen	g performanc e of	contract requiremen ts, despite use of
	contract requiremen ts, despite use of	contract	use of Agency resources
	Agency resources	requiremen ts, despite use of Agency resources	resources
		resources	
İ			<b>i</b>

1 - Poor	Over all compliance requires major Agency resources to ensure achievemen t of contract requiremen ts	Ability to manage cost issues requires major Agency resources to ensure achievemen t of contract requiremen ts	Delays require major Agency resources to ensure achievemen t of contract requiremen ts

2 - Fair	Over all compliance requires minor Agency resources to ensure achievemen t of contract requiremen ts	Ability to control cost issues requires minor Agency resources to ensure achievemen t of contract requiremen ts	Delays require minor Agency resources to ensure achievemen t of contract requiremen ts

3 - Good	Overall compliance does not impact achievemen t of contract requiremen ts	Manageme nt of cost issues does not impact achievemen t of contract requiremen ts	Delays do not impact achievemen t of contract requiremen ts

4 - Excellent	There are no quality problems	There are no cost manageme nt issues	There are no delays
	to a bas dom opstuated on ou tota		

<sup>5 -</sup> Outstanding The contractor has demonstrated an outstanding performance level in

any of the above four categories that justifies adding a point to the score. It is expected that this rating will be used in those rare circumstances when contractor performance clearly exceeds the performance levels described as "Excellent."

# NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH CONTRACTOR PERFORMANCE REPORT INSTRUCTIONS

### TOP SECTION

- 1. Check the appropriate block to indicate the type of report (Interim, Final). The final evaluation of the contractor's performance will satisfy the reporting requirement stipulated in HHSAR 342.7002 (c) (2) (iv).
- 2. Indicate the period covered by the report.
- 3. List the name of the contracting officer. Identify the contracting officer's Institute and the location of the contracting office.
- 4. Identify the contract number of the contract being evaluated. Enter Task No. if applicable.
- 5. List the name and address of the contractor.
- 6. Enter TIN and SIC.
- 7. Indicate the contract award date and contract expiration date.
- 8. State the contract value, including any option amounts.
- 9. Provide a brief description of the work being performed under the contract (the title of the contract).

### **RATINGS**

Using the rating guideline, assign each area a rating of 0 (unsatisfactory), 1 (poor), 2 (fair), 3 (good), 4 (excellent), or 5 (outstanding). Provide a brief narrative (2000 characters or less) for each of the categories to support the rating assigned. The categories are: quality of product or service, cost control, timeliness of performance, and business relations.

### **SUBCONTRACTORS**

Indicate whether subcontracts are/were involved. Briefly summarize (2000 characters or less) the performance of any subcontractors that have major responsibilities under the contract or are required to perform a significant part of the contract requirement. This space may also be used to evaluate a prime contractor's management of a subcontractor.

### **KEY PERSONNEL**

List the name of the principal investigator (required) and the names of two other key personnel (optional). Briefly describe the performance of the key personnel listed. (2000 characters or less)

### **CUSTOMER SATISFACTION**

Circle the appropriate answer to indicate whether the contractor was committed to customer satisfaction. For the final report, indicate whether you would recommend selection of the firm again.

### PROJECT OFFICER SIGNATURE

The Project Officer signs this block.

### CONTRACTING OFFICER CONCURRENCE

The Contracting Officer initials this block, indicating concurrence with the initial rating.

### CONTRACTOR'S REPRESENTATIVE

The Contractor signs this next block, indicating review of the rating.

### SUMMARY RATINGS

Indicate the rating given for each of the rating categories: quality of goods or services, cost control, timeliness of performance, and business relations.

### **CONTRACTING OFFICER SIGNATURE**

The contracting officer signs the report when all actions are completed. If changes were made to the ratings or the narrative during the rebuttal process, a copy of the report, as revised, shall be promptly furnished to the contractor.

### **CONTRACTOR'S REVIEW**

Indicate whether the contractor submitted a rebuttal or comments. Attach a copy of the contractor's rebuttal to this report, or indicate its location, if filed separately.

### **AGENCY REVIEW**

If the contracting officer and the contractor are unable to agree on a final rating, the matter is to be referred to an individual one level above the contracting officer. Attach a copy of the agency's decision to this report, or indicate its location, if filed separately.

### ATT ACHMENT 7

CONTRACTOR EVALUATI ON FORM

## National Institutes of Health

### CONTRACTOR PERFORMANCE REPORT

FINAL REPORT	INTERIM <u>REPO</u> RT	(Check
one)		,

**REPORTING PERIOD:** (from) (to)

**CONTRACTING OFFICE** (Location):

**CONTRACT NUMBER: TASK NO:** 

**CONTRACTOR NAME:** ADDRESS:

CITY: **STATE: ZIP CODE:** 

**CONTRACT AWARD DATE: CONTRACT EXPIRATION DATE:** 

TIN: CONTRACT VALUE: \$

**DESCRIPTION OF REQUIREMENT** (Title):

Summarize contractor performance and circle the number which corresponds to the rating for each rating category. (See attached Rating Guidelines) At this time comments are limited to 2000 characters.

**QUALITY OF PRODUCT OR SERVICE** Rating: 012 345

**Comments:** 

COST CONTROL 0 1 2 3 4 5 **Rating:** 

**Comments:** 

TIMELINESS OF PERFORMANCE **Rating:** 

012345 **Comments:** 

**BUSINESS RELATIONS** 

Rating: 012345

**Comments:** 

### SUBCONTRACTS

Are subcontracts involved? Yes No (Circle one) **Comments** (*Please comment on those subcontractors that have provided a* significant contribution to overall contract performance.)

KEY PERSON	NEL
PROJECT MANAGER/PRINCIPAL INVESCOMMENTS:	STIGATOR (name):
KEY PERSON (name): Comments:	
KEY PERSON (name): Comments:	
CUSTOMER SATIS	FACTION
Is/was the contractor committed to customer	satisfaction? Yes No
(Circle one) If this is the Final Report:	this firm again? Yes No
SIGNATURE: FAX: Internet Address:	
SIGNATURE: Phone: Internet Address: Date:  CONTRACTING OFFICER CONCURREN	ICE:(Initial)
Internet Address: Date:  CONTRACTING OFFICER CONCURREN Date:  CONTRACTOR'S REPRESENTATI Phone: FAX: Internet Address:	
SIGNATURE: Phone: Internet Address: Date:  CONTRACTING OFFICER CONCURREN Date:  CONTRACTOR'S REPRESENTATI Phone: FAX: Internet Address: SIGNATURE:	
SIGNATURE: Phone: Internet Address: Date:  CONTRACTING OFFICER CONCURREN Date:  CONTRACTOR'S REPRESENTATI Phone: FAX: Internet Address: SIGNATURE: SUMMARY RATINGS:	
SIGNATURE: Phone: Internet Address: Date:  CONTRACTING OFFICER CONCURREN Date:  CONTRACTOR'S REPRESENTATI Phone: FAX:	VE (name):  COST CONTROL:
SIGNATURE: Phone: Internet Address: Date:  CONTRACTING OFFICER CONCURREN Date:  CONTRACTOR'S REPRESENTATI Phone: FAX: Internet Address: SIGNATURE: SUMMARY RATINGS: QUALITY:  QUALITY:	VE (name):  COST CONTROL:  BUSINESS RELATIONS:

# CONTRACTOR'S REVIEW: Were comments, rebuttal, or additional information provided? Yes No (Circle one) (If yes: They are: On file in: (Location) (Check if attached) AGENCY REVIEW: Were contractor comments reviewed at a level above the contracting officer? Yes No (Circle one) (If yes: They are: On file in: (Location) (Phone))

(Check if attached)

**Internet Address:** 

Attached

### **RATING GUIDELINES**

Summarize contractor performance in each of the rating areas. Assign each area a rating of 0 (Unsatisfactory), 1 (Poor), 2 (Fair), 3 (Good), 4 (Excellent), 5 (Outstanding). Use the following instructions as guidance in making these evaluations. Ensure that this assessment is consistent with any other Agency assessments made (i.e., for payment of fee purposes).

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4 - Excelle nt	There are no quality proble ms	There are no cost manag ement issues	There are no delays	
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### 5 - Outstanding

The contractor has demonstrated an outstanding performance level in any of the above four categories that justifies adding a point to the score. It is expected that this rating will be used in those rare circumstances when contractor performance clearly exceeds the performance levels described as "Excellent."

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